

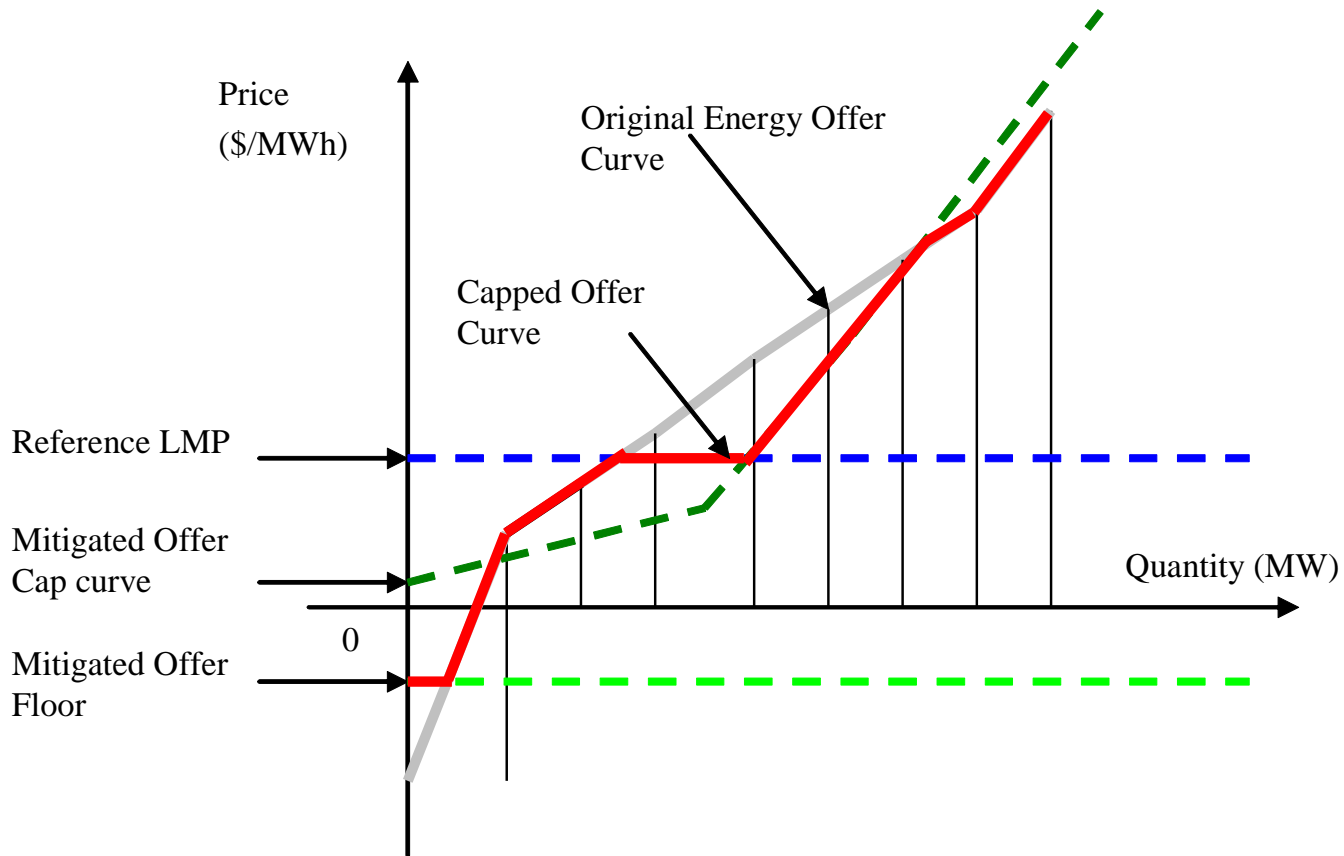
# SCED Mitigation Issues

IMM/ERCOT

# Current SCED 2-Step Process

- STEP1 - Resolves competitive constraints using submitted energy offer curves to produce Reference LMPs
- Prior to STEP2 – Irrespective of presence of non-competitive constraints, **mitigate ALL online resources**
  - Offer curve capped at  $\text{Max}(\text{Ref LMP}, \text{Mitigated Offer Cap})$
  - Offer curve bounded at  $\text{Min}(\text{Ref LMP}, \text{Mitigated Offer Floor})$
- STEP2 – Resolves both competitive & non-competitive constraints using mitigated (capped/bounded) energy offer curve to produce Base Points and LMPs

# Offer Mitigation

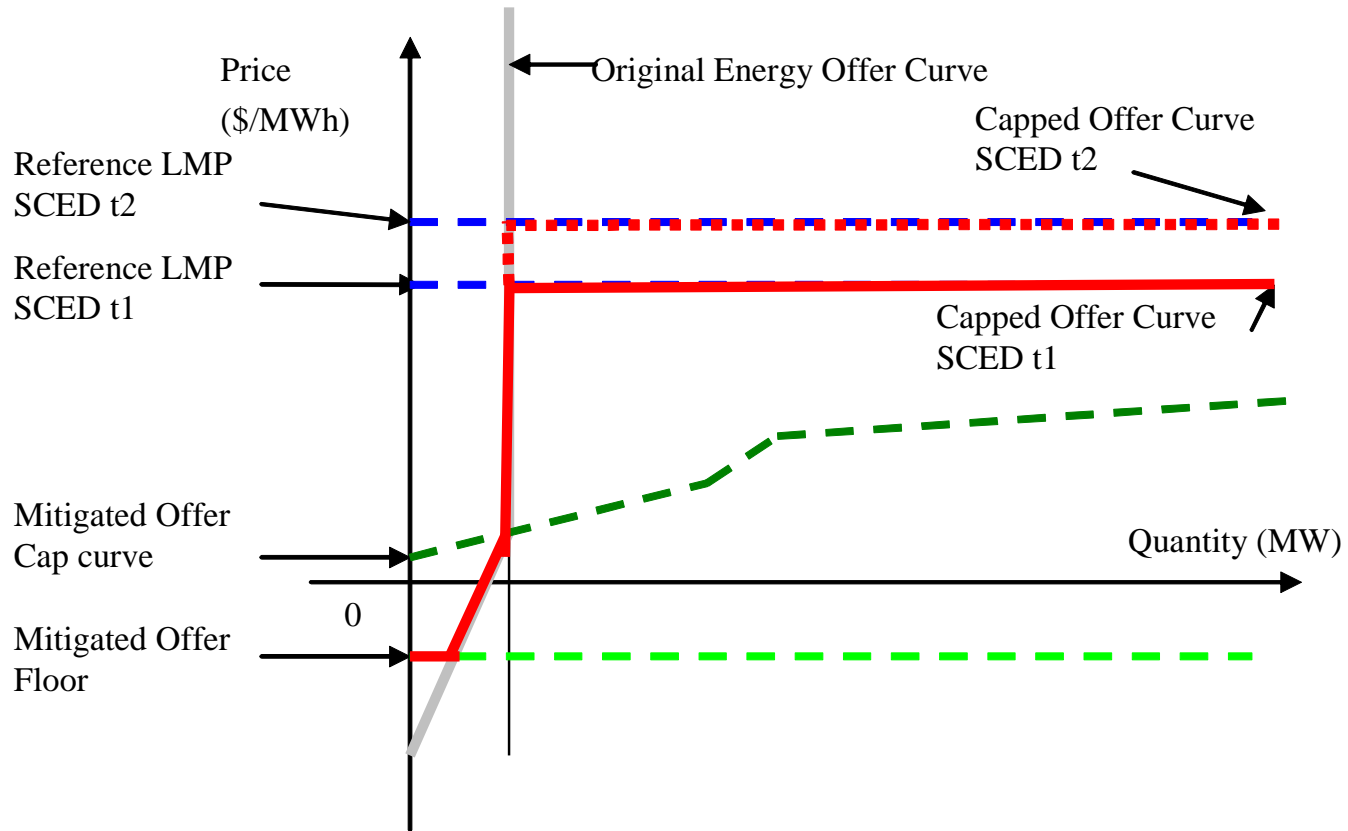


# Over Mitigation Issue

Price for capacity being set by mitigated offer

- **Mitigation** is currently applied to ALL online resources **irrespective of their impact** to any active non-competitive constraint
- Resources that were economical and hence moved up in STEP1 could be moved down in STEP2 if they have positive Shift Factor to a non-competitive constraint. Resources having no impact on the non-competitive constraints could then be moved up based on their mitigated prices to meet power balance requirement in STEP2.
- **Offer floors** for NSPIN/RUC/RMR, **QSGR offers** and **offers** submitted based on Voluntary Mitigation Plan (**VMP**) could be uneconomical in STEP1 but could become **economical** in STEP2 and hence get dispatched **at mitigated price**
- **Potential Fix:** Only mitigate Resource that have significant impact to the active non-competitive constraint

# Offer Mitigation



# Over Mitigation Issue

## Base Point Oscillation

- **Marginal Resources** could be **moved around** based on changes in system condition like drop in wind, unit tripping etc
- **Offer floors** for NSPIN/RUC/RMR, **QSGR offers**, **offers** submitted based on **VMP increases** the **number of marginal Resources** and hence more Resources are moved around
- When Reference LMP is higher than typical Mitigated offer cap, Resources with high submitted **offers** get **mitigated at Reference LMP**. Under tight system condition Reference LMP could change significantly between consecutive SCED runs causing the offers of these resources to **move between economical and uneconomical** with respect to other offer resulting in Base Point oscillation
- **Potential Fix** : Base Point oscillation could be minimized by reducing the set of Resources that are subject to mitigation

# Tie Breaking Issue

QSGRs brought online when not needed by system

- “Tie breaking” logic – Even with no constraints, **SCED prorates the energy awarded at Ref LMP** in STEP1 to all online resources in STEP2 that have a mitigated price equal to Ref LMP
- When **Ref LMP > typical mitigated offer cap**, mitigation often **results in lots of Resource offers at the same price** (Ref LMP) in STEP2.
- All QSGRs operating with ON status (Protocol 3.8.3 ) may receive small, non-zero Base Points requiring them to come online at LSL when they are not really needed by system which in turn causes price depression
- **Potential Fix** : Eliminate multiple offers at same price
  - Cap EOC at  $\max(\text{MOC}, \text{Ref LMP} + \text{MOC} * K1)$  instead of  $\max(\text{MOC}, \text{Ref LMP})$  where K1 is significantly small, e.g. 0.001
  - Issue: Multiple QSGRs in the same location with the same MOC can still see tie-breaking impact if their MOCs are same.

# Proposed Solution

- Run CCT on activate constraint every 5 min to identify which constraints to be considered as competitive and which Resource to be mitigated
- Identify DMEs with negative-side-ECI greater than a threshold for an active non-competitive constraints as the DMEs to be mitigated (Threshold could be based on % of calculated ECI)
- For those DMEs, mitigate only those Resources with an impact contribution percentage for that DME greater than a threshold. (i.e. negative SF resources with  $(SF*HSL)/\text{Sum}(SF*HSL) > \text{threshold}$ )
- Mitigate based on  $\text{Min}[\text{offer}, \text{Max}(\text{Ref LMP} + K1*MOC, MOC)]$
- Apply offer floor to all resources to address predatory pricing
- To prevent mitigation from switching between being applied and not being applied,
  - once a Resource is identified for mitigation, it will be mitigated for the rest of the operating hour
  - Any constraint deemed non-competitive during the operating hour will not be re-evaluated and will be considered non-competitive until the top of the next operating hour



# Mitigation in other ISOs

	ERCOT	CAISO	ISO-NE	MISO
Day Ahead Energy	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hour Ahead Energy	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A
Real Time Energy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
RUC	No	No	Yes	No
Offer Caps	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Physical Withholding Check/Prevention	No	Yes	Yes	Yes