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Finance & Audit Committee Meeting

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Introduction

- As previously reviewed with the F&A Committee, GreenHat Energy LLC (GreenHat) defaulted on a position of 890 million MWh Financial Transmission Rights (FTRs).
- Following the default, the PJM Board of Directors commissioned independent consultants to review the default and identify contributing:
 - decisions and mistakes made by PJM,
 - aspects of PJM's tariff and other governing documents, and,
 - misconduct by a third party.
- At its April 8, 2019 meeting, the F&A Committee requested a summary of the consultants' recommendations.
- This presentation addresses the consultants' recommendations as well as current ERCOT practice with respect to the recommendations.



Summary

- The ultimate loss to PJM stakeholders from the default is not yet known but some estimates have exceeded \$400 million. The total loss allocation will not be known until all positions are liquidated or until the FTR terms end for any non-liquidated instruments. To date, approximately \$116 million has been uplifted to the PJM market.
- The consultants retained by the PJM Board were:
 - Robert Anderson, Executive Director of the Committee of Chief Risk Officers
 - Neal Wolkoff, former Chief Operating Officer of NYMEX and Chairman and CEO of the American Stock Exchange
- The consultants issued their report to the PJM Board on March 26, 2019.



Contributing factors

- At a high level, the report identified a number of contributory issues:
 - 1. PJM's Credit Policy did not address key risks.
 - Collateral mismatched with risk
 - 2. PJM did not implement suggested changes after earlier material FTR losses.
 - More frequent FTR auctions and mark-to-auction mechanism
 - Position limits
 - Base collateral on forward-looking metrics
 - Shortened settlement period
 - 3. Credit personnel did not sufficiently know their customer.
 - 4. PJM management failed to establish robust risk management procedures.



Contributing factors

- (continued):
 - 5. PJM staff did not act expeditiously to stop GreenHat market access.
 - 6. PJM mistakenly relied on a GreenHat pledge agreement.
 - 7. PJM incorrectly believed that the situation would not worsen.
 - 8. PJM staff lacked qualifications and training.
 - 9. There were design flaws in PJM's FTR market.
 - FTR auction frequency
 - 10. Unwarranted confidence and lack of sense of urgency.



Recommendations

• The report contains a number of recommendations. These are grouped thematically and mapped to the identified contributing factors.

Α	Advance best practices into the credit policy under the FERC tariff
В	Clarify the role of PJM as a financial market risk manager
С	Build customer awareness beyond market procedures and rules
D	Implement technical practices for participant risk management
Е	Bring on board and develop new expertise in risk management
F	Increase frequency of long-term auctions
G	Organizational changes

• PJM has indicated its general agreement with the recommendations and is reviewing implementation strategies.



Comments

- It should be noted that not all recommendations would be applicable to ERCOT.
- Comparing ERCOT practices to the recommendations, no material gaps were noted. In most cases ERCOT practices already meet the recommendations made to PJM. These include:
 - "Mark-to-auction" of CRRs
 - Frequent auctions of long-term CRRs
 - Minimum collateral requirements
 - Defined default timeline



Comments

- Recommendation areas where ERCOT work is ongoing:
 - Market entry qualifications (background checks, rejection of non-qualifying entrants)
 - Enhanced position reporting
- To better ensure the appropriateness of ERCOT credit methodology, ERCOT has issued an RFP for an independent thirdparty review of credit methodology and practices.
- Detailed recommendations from the PJM report, and ERCOT status with respect to the recommendations, are on the following pages.



Detailed recommendations

Theme A: Advance best practices into the credit policy under the FERC tariff

Recommendation	ERCOT Status
Incorporate mark-to-auction values from more frequent auctions as a basis for collateralization of FTR positions.	• ERCOT CRR collateralization incorporates most recent auction values as well as worst-case historical values (Protocol section 16.11.4.5).
 Retain the existing \$.10/MWh minimum collateral requirement, in addition to the purchase price, pending availability of more precise metrics for "original margin." 	• ERCOT requires locked collateral for CRR auction participation, and there are minimum collateral requirements for all Counter-Parties. (Protocol sections 16.11.4.6.1 and 16.11.4.1).
Eliminate the FTR undiversified adder because it does not correlate to market risk.	NA. ERCOT calculates CRR portfolio-specific risk adjustments (Protocol section 16.11.4.5)
 Declare default when a margin call is unpaid within two business days, without negotiation. 	 Collateral requests must be met within two Bank Business Days (Protocol section 16.11.5). Per the Standard Form Agreement, the defaulting Counter- Party has an additional Bank Business Day to cure the breach before termination.



Detailed recommendations

Theme B: Clarify the role of PJM as financial market risk manager

Recommendation	ERCOT Status
 Revisit the stakeholder process to better facilitate member-to- PJM direction on financial policies and procedures. Financial committee participants should have appropriate expertise. The number of financial market committees should be minimized to streamline decision-making and enhance accountability. 	 Per the ERCOT Credit Work Group (CWG) Charter, CWG participants must meet defined qualifications. There is also a Market Credit Working Group reporting to TAC through the Wholesale Markets Subcommittee (WMS). These two credit groups meet concurrently to minimize overlap.
 Work with FERC to establish appropriate flexibility in market rules, such as discretion to address unanticipated market emergency events. The proposed financial markets Risk Oversight Committee could serve as a check on inappropriate use of discretionary authority. 	 With respect to credit issues, Protocols do allow ERCOT discretion in the event of market emergencies (Protocol section 25.4.2 and 25.4.3) There is no ERCOT Risk Oversight Committee, but oversight can be provided by the Board of Directors and the F&A Committee.

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Detailed recommendations

Theme B: Clarify the role of PJM as financial market risk manager

Recommendation	ERCOT Status
• Examine the specifics and cost/benefits of outsourcing the administration of all or part of the FTR market.	• ERCOT has reviewed options for novating CRR exposures to a third party in the past and determined it was not cost-effective.

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Detailed recommendations

Theme C: Build customer awareness beyond market procedures and rules

Recommendation	ERCOT Status
Perform background checks for member applicants, and for non-public companies, the three senior officers	 Not done; under review by stakeholders
 Confirm that applicants actually employ the risk management systems and processes as represented 	• ERCOT requires an annual attestation of risk management capabilities, and does limited reviews of supporting policies and procedures for selected entities (Protocol section 16.16).
Provide explicit power to reject applicants not meeting background and regulatory standards (with an internal appeals process)	 Power to reject applicants is limited. Under review by stakeholders and ERCOT Legal.
Update market participant financial qualifications annually	Audited financial statements required annually; unaudited financial statements required quarterly (Protocol section 16.11.5).

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Detailed recommendations

Theme D: Implement technical practices for participant risk management

Recommendation	ERCOT Status
Clarify with the IMM expectations regarding participant risk management behavior.	 ERCOT communicates identified issues to the IMM.
Establish position limits for FTR based on participant capitalization and position tenor.	 No position limits in place. Positions are constrained by collateral requirements.
Create FTR participant reporting. Include statistical studies of exposure, tenor, collateral, marks-to-auction, and interrelationships of these factors.	• Exposure and collateral reports posted twice daily (Protocol section 16.11.4.7). However, there are not full statistical studies. ERCOT staff are looking at enhanced reporting.

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Detailed recommendations

Theme E: Bring on board and develop new expertise in risk management

Recommendation	ERCOT Status
 Establish a Chief Risk Officer (CRO) position over financial markets. 	 The ERCOT VP - Commercial Operations has oversight over financial market activity.
Create a Board committee to oversee financial market risk to oversee the CRO and the recommended Independent Multi-discipline Group (see below).	 ERCOT financial market risk oversight is by the F&A Committee.
 Form an Independent Multi-discipline Group of PJM managers chaired by the CRO to foster inter-company communication of risk issues. 	 Existing risk management process reviews and communicates financial and non-financial risks across all areas of ERCOT.
 Implement training for risk management. Plan and practice response to stress scenarios. Consider risk management certifications. 	 ERCOT does promote appropriate training. No formal framework for stress scenarios or promotion of risk management certifications.
Stay current with peer practices.	 Ongoing communication with other ISO/RTOs and participation in industry associations. However, these are not specifically risk-related.



Detailed recommendations

Theme F: Increase frequency of long-term auctions

Recommendation	ERCOT Status
Include long-term FTRs in monthly or bi-monthly auctions.	• Two Long-Term Auction Sequences (LTAS) annually. Each LTAS consists of six auctions that take place throughout the year (Protocol section 7.5.1).
Convene a committee of FTR traders with PJM Credit and Operations to explore approaches to more frequent auctions.	 There is ongoing stakeholder review of CRR auction structure.
Conduct a general review of PJM markets to evaluate risks and rewards of potential structural reforms.	 Structural market reforms, such as Real-Time Co- optimization, are ongoing.

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Detailed recommendations

Theme G: Organizational changes

Recommendation	ERCOT Status
Identify the critical departmental components to the PJM financial markets business and align the organization accordingly.	 All "financial markets" functions are under Commercial Operations.
Create a culture and environment that encourages staff to challenge internal assertions and test their own assumptions.	In place at ERCOT.

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Questions

