

#### Delaware Basin Load Integration Study – Final Update

**ERCOT Transmission Planning** 

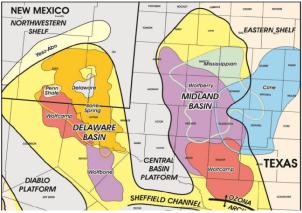
Regional Planning Group December 17, 2019

### Outline

- Motivation and Purpose
- Study Assumptions and Methodology
- Study Results and Recommendation



## Motivation and Purpose of Delaware Basin Study



- Motivation:
  - The Far West Weather Zone, especially in the Delaware Basin area with significant oil and natural gas load, has had the highest peak demand growth rate percentage in the ERCOT region in recent years
  - Ensuring that the transmission improvements are in place in time to serve the load has been a challenge
  - Oil and gas customers do not typically provide financial commitment for new load additions more than one to two years in advance. However, major transmission improvements (e.g. new 345-kV lines) can take more than five years to complete



## Motivation and Purpose of Delaware Basin Study

- Purpose:
  - To perform higher-than-committed load growth studies to identify cost-effective bulk power system upgrades that may be necessary if load in the Delaware Basin continues to increase at rapid pace through 2024
  - To identify long lead time transmission improvements to reliably serve the assumed load



## **Study Progress Overview**

ERCOT worked with stakeholders to develop the study scope (January 2019)

TSPs provided higher-than-committed load addition (May 2019 RPG)

ERCOT conducted reliability study and provided status updates to TSPs and RPG (May ~ December 2019)

Delaware Basin Load Projection for Year 2024			
2019 Regional Transmission Plan (based on Planning Guide Section 3.1.7)	2,688 MW		
Delaware Basin Study (include higher than committed load)	5,372 MW		



# **Study Assumptions**

- Solar generation resources were assumed to be offline in the Delaware Basin area
- TSPs provided upgrades and new circuits (if there were no existing transmission facilities in the area) to interconnect the projected load additions
- The focus of the study was on steady state analysis to identify long lead time transmission improvements needed to reliably serve the assumed load

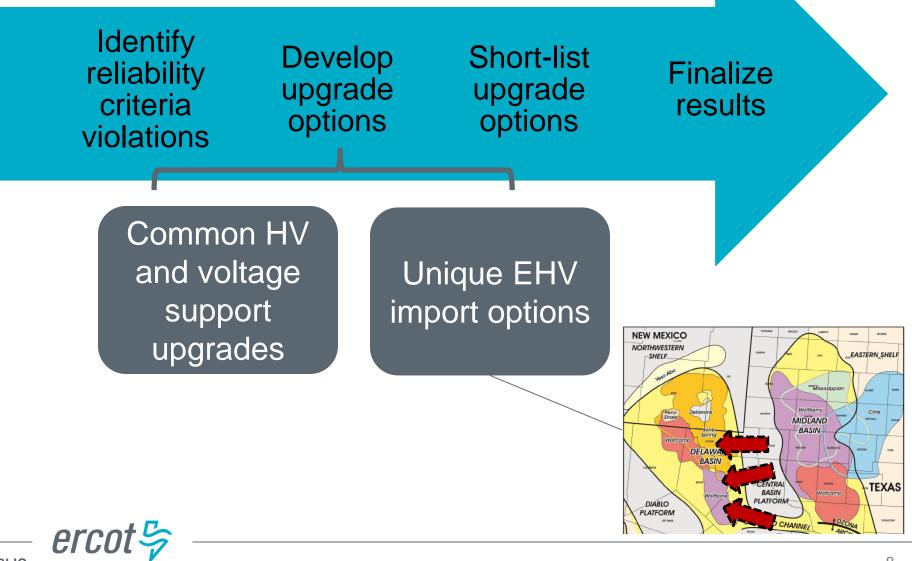


# Study Methodology

Types of Upgrades Considered	Comment
Long lead time Extra High Voltage circuits (e.g. new 345-kV lines)	This was the focus of the analysis
Existing 345-kV line upgrades	Included in the analysis
New 138-kV lines	Included in the analysis, but not optimized
Existing 138-kV and 69-kV line upgrades	Included in the analysis, but not optimized
Voltages support devices, static and dynamic	Included in the analysis, but stability analysis was not performed to optimize



# **Study Methodology**

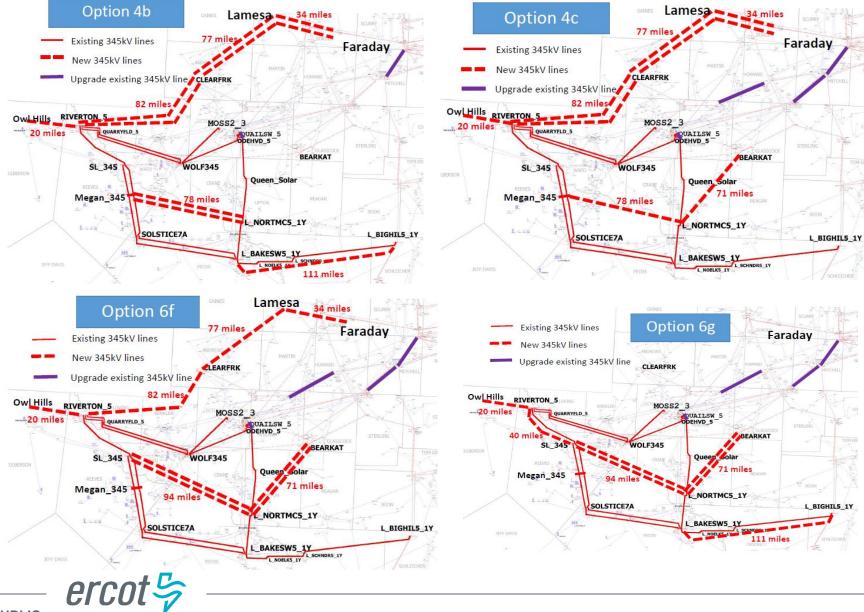


## **Summary of the Import Options**

- More than ten import options were initially identified to reliably serve the projected Delaware Basin load under normal and tested N-1 conditions. These options are mainly composed of the following components:
  - New 345-kV, 765-kV, or HVDC circuits
  - Upgrade existing 345-kV circuits
  - Add 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit on the existing tower structure
- Four short-listed import options were selected based on G-1+N-1, X-1+N-1, and N-1-1 reliability tests
- Options Maps were provided in the Appendix



#### Four short-listed import options



## Four short-listed import options

• 345-kV transmission improvement details

Import Options		<b>4c</b>	6f	6g
	Miles	Miles	Miles	Miles
Upgrade Existing 345-kV Ckts	22	107	107	107
Add 2nd 345-kV Ckts on the existing structures	111			151
New 345-kV Double Ckts		193	164	164
New 345-kV Single Ckt (on double circuit structures)	20	169	213	20
Total	425	469	485	443



# **Common Upgrades**

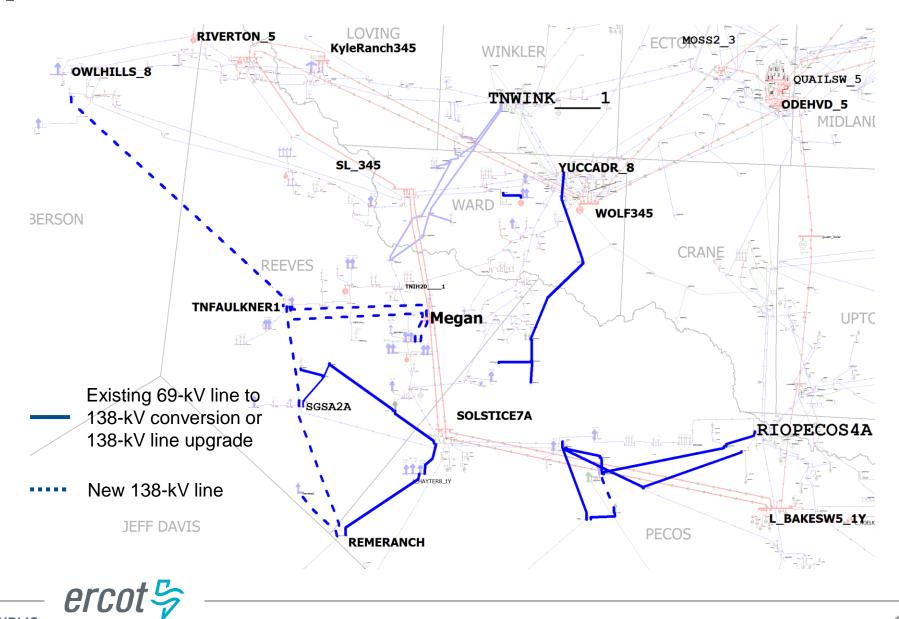
 Common upgrades were identified to reliably support the load additions and were included in all four short listed import options

Common Upgrade	Unit
New 345/138-kV transformer	8
Add new circuits (138-kV)	120 miles
Circuit Conversion and Upgrade (69-kV and	
138-kV)	196 miles
Reactive Support Needs (1)	~1800 MVAR

(1) A stability analysis will be needed to determine the actual reactive support needs in terms of size, location, and technology.

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## Map of the Common 69-kV and 138-kV Upgrades



## **Options Comparison: Load Serving Capability, Congestion Analysis, and Cost Estimates**

Option	New ROW (miles)	Delaware Basin Load Serving Capability (1) (MW)	Production Cost Difference (2) (\$M)	Cost Estimates (3) (\$M)
4b	291	5,982	0.4	753 (4)
4c	362	6,062	3.1	816 (4)
6f	378	6,042	3.1	873 (4)
6g	185	5,722	Reference	618

1) Performed under N-1 from a steady-state voltage stability perspective. Does not include G-1+N-1, X-1+N-1, or N-1-1 limitations. Common upgrades were included in the study cases.

2) Using 2019 RTP 2024 economic case.

3) These cost estimates are based on TSP's preliminary estimate and subject to further review and updates. These cost estimates only include the 345-kV transmission upgrades/additions.

4) Riverton station may not be feasible to accommodate the new 345-kV line from Clearfork. A new 345-kV station nearby Riverton may be needed, which will increase the cost estimates.

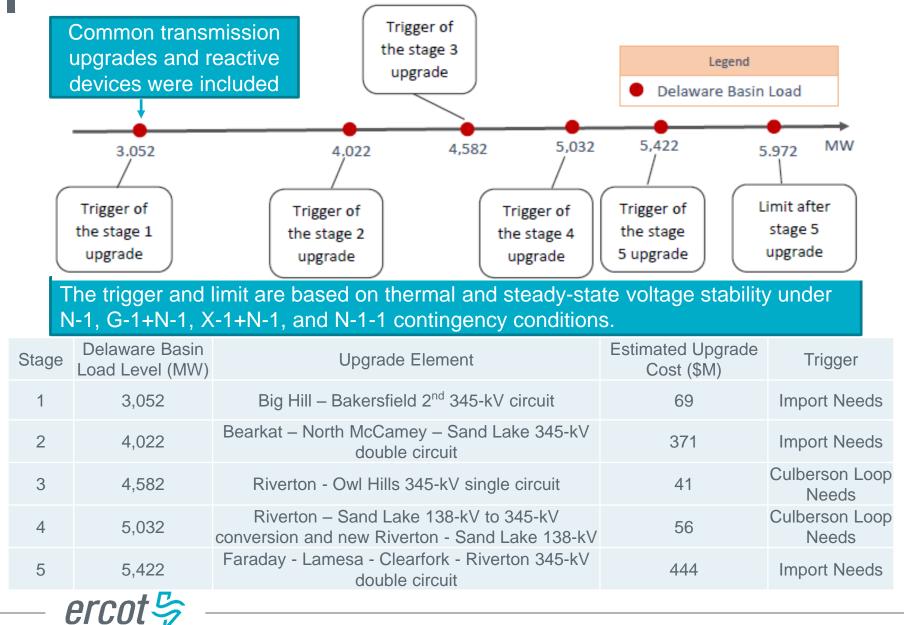


## **Roadmap Consideration**

 A roadmap was developed that includes the long lead time transmission improvements and the associated triggers in terms of load growth in the Delaware Basin



## Roadmap



## **Disclaimer**

- The identified long lead time transmission improvements are based on the assumptions used in this study. Assumptions that could change the results of this analysis include but are not limited to the following: actual load addition size, timing, and location; common transmission upgrade implementation; availability and dispatch of the generation in the study area; impedance of the new conductors; and transmission upgrade cost estimates.
- ERCOT performed steady-state analyses using the updated case and identified both long-lead time transmission improvements and a set of common transmission upgrades to reliably serve the assumed load in this study. The common transmission upgrades include upgrading existing transmission facilities, adding new 138-kV transmission lines, and adding new reactive power devices. These common upgrades are assumed inservice in the import path evaluation and the development of transmission upgrade roadmap.
- The trigger points of each long lead time transmission improvement were identified in terms of the load level in the Delaware Basin area. As the upgrades of existing 345-kV lines are expected to be implemented in a relatively shorter time frame than constructing new 345-kV lines, the existing 345 kV line upgrades were not included in the roadmap development.



#### Delaware Basin Area - Actual vs 5-Year Load Forecast Comparison

**Delaware Basin Area - Actual vs 5-Year Load Forecast Comparison** 5500 5000 4500 4000 3500 Load (MW) 3000 2500 2000 1500 1000 500 0 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Year **Actual Load** SSWG 5-Yr Load Forecast --RTP 2024 Load Trigger 1 -Trigger 2 -Trigger 3 Trigger 4 - Trigger 5 erc



• ERCOT will complete the report and post it on the ERCOT website in December



#### **Status Updates**

ERCOT presented the study scope at the Nov 2018 RPG <u>http://www.ercot.com/content/wcm/key\_documents\_lists/138710/Delaware\_Basin\_Load\_Integration\_Study\_Scope\_-\_Nov2019\_RPG.pdf</u>

ERCOT presented status updates at the May, July, September, and November 2019 RPG meetings

- <u>http://www.ercot.com/content/wcm/key\_documents\_lists/165286/Delaware</u>
  <u>Basin\_Load\_Integration\_Study\_Update\_-\_May2019\_RPG.pdf</u>
- <u>http://www.ercot.com/content/wcm/key\_documents\_lists/165294/Delaware</u>
  <u>Basin\_Load\_Integration\_Study\_Update\_-\_July2019\_RPG.pdf</u>
- <u>http://www.ercot.com/content/wcm/key\_documents\_lists/165302/Delaware</u>
  <u>Basin\_Load\_Integration\_Study\_Update\_-\_Sept2019\_RPG.pdf</u>
- <u>http://www.ercot.com/content/wcm/key\_documents\_lists/165311/Delaware</u>
  <u>Basin\_Load\_Integration\_Study\_Update\_-\_Nov12-2019\_RPG.PDF</u>



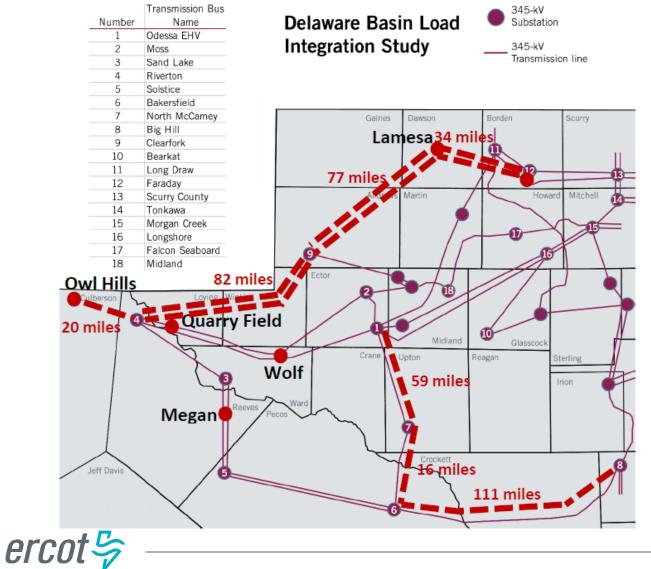
#### **Appendix – List of the Common transmission upgrades**

- Added seven reactive devices (5 placeholder synchronous condensers, 1 DRD and 1 capacitor bank)
- Tapped the new 345-kV Wolf station to the Odessa/Moss Riverton 345-kV double circuit lines (TPIT 46094, Tier 3, Dec 2020)
- Tapped Tap the Wolf Riverton 345-kV double circuit at Quarry Field, and add two 345/138-kV autotransformer at Quarry Field
- Built a new Owl Hills 345-kV substation with two 345/138-kV transformers, and added a new single-circuit 345-kV line from Riverton to 345-kV Owl Hills station
- Tapped a new Megan 345-kV substation on the Solstice to Sand Lake 345-kV double-circuit line, and install two new 345/138-kV transformers at the new Megan station
- Converted AEP 69-kV line Barrilla Hoefs Road Verhalen Saragosa to 138-kV
- Converted ONCOR 69-kV line Yucca Royalty Coyanosa Wolfcamp to 138-kV
- Built a new 138-kV double-circuit line from the new Megan station to Saddleback
- Built a new 138-kV double-circuit line from the new Megan station to Faulkner
- Built a new 138-kV line from Elcor to Faulkner
- Built a new 138-kV line from Saragosa to Faulkner
- Built a new 138-kV line from Remeranch to Saragosa
- Built a new 138-kV line from Conoco Rgec to TNMP 16<sup>th</sup> Street
- Converted the existing Fort Stockton Conoco Comp station Conoco Rgec 69-kV line to 138-kV
- Upgraded the existing 138-kV lines from Rio Pecos to Fort Stockton
- Upgraded the Gemsbok to Gemsbok Autonomous Crypto 138-kV line
- Upgraded the Solstice Hayter Remeranch138-kV line
- Upgraded the existing Quail Switch Odessa EHV 345-kV line
- Upgraded the existing Morgan Creek Tonkawa 345-kV line
- Upgraded the existing Midland East Falcon Seaboard 345-kV line



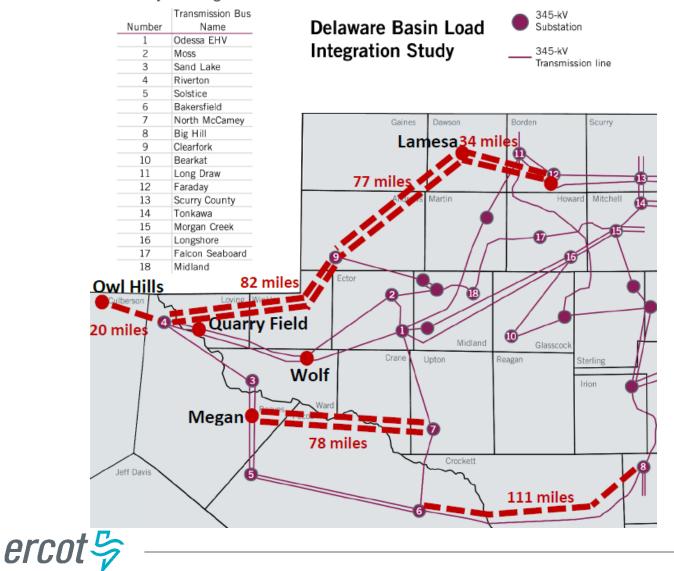
## **Appendix – Import Option 4a**

Option 4a: Faraday – Lamesa - Clearfork – Riverton 345-kV double circuit; Big Hill – Bakersfield – Odessa 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit



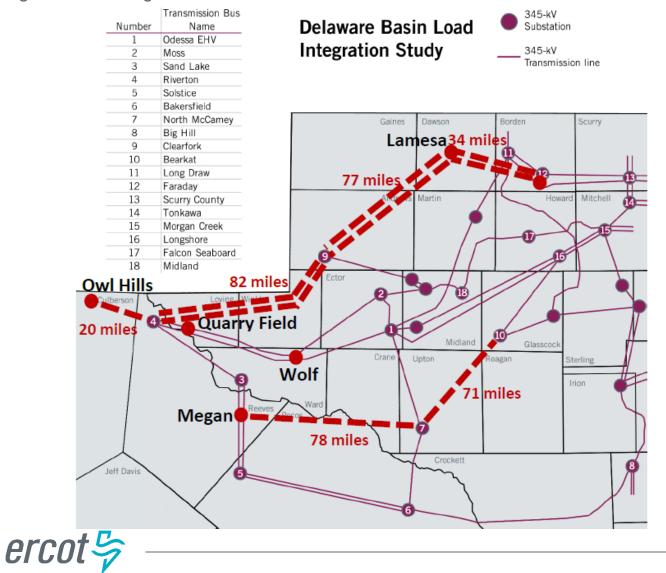
## **Appendix – Import Option 4b**

Option 4b: Faraday – Lamesa - Clearfork – Riverton 345-kV double circuit; Big Hill – Bakersfield 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit plus North McCamey – Megan 345-kV double circuit



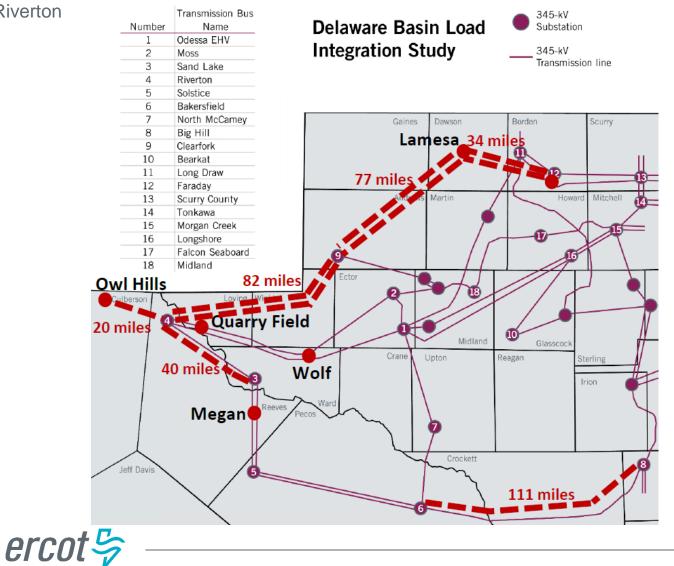
## **Appendix – Import Option 4c**

Option 4c: Faraday – Lamesa - Clearfork – Riverton 345-kV double circuit; Bearkat - North McCamey – Megan 345-kV single circuit



## Appendix – Import Option 4g

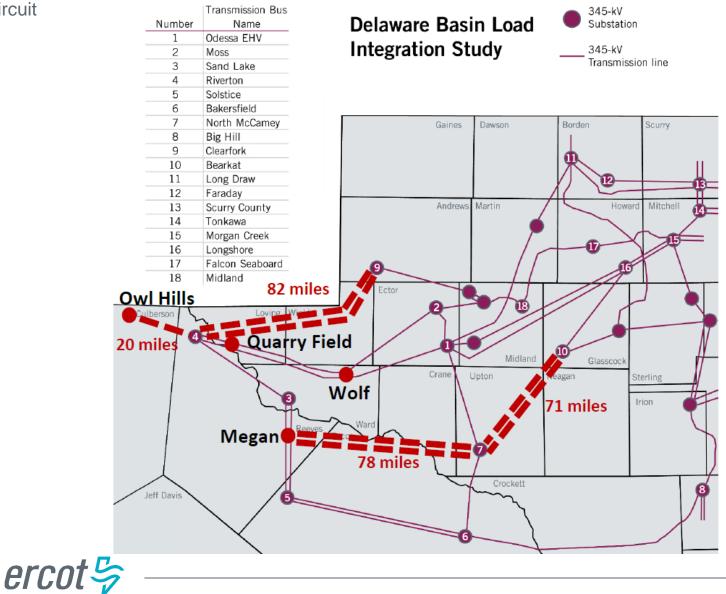
Option 4g: Faraday – Lamesa - Clearfork – Riverton 345-kV double circuit; Big Hill – Bakersfield 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit: Convert the Sand Lake – Riverton 138-kV to 345-kV and add a new 138-kV line from Sand Lake to



**Riverton** 

# **Appendix – Import Option 5d**

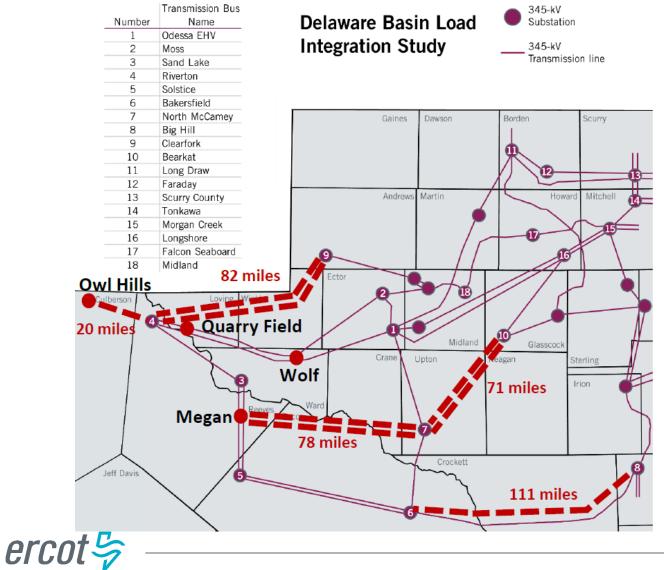
Option 5d: Bearkat - North McCamey – Megan 345-kV double circuit; Clearfork – Riverton 345-kV double



circuit

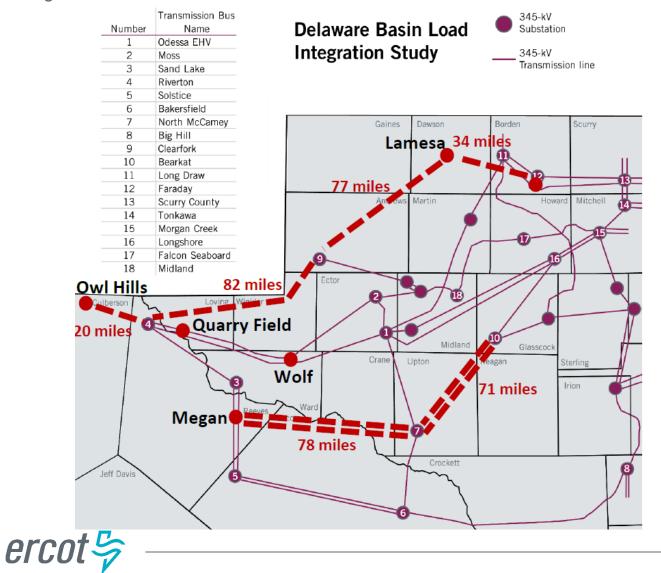
## **Appendix – Import Option 5e**

Option 5e: Bearkat - North McCamey – Megan 345-kV double circuit; Big Hill – Bakersfield 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit plus Clearfork – Riverton 345-kV double circuit



## **Appendix – Import Option 5f**

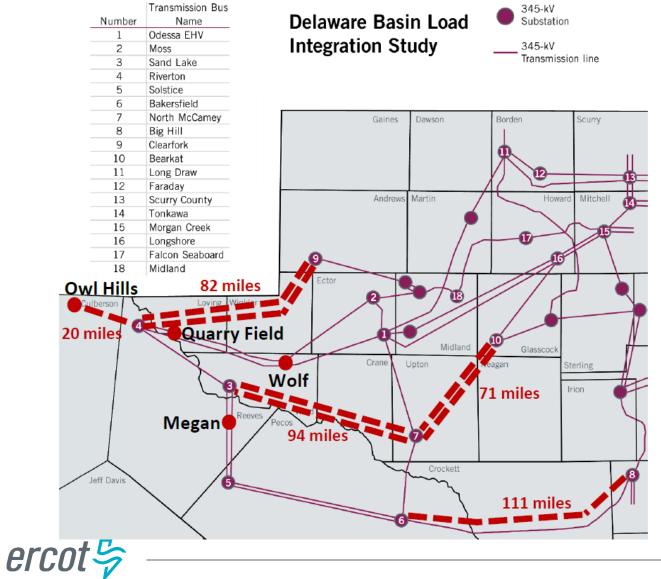
Option 5f: Bearkat - North McCamey – Megan 345-kV double circuit; Faraday - Clearfork – Riverton 345-kV single circuit



#### **Appendix – Import Option 6a** Option 6a: Bearkat - North McCamey – Sand Lake 345-kV double circuit; Big Hill – Bakersfield – Odessa 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit Transmission Bus 345-kV Substation **Delaware Basin Load** Name Number Odessa EHV 1 Integration Study 345-kV 2 Moss Transmission line 3 Sand Lake 4 Riverton 5 Solstice 6 Bakersfield 7 North McCamey Gaines Dawson Borden Scurry 8 Big Hill 9 Clearfork 10 Bearkat 11 Long Draw 12 Faraday Martin Andrews Howard Mitchell Scurry County 13 14 Tonkawa Morgan Creek 15 16 Longshore 17 Falcon Seaboard 9 18 Midland **Owl Hills** 18 Loving Winkler **Quarry Field** 20 miles Midland Glasscock Crane 59 miles agan Wolf 71 miles Irion Megan 94 mile Jeff Davis 16 miles 111 miles ercot 😓

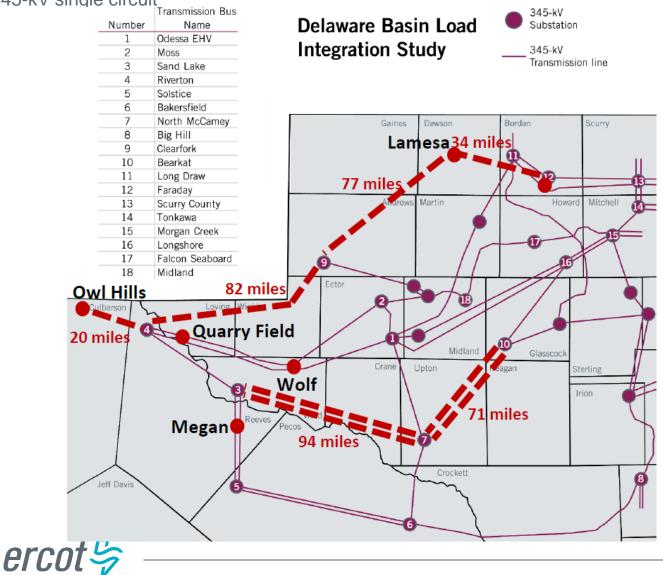
# **Appendix – Import Option 6e**

Option 6e: Bearkat - North McCamey – Sand Lake 345-kV double circuit; Big Hill – Bakersfield 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit plus Clearfork – Riverton 345-kV double circuit



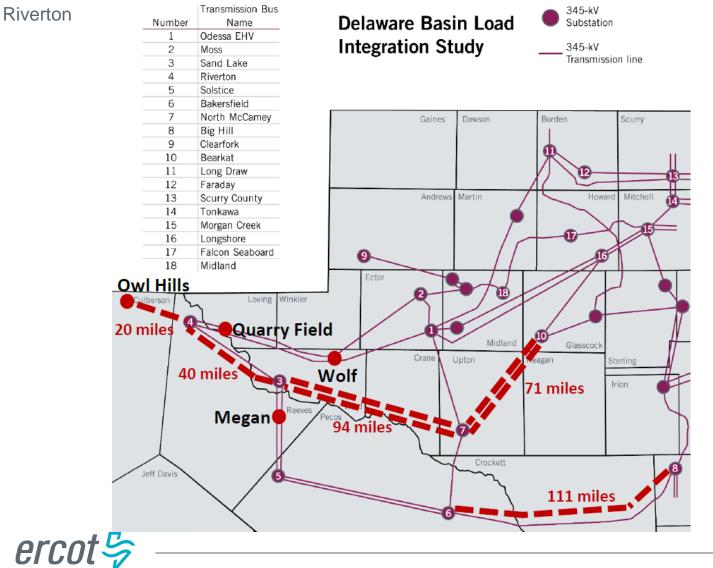
# **Appendix – Import Option 6f**

Option 6f: Bearkat - North McCamey – Sand Lake 345-kV double circuit; Faraday – Clearfork - Riverton 345-kV single circuit



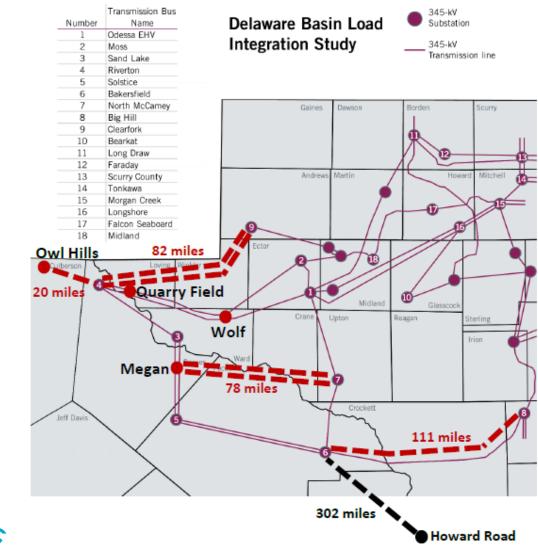
## **Appendix – Import Option 6g**

Option 6g: Bearkat - North McCamey – Sand Lake 345-kV double circuit; Big Hill – Bakersfield 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit; Convert the Sand Lake – Riverton 138-kV to 345-kV and add a new 138-kV line from Sand Lake to



## **Appendix – Import Option 9e**

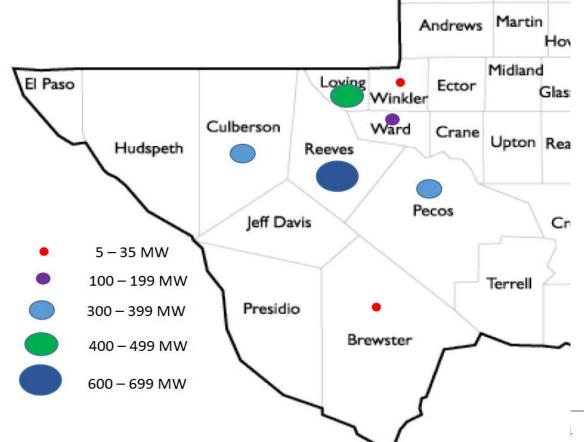
Option 9e: 1,200 MW HVDC line (VSC) from Howard Road to Bakersfield and new 345-kV double-circuit line from North McCamey to Megan; Big Hill – Bakersfield 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit plus Clearfork – Riverton 345-kV double circuit





## **Appendix - Load Summary**

TSP	2018 RTP	2019 RTP	Feb 2019 SSWG	DBA Study
AEP	130	272	330	459
Golden Spread	8	6	7	9
LCRA	6	7	17	210
ONCOR	1,463	1,875	1,900	2,724
TNMP	507	527	1,254	1,969
Grand Total	2,114	2,688	3,509	5,372



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