







Clear as Mud(Rocks): A Forward View of Natural Gas

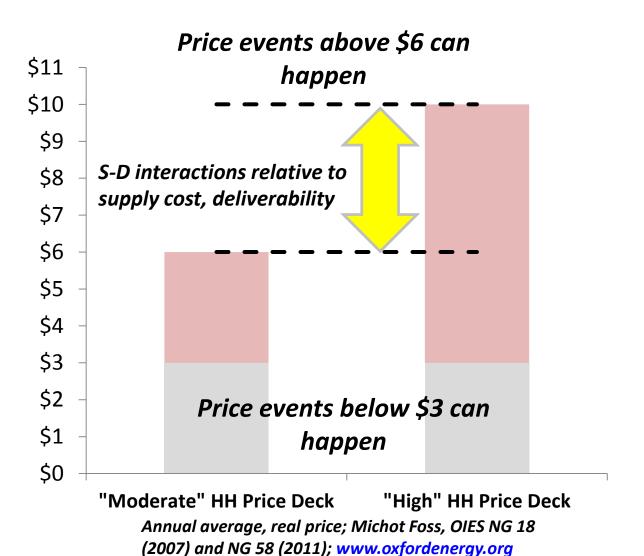
ERCOT BOD April 10, 2018
Michelle Michot Foss, Ph.D., UT BEG/CEE

Overview: U.S. and Texas Natural Gas Supply

- What a success story! The only considerations are...
- ...downward pressure on natural gas prices...
 - How much? How long? With what consequences (more on that later)?
- ...because of tight rock dynamics...
 - The "bidness" and how to think about it
- ...and the need to re-plumb the gas system...
 - "Primer" on Texas/ERCOT gas infrastructure and flows
- ...in an extended period of consumer sovereignty.
 - Plenty of ideas. Will they all work?



Gas Price Economics (2030)

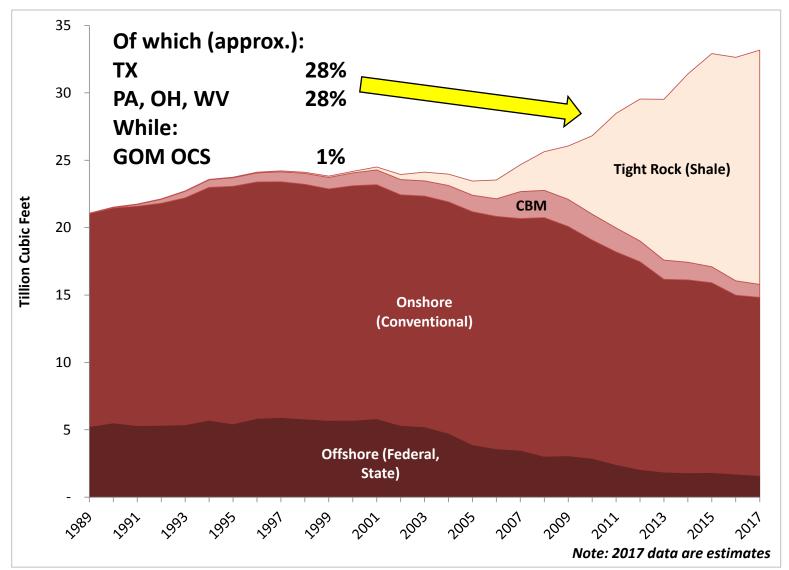


*Production (25-30+ TCF): **HH** price LNG In? dependent (**70-80%, "NAG", dry; ~60% gas wells) Supply Mix NGLs, Condensate, "wet" gas (oil linked, S-D, export drivers) Oil price dependent **LNG Out?** (**20-30+%, "AG", "wet"; * Canadian gas production, pipe delivery subject to same conditions; **EIA reserves reporting.

Total Methane Supply

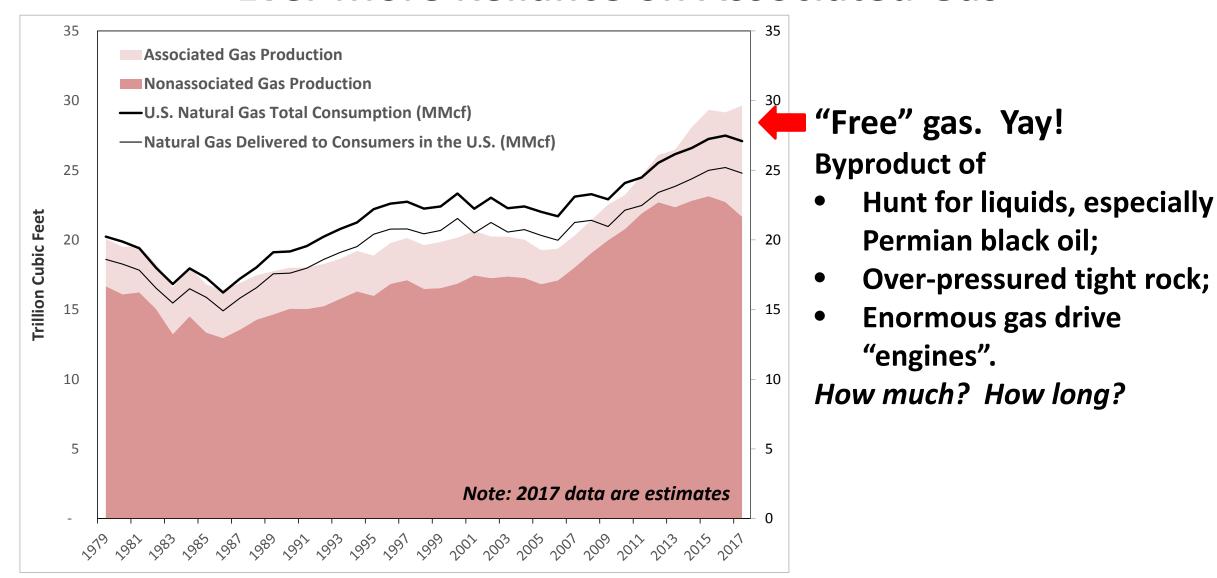


Ever More Reliance on "Mud Rocks"



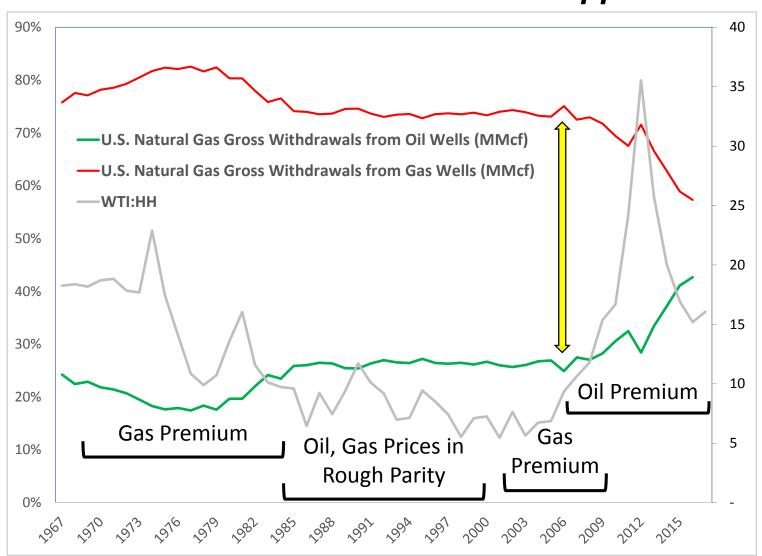


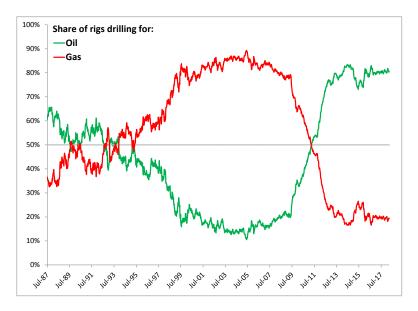
Ever More Reliance on Associated Gas





Oil, Liquids Drive Decisions Relative to Opportunities

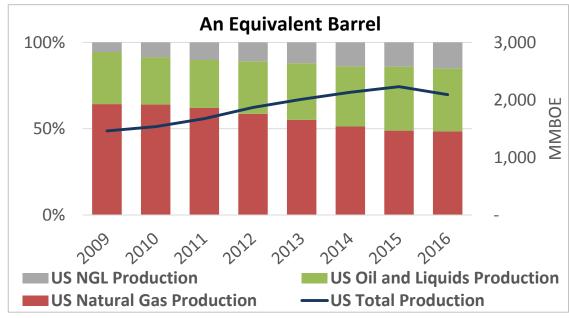




Drilling targets reflect relative premiums and expectations

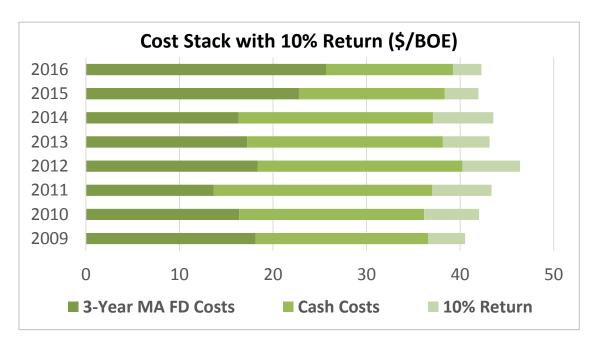
Consequences for Producers

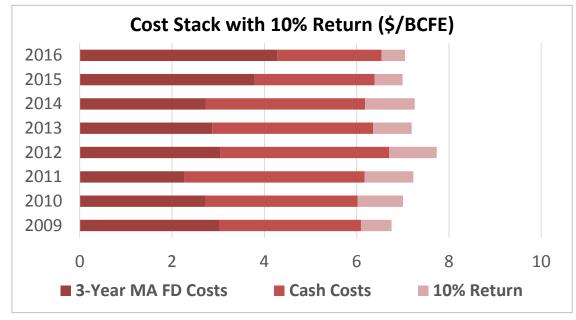
- Extraordinary hunt for liquids rich (black oil) acreage as producers continue to shift portfolios
- Rapid accumulation of debt (now, deleveraging)
- "Gassy" producers are lower cost but...
- …if all of the cost burden was placed on methane, would need a supporting gas price



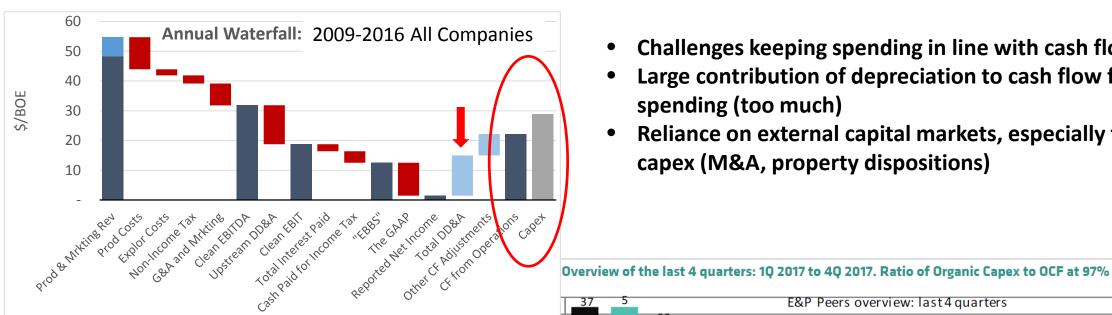
<u>Note:</u> CEE 2017 results expected to be broadly equivalent. CEE producer benchmarking, 16 companies, annual reports; Michot Foss analysis







Consequences for Producers

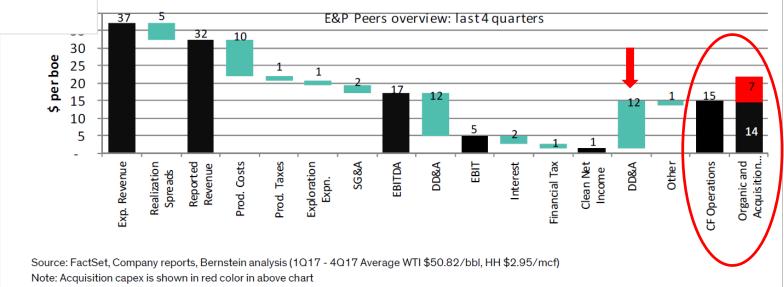


- Challenges keeping spending in line with cash flow (better)
- Large contribution of depreciation to cash flow funded spending (too much)
- Reliance on external capital markets, especially for organic capex (M&A, property dispositions)

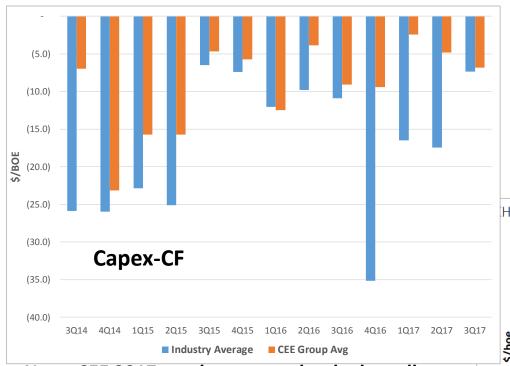
Note: CEE 2017 results expected to be broadly equivalent; slight improvement in net income, more capital discipline

CEE producer benchmarking, 16 companies, annual reports; Michot Foss analysis

Bernstein Research (right), used with permission



Long Term Spending and Cash Flow

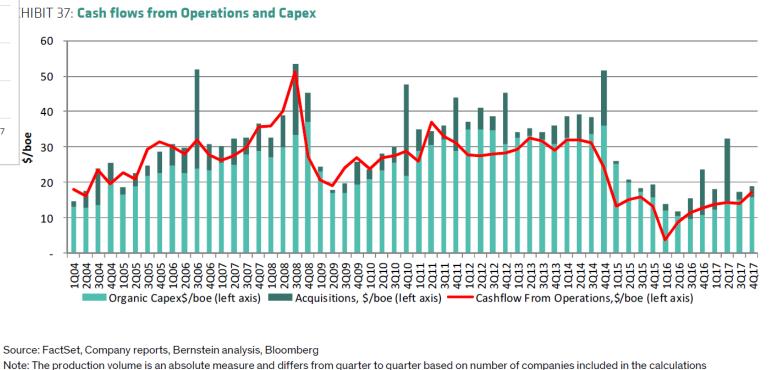


<u>Note:</u> CEE 2017 results expected to be broadly equivalent; slight improvement in net income, more capital discipline

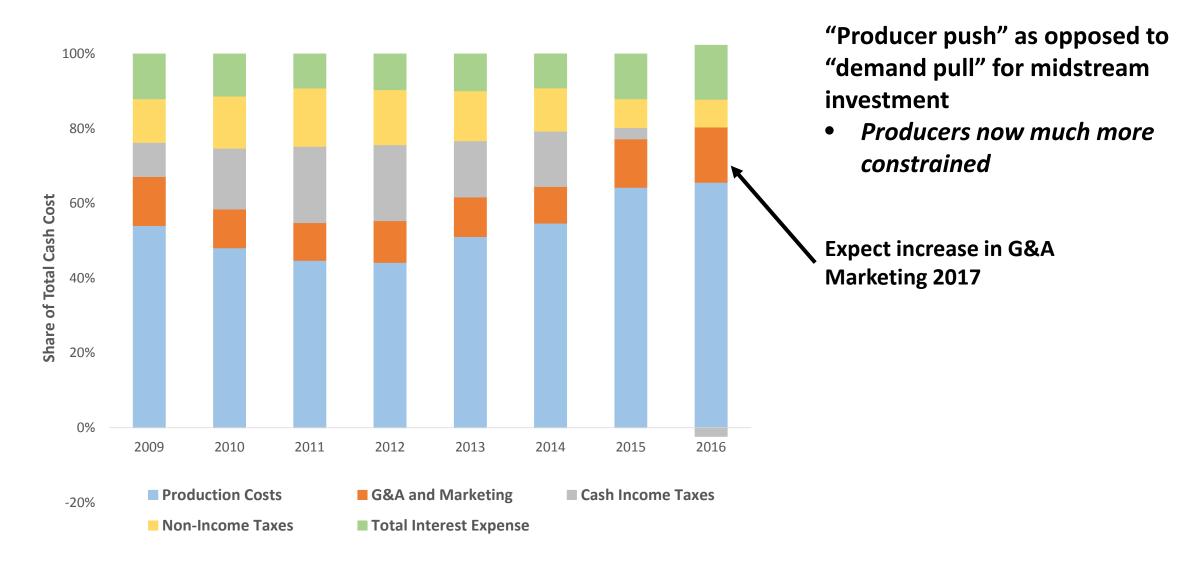
CEE producer benchmarking, 16 companies, annual reports; Michot Foss analysis

Bernstein Research (right), used with permission

The "treadmill" shows up in the need for continuous outlays of capex, largely funded by accumulated depreciation and external capital



For Producers, Midstream Costs have Grown

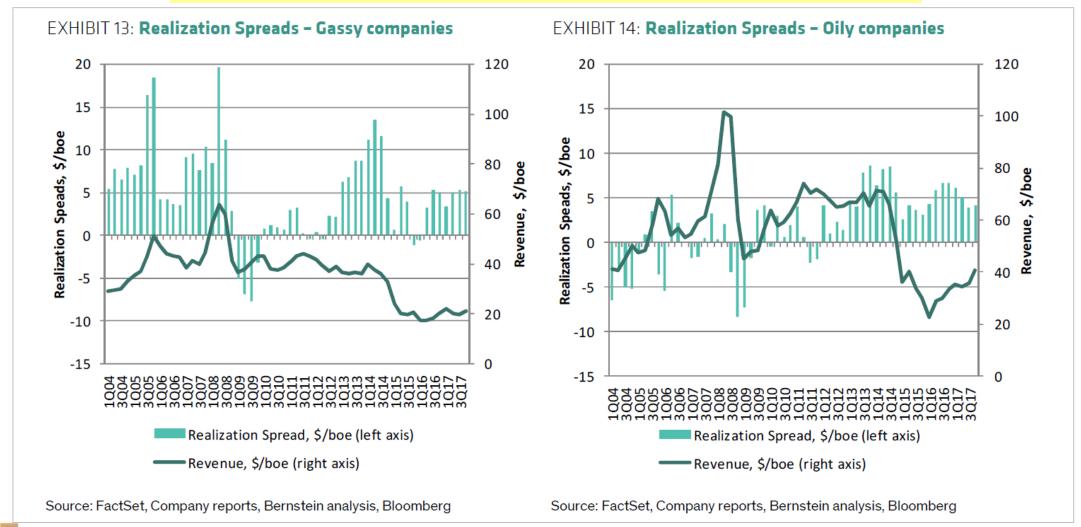




Realizations: Expected vs Reported Revenue

Positive = Realized < Expected

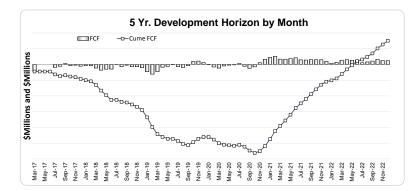
Gassy companies have greater difficulty meeting realized revenue targets

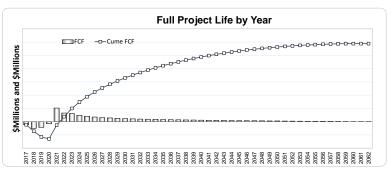




In Sum: State of the Industry

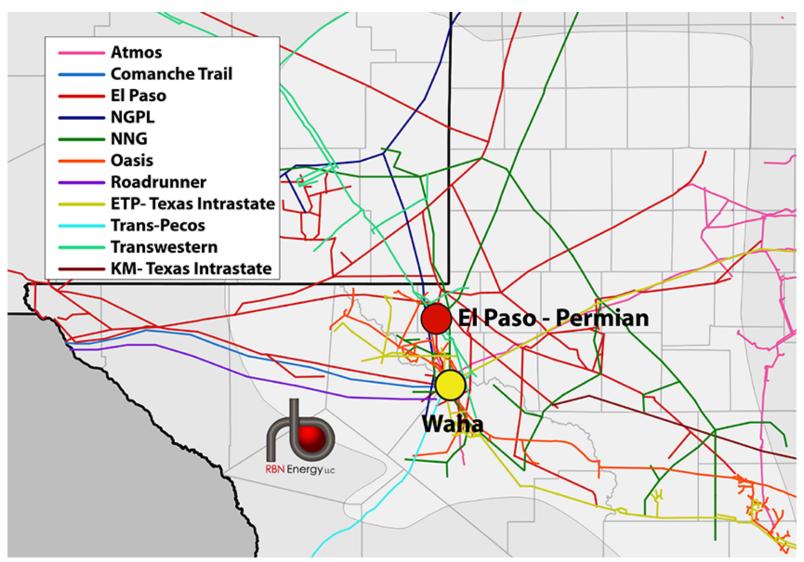
- Improvements in cost management, so far, but
 - Midstream continues to burden producers
 - Capex will grow again as companies try to reposition
 - Acreage consolidation to pursue drilling patterns
 - The "cube" strategy of "wine rack" near simultaneous completions as companies work to manage "parent-child" well interference (charts on right, proprietary project)
- The need to drill to sustain upstream businesses is quite real
 - "Prove up" to retain, attract new capital
 - Volumes to produce sufficient funding for operations
- Given these realities + predominant "gas drive"
 reservoirs + midstream bottlenecks + offtake = impact on prices and spreads

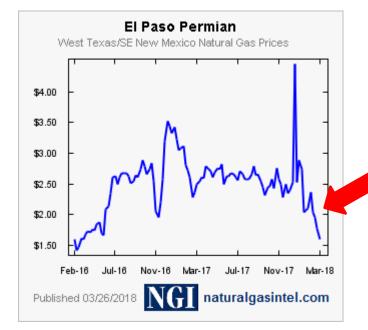




Assumptions: Avg realized crude price \$55; Avg realized gas price \$3.20

Waha and EP-P

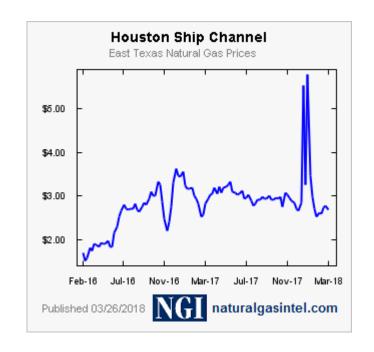


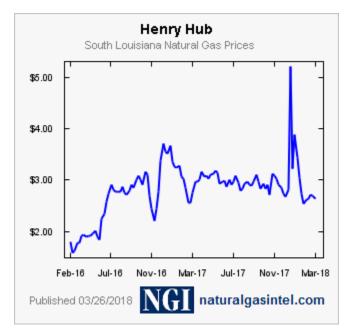




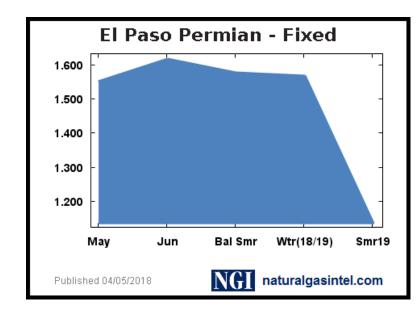
Weekly

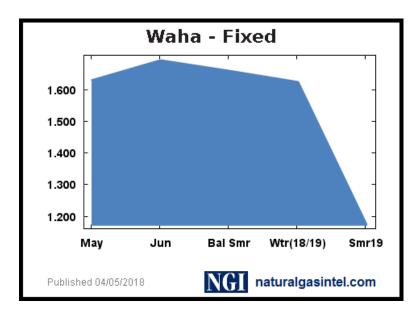
Deterioration of spreads



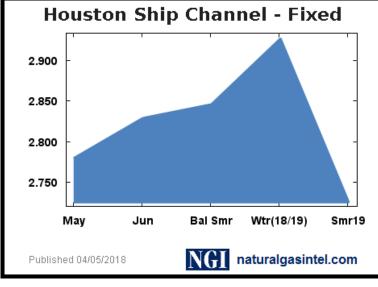


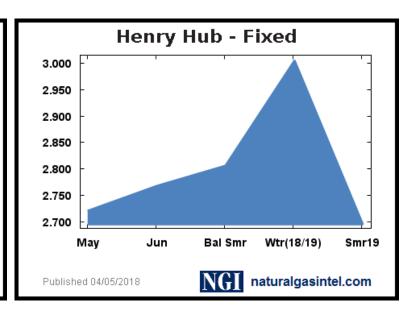






Forward - Fixed

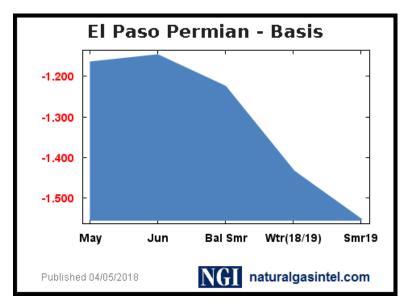


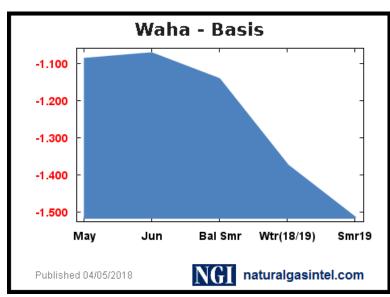


Forward prices of natural gas delivered for each reference period at the various locations/hubs.

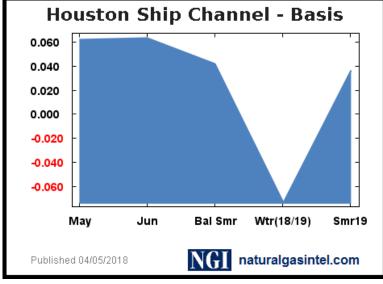


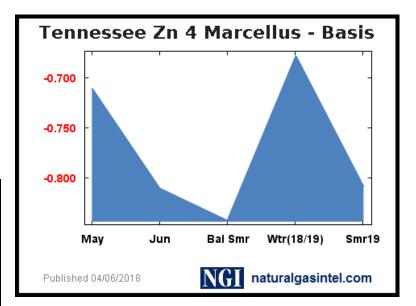
http://www.naturalgasintel.com/data/data_products/forward-contracts?location_id=SLAHH®ion_id=south-louisiana

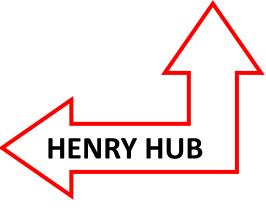




Forward - Basis





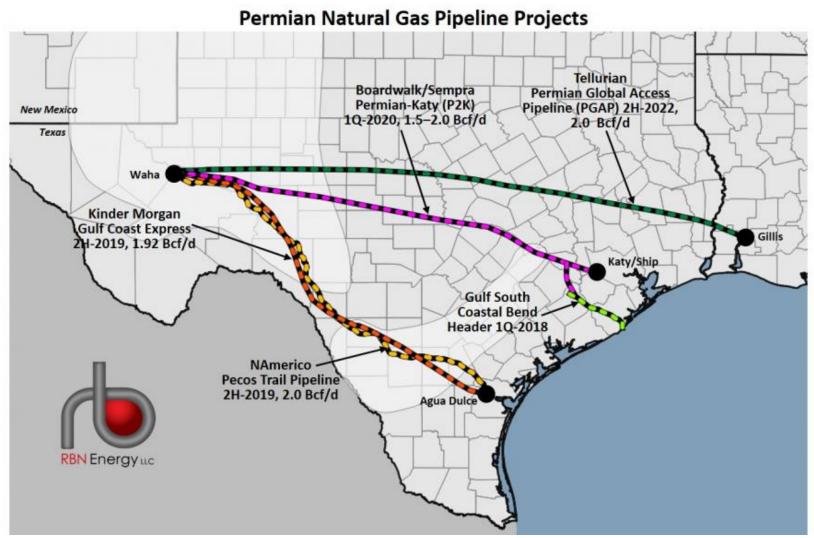


"Basis price" represent the differential, for each reference period, between the Henry Hub and various locations/hubs.



http://www.naturalgasintel.com/data/data_products/forward-contracts?location_id=SLAHH®ion_id=south-louisiana

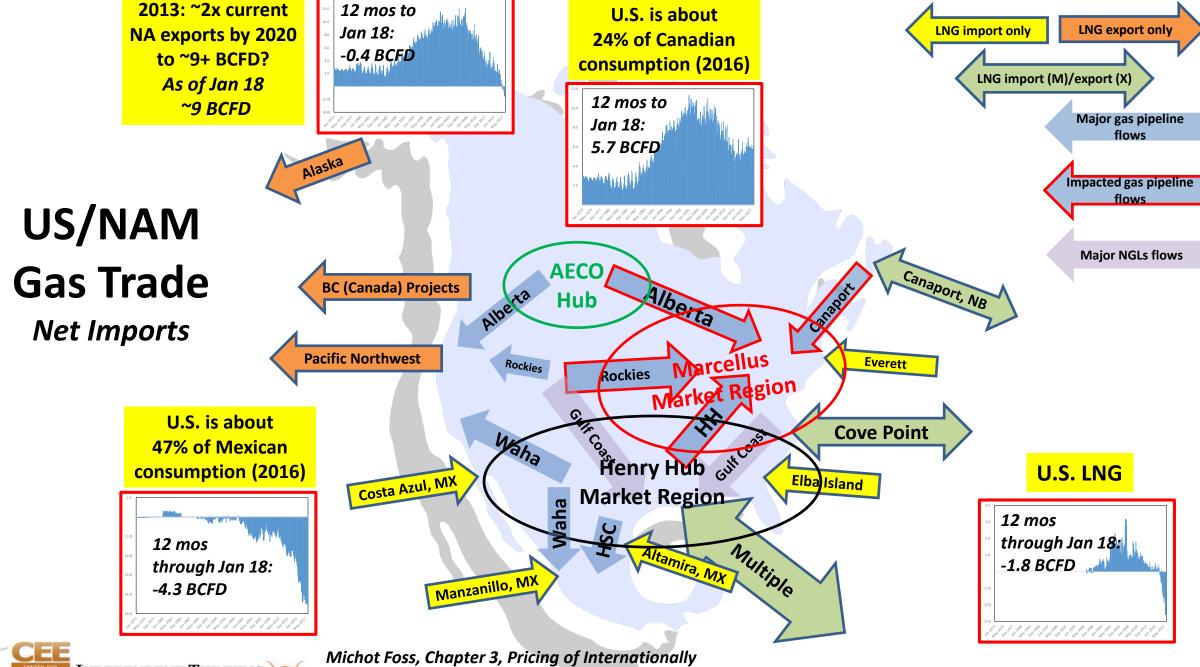
A fix?



Usefulness of Spreads

- Lure investment to bottlenecks and...
- ...attract monetization options...
 - Gains from trade
 - End users
- ...so long as business conditions support "optionality".
 - And it can be paid for. 😃

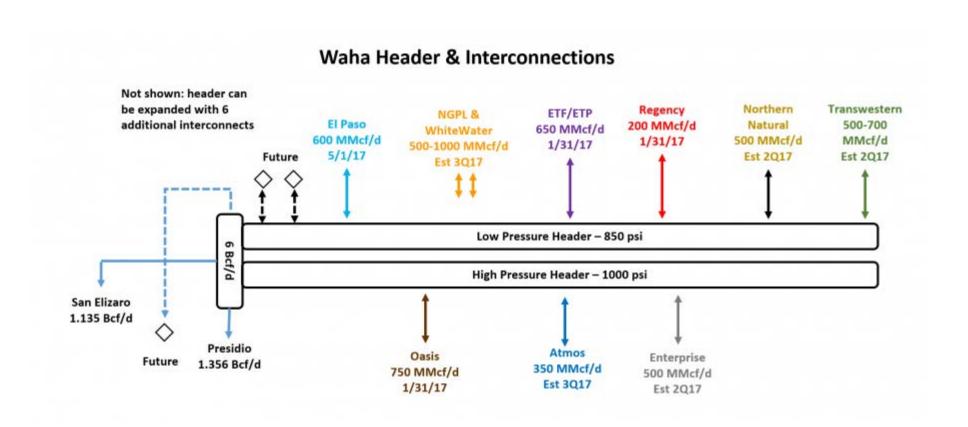




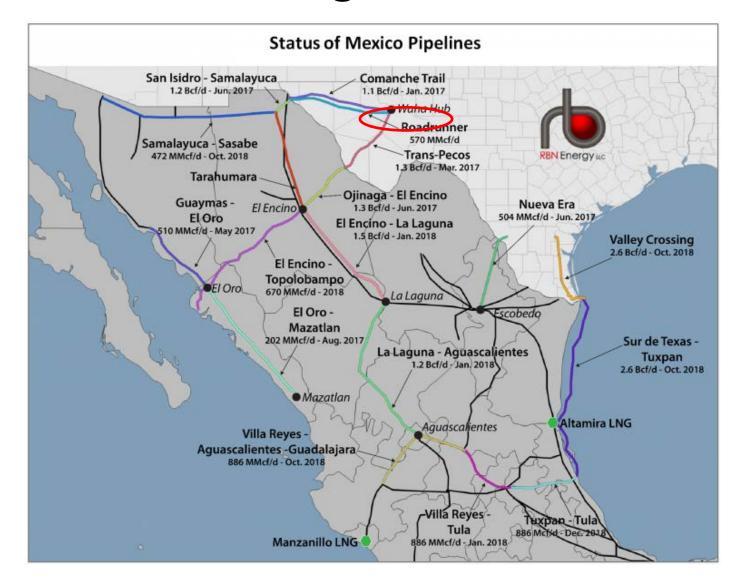


Michot Foss, Chapter 3, Pricing of Internationally Traded Gas, www.oxfordenergy.org; EIA; FERC

Waha Infrastructure



Big Bets





Ductos y Zonas de Gas Natural



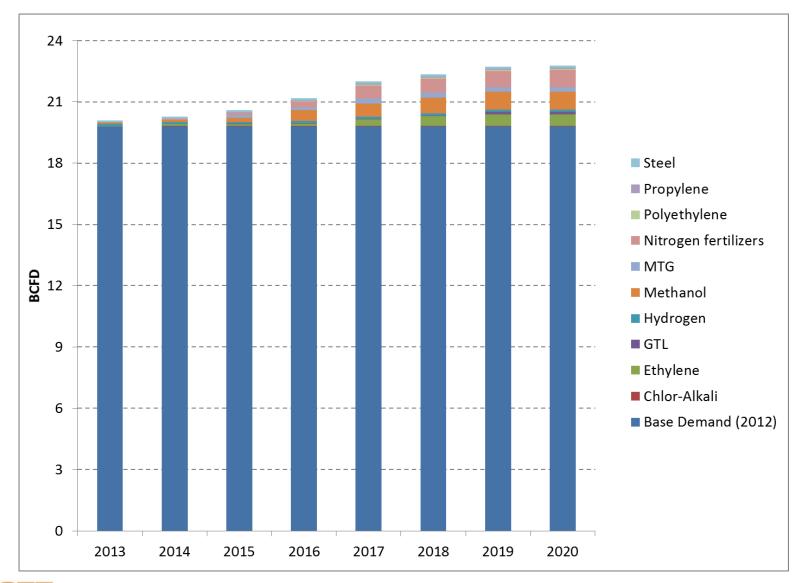
Rockies San Juan New Mexico Permian Delaware/ Permian Midland Webb County Eagle Ford/ Haynesville 75-1.5 Bcf/d Completado 2013-16 laneado 2017 Planeado 2019+

CFE's zonal pricing strategy intended to:

- Improve signaling for internal de-bottlenecking and expansions
- Improve price signals for imports
- Provide price signals for domestic production

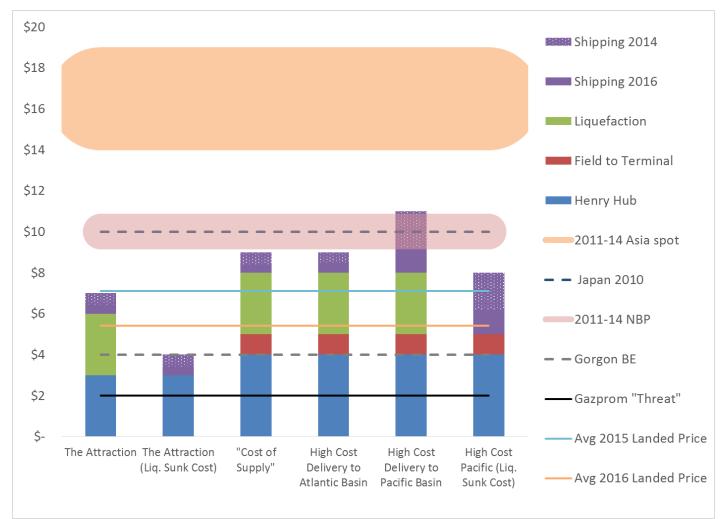


Our Renaissance



- About 100 Projects
- About \$90 billion
- Incremental NG demand of ~3 BCFD

Global LNG complexities...



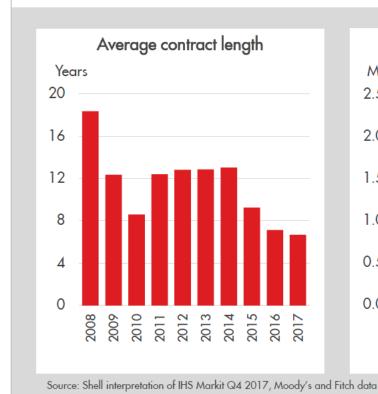
- "Low" demand growth (China, India, Japan, and others):
 - Coal, nuclear, renewables have priority energy security
 - Not enough gas infrastructure (especially storage)
 - Low gas market readiness
 - Sluggish economic growth
 - Japanese energy policy: nuclear, renewables, efficiency
- "Surging" global LNG supply → excess supply until the mid 2020s
 - Unsubscribed U.S. liquefaction capacity
 - Parts of contracted volumes not tied to specific destinations

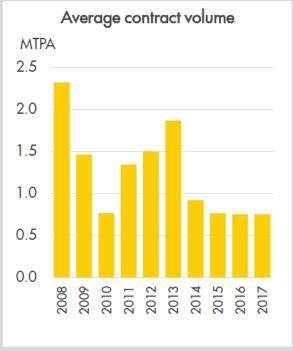
http://www.beg.utexas.edu/energyecon/template/IAEE%20Energy%20Forum 062116.pdf
http://www.beg.utexas.edu/energyecon/thinkcorner/CEE Advisor Research Note-Andy Flower LNG Supply Outlook-Aug16.pdf
http://www.beg.utexas.edu/energyecon/thinkcorner/CEE Research PaperChina and India Current Future Natural Gas Demand-Apr17.pdf

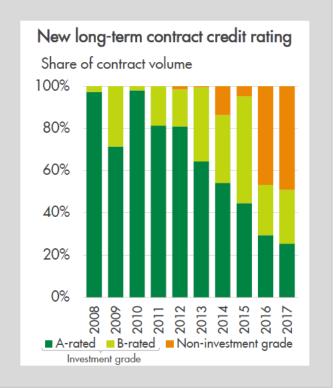


...and rapidly shifting terrain.

LNG BUYERS SIGNING SHORTER AND SMALLER CONTRACTS







Creditworthiness of buyers is a substantial risk to global LNG trade growth.

Closing Thoughts

- How to keep the success story going
 - First, do no harm
- Ultimately, market will set pathway...
 - Cost of capital
 - Attraction of oil and gas for investment portfolios
 - Ability of producers to consolidate acreage positions in order to sustain, improve efficiencies and get off the treadmill (???)
 - Trade, petrochemicals do not provide enough "oompf"
 - Gas competitiveness for electric power is key
- ...perceptions will dictate

