

2022 RTP Off-Peak Sensitivity Analysis

Craig Wolf and Julie Snitman

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Introduction

NERC Reliability Standard TPL-001 requires sensitivity analysis to be performed

□ The 2022 RTP on-peak sensitivity was presented at the May RPG meeting¹

- The focus of the 2022 RTP off-peak sensitivity analysis is to evaluate the impact of renewables on the ERCOT grid given the rapid development of renewable resources and increased penetration levels
- Both historical and 2022 RTP Economic Analysis data are used to aid in the development of this sensitivity
- Historical data from more recent years (2021, 2022) is used to reflect technology advancements and increased solar development



1: https://www.ercot.com/files/docs/2022/05/16/2022 RTP_Winter_Peak_Sensitivity_Analysis_Assumptions.pdf

Overview

High Renewable Light Load (HRLL) off-peak sensitivity
Study Year: 2025

All stability limits used in the 2022 RTP will be respected¹
Wind and solar generation may be scaled to accomplish this

ERCOT critical inertia levels will be respected²
Wind and solar generation may be scaled to accomplish this

Wind and solar generation will not be curtailed to resolve thermal and voltage violations

This is to identify potential needs to accommodate the assumed level of renewable generation



High Renewable Light Load Off-Peak Sensitivity Case

□Top 20 Hour Selection





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Solar and Wind Dispatch Levels

□ Solar and Wind Dispatch:

- Utilized the average hourly capacity output % of the Top 20 hours
 - Wind evaluated by region: Coastal, Panhandle, Other
- Results in 18,032 MW of solar generation
- Results in 30,468 MW of wind generation
- Output may be scaled lower to maintain 2022 RTP stability limits and critical inertia

Resource - Region	Capacity Output %
Coastal Wind	68.46%
Panhandle Wind	87.29%
Other Wind	75.94%
Solar	78.05%



Hydro Dispatch and DC Tie Import/Export

Hydro Dispatch:

- Reviewed historical output during the Top 20 hours
- Results in 29 MW of Hydro generation

DC Tie Import/Export:

- Reviewed historical output during the Top 20 hours
- DC East: 0 MW
- DC North: 0 MW
- DC Laredo: 100 MW Export
- DC Railroad: 0 MW





Based on 2022 RTP Economic Analysis data

- Pulled 8760 data from the 2024 Economic Analysis case
- Removed hours with an un-curtailed wind or solar capacity output of less than 50%
- Ranked all remaining hours by un-curtailed renewable penetration
- Calculated the average load of the resulting top 20 hours
- Results in 52,452 MW of load



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Questions?

Craig.Wolf@ercot.com

Ping.Yan@ercot.com



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