### **IEEE 2800-2022**

Standard for Interconnection and Interoperability of IBR Interconnecting with Transmission Systems

## ERCOT Inverter-Based Resources Task Force (IBRTF)

Jens Boemer, EPRI IEEE P2800 Working Group Chair

Remotely from Seattle, WA March 18, 2022

**Classification: Public** 



### **Acknowledgements and Disclaimers**

- The views presented in this presentation are the personal views of the individuals presenting it and shall not be considered the official position of the IEEE Standards Association or any of its committees and shall not be considered to be, nor be relied upon as, a formal position of IEEE, in accordance with IEEE Standards Association Standards Board Bylaws 5.2.1.6.
- Some content presented here is based on an approved but unpublished proposed IEEE Standard (e.g., IEEE 2800-2022) or an unapproved proposed IEEE Standard (e.g., IEEE P2800.2). As such, the documents are subject to change, any draft requirements and figures shown in this presentation may change.
- All comments provided reflect only the view of the EPRI technical experts performing the review and do not necessarily
  reflect the opinions of those supporting and working with EPRI to conduct collaborative research and development.
- EPRI conducts research and development relating to the generation, delivery, and use of electricity for the benefit of the public. EPRI does not provide recommendations or regulatory advice related to the contents of this presentation.
- Part of this work was supported in part by the National Renewable Energy Laboratory, operated by Alliance for Sustainable Energy, LLC, for the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) under Contract No. DE-AC36-08GO28308. Funding provided by U.S. Department of Energy Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Solar Energy Technologies Office and Wind Energy Technologies Office.
- Part of this work is supported by the U.S. Department of Energy, Solar Energy Technologies Office under Award Number DE-EE0009019 Adaptive Protection and Validated MODels to Enable Deployment of High Penetrations of Solar PV (PV-MOD).
- The views expressed in the presentation do not necessarily represent the views of the **DOE or the U.S. Government**.

### **Reliability Issues with IBR**

### Several IBR-based system disturbances have and continue to occur:

- August 2016 Blue Cut Fire Disturbance
- October 2017 Canyon 2 Fire Disturbance
- April and May 2018 Angeles Forest & Palmdale Roost Disturbances
- July 2020 San Fernando Disturbance
- May and June 2021 Odessa, TX Disturbances

#### **Disturbance Analyses and Guidelines**

- Detailed Analysis of IBR-Based disturbances
- Two Level 2 NERC Alerts Issued with industry recommendations
- Reliability Guideline for BPS-connected IBR resources
- Odessa Disturbance recommendations call for more than guidelines



### Paradigm shift towards the "Good Citizen"

#### **Example Reliability Solutions**

- Grid Related Solutions
  - Transmission upgrades
  - Innovative transmission assets
- IBR Related Solutions
  - IBR capability requirements for new plants
  - Curtailment of IBR output
  - Retrofits of existing IBR plants
    - Software patches
    - Hardware retrofits

#### **Cost allocation**

Last resource tends to bear costs



Status Quo: Integration of capability often subject to service agreement

Integrating a minimum set of IBR capability from the day of plant commissioning allows for many IBR plants to share the burden and opportunities of a potential future utilization of that capability.

EPCI



### **Difference between IBR Capability and Utilization**

#### Capability: "Ability to Perform"

- Functions & controls
- Ranges of available settings
- Minimum performance specifications



#### <u>Examples</u>

0

- Frequency Response
  - Primary Frequency Response
  - Fast Frequency Response
  - Ramp rate limitations
  - Ride-Through
    - Voltage ride-through
    - Consecutive voltage ride-through
    - Frequency ride-through
    - ROCOF ride-through
    - Phase angle jump ride-through
- Voltage Support
  - Steady state voltage control
  - Dynamic reactive power
  - (Un-)balanced current injection during ride-through

## Enable/disable functions Functional settings / configured parameters

**Utilization of Capability:** 

"Delivery of Performance"

Operate accordingly (e.g., maintain headroom, if applicable)

#### Examples







#### Common Ground: IEEE 2800-2022

- Harmonizes technical minimum capability for Large Solar, Wind, and Storage Plants at the time of interconnection, including those connected via VSC-HVDC like offshore wind
  - Could create a "level playing field" for IBR developers, if adopted
- A consensus-based, voluntary IEEE performance standard
  - Developed by over 175 working group participants from transmission owners, OEMs, developers, and consultants
  - Successfully passed the industry peer review by 466
     IEEE SA balloters (>94% approval, >90% response rate)

~200	0™/D6.3	(December 2	2021)
Draf	Standa	rd for Interco	nnection and
nter	operabil	ity of Inverter	-Based
Reso	, ources Ir	terconnectin	a with
Δeer	ciated T	ransmission	Systems
Committe If the EEE Pow	e, and the Power er and Energy Sc	System Relaying Committe	0
Version	Date	Editors	Comments
Draft 6.3	12/2/2021 and 12/14/2021	Jens C. Boerner (Chair) Manish Patel (Vice-Chair) With contributions from other Vice-Chairs and SG- Leads	Draft 6.3 for IEEE SA 3rd and 4th Recirculation. 3 <sup>rd</sup> Recirculation Results: • Approvals: 373 (94%) • Disapprovals: 373 (94%) • Disapprovals: 20 (95%) • Disapprovals: 20 (95%) • Return Ballots: 420 (95%) • Total Comments: 20 Total Baltoters: 466
Draft 6.2	10/21/2021	Jens C. Boerner (Chair) Manish Patel (Vice-Chair) With contributions from other Vice-Chairs and SG- Leads	Draft 6.2 for IEEE SA 2 <sup>nd</sup> Recirculation. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Recirculation Results: • Approvals: 369 (94%) • Disapprovals: 23 (5%) • Disapprovals without

Latest draft is available from IEEE at <u>https://standards.ieee.org/project/</u> 2800.html

Approved in January 2022, publication in April/May 2022

#### More Info at <a href="https://sagroups.ieee.org/2800/">https://sagroups.ieee.org/2800/</a>

### **IEEE Standards Classification and Consensus Building**



EPRI



### **Diversity of Stakeholder Contributions**



## Broad Collaboration & Coordination within IEEE



- IEEE/PES/EDPG Main Sponsor
- IEEE/PES/EMC & PSRC Joint Sponsors
- HVDC-VSC <u>Subject Matter Experts</u>
- IEEE/PES/Substations Committee SMEs
- IEEE/PES/Analytic Methods for Power Systems (AMPS) SMEs
- NERC Inverter-Based Resources Performance WG SMEs
   IEEE

### Applicable Resources in Scope of IEEE 2800-2022



#### IEEE 2800-2022 Test and Verification Methods



#### IEEE 2800-2022 requires IBR <u>plant-level</u> conformity **>** more than just IBR unit conformity

Modified based on DER Plant-Level Performance Verification and Commissioning Guideline: First Edition. Technical Update. EPRI. Palo Alto, CA: December 2020. 3002019420

### Anticipated Timeline, and What Comes Next?



\*Project authorization request (PAR) approved by NesCom on May 21, 2021 (<u>https://development.standards.ieee.org/myproject-web/app#viewpar/12623/9133</u>); contact <u>andy.hoke@nrel.gov</u> and sign up for P2800.2 Working Group and Task/Project on IEEE SA myProject at <u>https://development.standards.ieee.org/myproject-web/app#interests</u>

Now that IEEE 2800-2022 has been successfully approved, entities can start adopting the standard and the drafting of conformance procedures commences in projects like IEEE P2800.2 and P2882.



#### How IEEE P2800 May Complement North American Electric Reliability Standards & Guidelines



When adopted by the appropriate authority (e.g., Transmission Owners, NERC, FERC), IEEE standards become mandatory

EPRI

### Some Thoughts on IEEE 2800-2022 Adoption

- Transmission Owners / Planners may play a key role
  - Gap assessment, improvement of existing requirements, preferably "full adoption" of IEEE 2800
- Adoption may <u>not</u> be contingent on publication of IEEE P2800.2 Draft Recommended Practice for Test and Verification Procedures
  - Determine reasonable interconnection application enforcement date, grandfathering
- Opportunities for further improvements of interconnection process
  - Potential implications for FERC Large-Scale Generators Interconnection Process (LGIP) and pro-forma Agreement (LGIA), e.g., reference for "good utility practice"





### Possible IEEE 2800-2022 Adoption Methods

## General Reference



- Full adoption of standard by general <u>reference</u>
- Specification of
  - technical minimum capability per IEEE 2800-2022
  - functional settings/ performance (in ranges of available settings)
- Decision whether to specify additional requirements or not
  - e.g., for non-exhaustive reqs.



- Full or partial adoption of std
- Clause-by-clause <u>references</u>
- Any additional requirements

**Benefit:** Consistency to standard

**Risk:** Fragmentation of requirements, certification challenges, additional costs



- All on the left
- Clause-by-clause <u>own language</u>
- Any additional requirements

#### Benefit: No need to buy standard

**Risk:** Inconsistencies to standard and fragmentation of requirements, certification challenges, additional costs

EPC

#### Preliminary High-Level Gap Assessment of ERCOT Nodal Protocols

Legend: X Prohibited, V Allowed by Mutual Agreement, ‡ Capability Required, (‡) Procedural Step Required as specified, Δ Test and Verification Defined

Function Set	Advanced Functions Capability	ERCOT Nodal Protocols	IEEE 2800-2022
Conoral	Adjustability in Ranges of Available Settings		+
General	Prioritization of Functions	+	+
	Ramp Rate Control		
	Communication Interface	+	+
Monitoring, Control, and Scheduling	Disable Permit Service (Remote Shut-Off, Remote Disconnect/Reconnect)	+	+
	Limit Active Power	<b>‡</b>	‡
	Monitor Key Data	<b>‡</b>	‡
	Remote Configurability		٧
	Set Active Power	<b>‡</b>	v
	Scheduling Power Values	<b>‡</b>	V
Reactive Power & (Dynamic) Voltage Support	Constant Power Factor	‡	‡
	Voltage-Reactive Power (Volt-Var)	<b>‡</b>	‡
	Autonomously Adjustable Voltage Reference	?	
	Capability at zero active power ("VArs at night")	NR	+
	Active Power-Reactive Power (Watt-Var)		
	Constant Reactive Power	NR	+
	Voltage-Active Power (Volt-Watt)	NR	
	Dynamic Voltage Support / Balanced	<b>‡</b>	<b>‡</b>
	Current Injection during VRT Unbalanced	NR	<b>‡</b>

Function Set	Advanced Functions Capability	ERCOT Nodal Protocols	IEEE 2800-2022
Bulk System Reliability	Frequency Ride-Through (FRT	) ‡	‡
	Rate-of-Change-of-Frequency (ROCOF) Ride-Throug	n NR	+
	Voltage Ride-Through (VRT	) ‡	‡
	Transient Overvoltage Ride-Throug	า 🗸	<b>‡</b>
	Consecutive Voltage Dip Ride-Throug	n NR	<b>‡</b>
&	Voltage Phase Angle Jump Ride-Throug	n NR	‡
Frequency Support	Frequency Droop / Frequency-Wat	t <b>‡</b>	‡
	Fast Frequency Response / Underfrequency FFI	₹ <u></u>	‡
	Inertial Response Overfrequency FFI	R NR	٧
	Return to Service (Enter Service	) ?	+
	Black Star	t NR	٧
	Abnormal Frequency Tri	ס	٧
Protection	Rate of Change of Frequency (ROCOF) Protection	n	٧
Functions and Coordination	Abnormal Voltage Tri	ס	v
	AC Overcurrent Protection	า	٧
	Unintentional Islanding Detection and Tri	D	V
	Interconnection System Protection	า	٧
	Limitation of DC Current Injection	า	
Power Quality	imitation of Voltage Fluctuation	5	ŧ
	Limitation of Current Distortion	า	<b>‡</b>
	Limitation of Voltage Distortion	า	V
	Limitation of (Transient) Overvoltage	2	‡

Acknowledgements for contributions and peer-review: Julia Matevosyan (ESIG)

#### IEEE 2800-2022 Technical Minimum Capability Requirements





# Example: Voltage Ride-Through Performance Requirements for Current Injection during VRT



## Continuous and Iterative Improvement of IBR Performance Requirements, Plant-Level Modeling, and Model Validation



EPCI

Continuation Plant-Level Model Development, Improvement, and Validation of Inverter-Based Resources





This work is, in part, supported by the U.S. Department of Energy, Solar Energy Technologies Office under Award Number DE-EE0009019 Adaptive Protection and Validated MODels to Enable Deployment of High Penetrations of Solar PV (PV-MOD). NERC

This work is, in part, supported by the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) under EPRI contract 20011165 *Inverter-Based Resources Dynamic Response Characterization for Bulk Power System Protection, Planning, and Power Quality.* 



### **Next Steps**

- 1. Conduct detailed gap assessment of ERCOT Nodal Protocols
- 2. Discussions in stakeholder process
- 3. Adoption of IEEE 2800-2022?



#### **Contact:**

 Jens Boemer, Principal Technical Leader jboemer@epri.com | 206.471.1180

#### More Information:

- <u>https://sagroups.ieee.org/2800/</u>
- <u>https://sagroups.ieee.org/2800-2/</u>
- https://standards.ieee.org/ieee/2882/10401/
- <u>https://www.epri.com/pvmod</u>



#### Together...Shaping the Future of Energy™

### **IBR Models: Independent of simulation domain**



Application Examples: Interconnection Screens, Transmission Planning Studies

#### Application Examples: Interconnection / System Impact Studies

EPRI



#### Grid Codes and Generic Models May Always Lag Behind OEMs' Continuous Product Improvements



EPRI

 $\geq$ 

### IEEE P2800 Clause 12 (Test and Verification) Framework





### IEEE P2800.2 Motivation

- P2800 contains performance requirements for IBRs, and a <u>table of methods to verify</u> <u>each requirement</u>
  - Details of verification methods not included
- P2800.1 may contain those details, but P2800.1 is developed under the "Entity Method" where participation (voting) requires IEEE-SA Basic (Advanced) Corporate Membership

<b>P2800.2</b> will
develop details
through "individual
standard" process
(like P2800, 1547,
1547.1, etc)

Requirement	RPA at which requiremen t applies	IBR unit-level tests (at the POC)	-level tests IBR plant-level verifications (at the RPA) e POC)						
		Type tests <sup>157</sup>	Design evaluation (including modeling)	As-built installation evaluation	Commissioning tests	Post- commissioning model validation	Post- commissioni ng monitoring	Periodic tests	Periodic Verification
		Responsible Entity							
		IBR Manufacturer	Developer /TS owner/TS operator	Developer /TS owner/TS operator	Developer /TS owner/TS operator	Developer / IBR Operator /TS owner/TS operator	IBR Operator /TS owner/TS operator	IBR operator /TS owner/TS operator	IBR operator /TS owner/TS operator
6.1 Primary Frequency Response (PFR)	POC & POM	NR <sup>158</sup>	R	R	R	R	D	D	D
6.2 Fast Frequency Response (FFR)	POC & POM	R <sup>159</sup>	R	R	R	R	D	D	D
Clause 7 Response to TS abnormal conditions									
7.2.2 Voltage disturbance ride- through requirements	POC <sup>160</sup> & POM <sup>161</sup>	R	R	R	NR	R	R	D	D
7.2.3 Transient overvoltage ride- through requirements	POM	R	R	R	NR	R	R	D	D
7.3.2 Frequency disturbance ride-through requirements	POM	R	R	R	NR	R	R	D	D
7.4 Return to service after IBR plant trip	POM	refer to line entries for 4.10 (Enter service)							

## IEEE P2800.2 Introduction

- New IEEE <u>PAR for P2800.2 approved by IEEE SASB</u> on May 22, 2021
- Title: Recommended Practice for Test and Verification Procedures for Inverter-based Resources (IBRs) Interconnecting with Bulk Power Systems
- WG not formed yet
- Recruiting participation from P2800 WG, IRPWG, and industry in general
  - Especially need those with knowledge of best practices in designing, studying, interconnecting, commissioning, and operating large IBRs
  - Utilities, project developers, consultants, manufacturers, labs, etc
- P2800.2 WG will start as P2800 finishes (around Q4 2021)
- Express interest through IEEE MyProject, or contact andy.hoke@nrel.gov

EEE SA STANDARDS ASSOCIATION



#### P2800.2

- 4.2 Expected Date of submission of draft to the IEEE SA for Initial Standards Committee Bal Jun 2023
- 4.3 Projected Completion Date for Submittal to RevCom: Jan 2024

5.1 Approximate number of people expected to be actively involved in the development of this project: 150

5.2 Scope of proposed standard: This document defines recommended practices for test and verification procedures that should be used to confirm plant-level conformance of inverter-based resources (IBRs)

## How To Express interest in IEEE myProject?

- 1. On the <u>myProject<sup>™</sup> Home Screen</u>, click on Menu and then on "Manage Profile and Interests"
- 2. Click on the Interests tab, then on "Add Groups"
- 3. Find P2800.2 under PES/EDPG per screenshot excerpts below
- 4. Click bullets under "Groups I Am Interested In" and follow instructions on screen

Group	Name	Committee	Group Type	Groups I Am Interested In
IEE	E Nuclear and Plasma Sciences Society	NPS	Society	
IEE	E Nanotechnology Council	NTC	Society	
- IEE	E Power and Energy Society	PE	Society	
+	Analytic Methods for Power Systems 0	PE/AMPS	Standards Committee	0
_	Energy Development & Power Generation 1	PE/EDPG	Standards Committee	0
+	Project Administration <b>1</b>	PE/EDPG/ADMIN	Working Group	0
		111		$\frown$
	P2800.2 - Test and Verification of BPS- connected Inverter-Based Resources ①	PE/EDPG/P2800.2 - T&V of BPS- connected IBRs	Working Group	•
	Recommended Practice for Test and Verification Procedures for Inverter- based Resources (IBRs) Interconnecting with Bulk Power Systems ①	PE/EDPG/P2800.2 - T&V of BPS- connected IBRs/2800.2	Project/Task Group	•



## To get involved in IEEE P2800.2:

- Sign up for listserv to receive future meeting notices by sending an email to <u>listserv@listserv.ieee.org</u>
  - In first line of email body, write: SUBSCRIBE p28002 Your Name
  - For example, "SUBSCRIBE P2800 -2 Andy Hoke"
- In addition, each subgroup will have a Listserv to announce its meetings
  - Details to be announced
- To join Working Group:
  - If you attended 1/18/2022 kickoff meeting, email Manish Patel: <u>Mpatel@southernco.com</u>; CC <u>Andy.Hoke@nrel.gov</u>
  - If not, attend two future meetings and request membership
- Public website (to be populated with more information soon)
  - https://sagroups.ieee.org/2800-2/



