

2024 Preliminary Summer Weather Outlook

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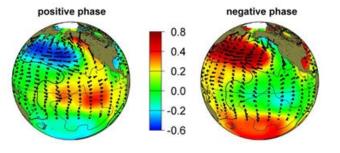
Summer Weatherization Workshop

El Niño/La Niña

2019	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.5
2020	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.0	-0.2	-0.4	-0.6	-0.9	-1.2	-1.3	-1.2
2021	-1.1	-0.9	-0.8	-0.7	-0.5	-0.4	-0.4	-0.5	-0.7	-0.8	-1.0	-1.0
2022	-1.0	-0.9	-1.0	-1.1	-1.0	-0.9	-0.8	-0.9	-1.0	-1.0	-0.9	-0.8
2023	-0.7	-0.4	-0.1	0.1	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.8	1.9	2.0
	DJF	JFM	FMA	МАМ	AMJ	CCM	ACC	JAS	ASO	SON	OND	NDJ

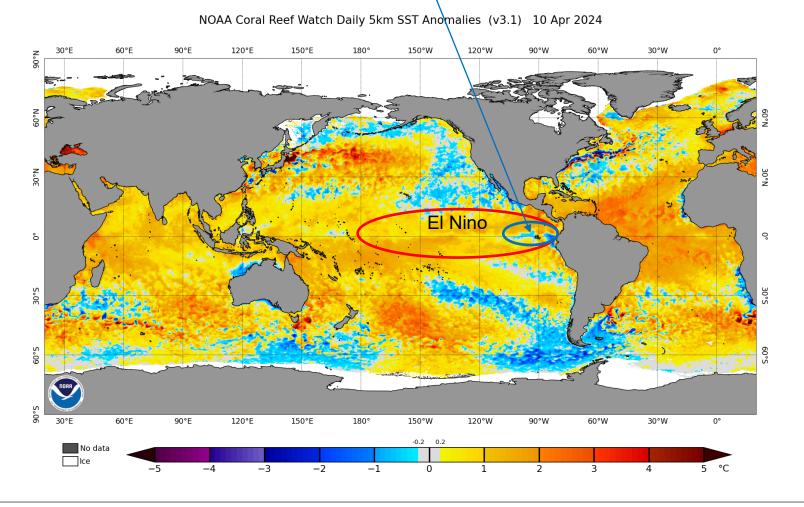
Sign of a decaying El Niño

Pacific Decadal Oscillation



- 2023: fast and aggressive turnover from prolonged La Niña to strong El Niño
- 2024: return to La Niña is expect by summer or fall (summer lean)
- A negative PDO better supports La Niña
- La Niña supports drought in Texas, drought supports summer heat

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El Niño/La Niña

- 8 historical strong El Niño events prior to 2023-24
- 5 became a La Niña no later than ASO (most by mid-to-late-summer)
- Only 1 returned to a second year of El Nino
- 4 historical very strong El Niño events (+2.0 or greater); ALL 4 transitioned to a La Niña later in the year

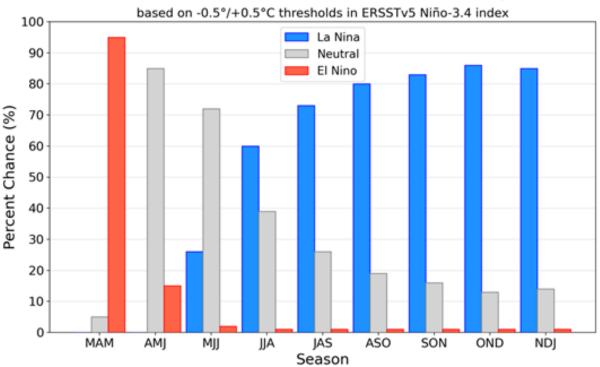
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2023-24: +2.0°, ?
2015-16: +2.6°, La Niña by JAS (25<sup>th</sup> hottest summer)
2009-10: +1.6°, La Niña by JJA (14<sup>th</sup>)
1997-98: +2.3°, La Niña by JJA (4<sup>th</sup>)
1991-92: +1.6°, Neutral by JJA (117<sup>th</sup> Mt Pinatubo)
1982-83: +2.2°, La Niña by ASO (87<sup>th</sup>)
1972-73: +2.1°, La Niña by AMJ (119<sup>th</sup>)
1965-66: +1.7°, Neutral by AMJ (101<sup>st</sup>)
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1957-58: +1.8°, Neutral by JAS (then a return to El Niño heading into a second winter) (30th)



Anything prior to 1998 is potentially a poor reference due to AMO and other climate trends

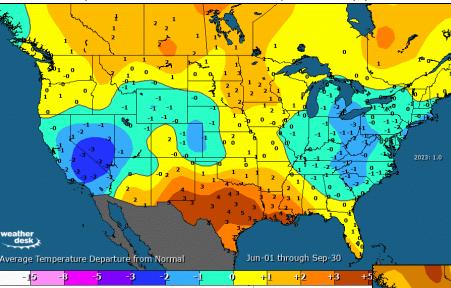
Official NOAA CPC ENSO Probabilities (issued Apr. 2024)



Summer 2023 Review

- June-September 2023 was the second hottest on record for the state of Texas – pushing 2022 down to third. 2011 remains the hottest summer (POR 1895-current)
- July-September 2023 was the hottest on record, easily breaking 2011's record
- Summer 2023 was the 8th driest on record. 2011 was the 1st driest. Summer 2023 ranks as the 2nd driest since 1956
- Last year, Texas went from the 80th driest April-June (2023) period to a very hot (#2) and dry (#7) summer (June-August)
 - 2011, 2022, and 1998 (the other three top 4 hottest summers) were all preceded by top 7 driest April-June periods
 - A dry spring is typically a good indicator of a hot summer (2023 was not a dry spring)





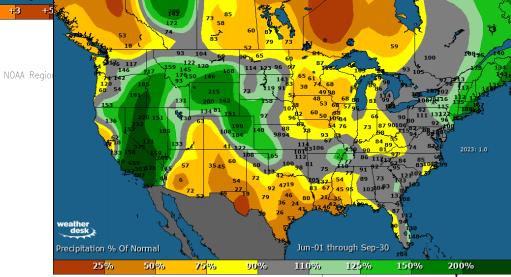
Generated 9/20/2023 at HPRCC using provisional data.

1	2011	-6.82"
2	1956	-6.59"
3	1954	-5.32"
4	1952	-4.77"
5	1934	-4.41"
6	1910	-4.32"
7	1930	-4.15"
8	2023	-4.11"
9	1947	-4.04"
10	1917	-3.93"

1	2023	84.6°
2	2011	84.4°
3	2022	83.1°
4	1998	83.0°
5	1980	82.5°
6	1954	82.3°
7	2019	82.3°
8	1934	82.2°
9	1911	82.0°
10	2018	81.9°

5 of the 10 hottest summers in Texas Have occurred since 2011

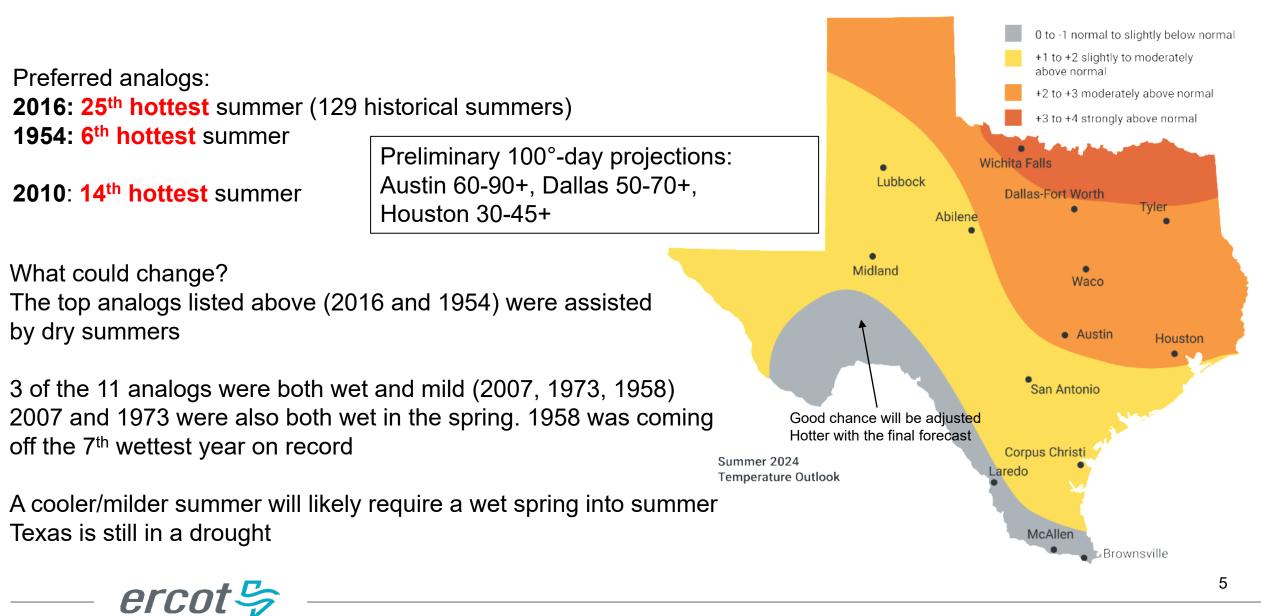
Percent of Normal Precipitation (%)





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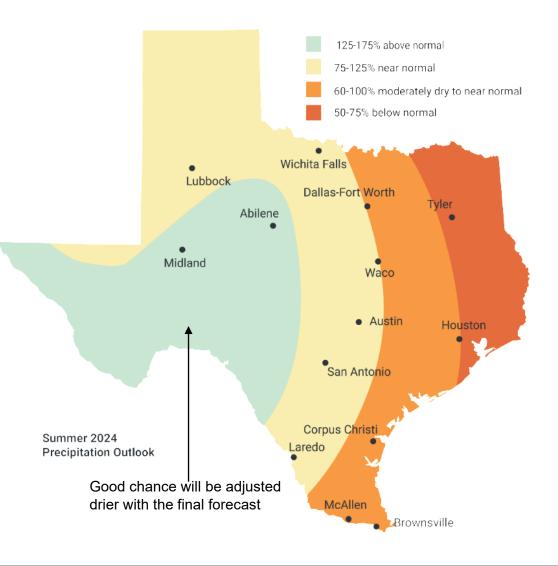
Preliminary 2024 Summer Temperature Outlook



As with the temperature outlook, rainfall is relying heavily on the historical matches (analogs) of 2016, 2010, and 1954

Most of Texas is forecasted to see normal to below normal rainfall this summer

West Texas may trend drier. South Texas may trend wetter (especially with a tropical influence)

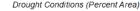


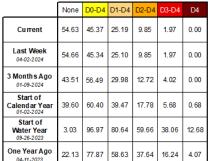


Drought Update

U.S. Drought Monitor Texas

April 9, 2024 (Released Thursday, Apr. 11, 2024) Valid 8 a.m. EDT



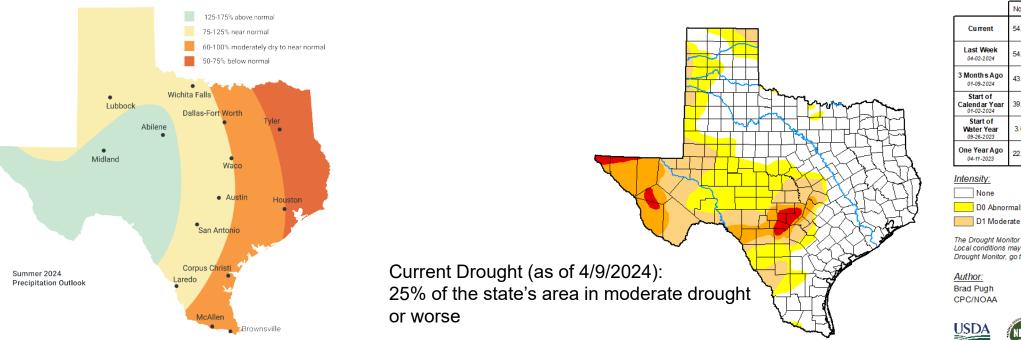




The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.asp



droughtmonitor.unl.edu



The Palmer Drought Severity Index ranks the drought as the 28th worst at this point in the year (1895-current, 129 years) -- worse than the drought monitor map might suggest

While winter precipitation was above normal (6.13"), that's the driest season climatologically in Texas (6.13" is below normal for any non-winter season)

With a transition back to a La Nina, increasing drought is a real possibility this summer



Preliminary 2024 Hurricane Season Forecast

	# named storms	# hurricane	es # of major	hurricane
2016	15	7	4	
2010	19	12	5	
2007	15	6	2	
2005	28	15	7	
2003	16	7	3	
1973	8	4	1	
1964	13	7	5	
1958	12	7	3	
1954	16	7	3	
1953	14	7	3	
1952	11	5	2	
Average	15.18	7.64	3.45	
30-year norma	14	7	3	
1991-2020				

gulf		texas		
named storms		named storms		
4		C		
6		1		
6		1		
11		0		
6		3		
2		1		
4		1		
3		3		
5		1		
4		(
1		(
4.73		1.00		

าร	Forecast:
0 1	18-22+ named storms
1 0 3 1	7-12 hurricanes
3 1	3-6 major hurricanes
1 3 1 0	4-6 named storms in the Gulf of Mexico
00	Better-than-average chance for a Texas landfall



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High confidence in more total named storms in the Atlantic Basin than the 30-year normal

La Niña better supports an active season than does El Niño – though 2023 (El Niño) was active (20 total named storms -- 4th most but most steered out into the Atlantic, 7 hurricanes, 3 major hurricanes

Questions?



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