Outline on ALR Whitepaper - Update for DSWG 110212

1 Background and Introduction

Utilize new Technology to facilitate aggregation of small load to provide Non-Spin Ancillary Service

≻Lower hurdle includes

- •No need for Under Frequency Relays
- •30 min Ramp / Notice period before performance
- •Non-spin is not locational in nature

2 **Telemetry Validation**

Proposes sampling concept to reduce entry costs but still maintain acceptable standard for representing the response of the group

➢QSE must follow Protocols in Sections 6.5.5.2 specifically and Section 7

➢Allows for using

IDR
AMS
other 15 minute capable measurement devices

PE must attest to following PUC rule 25.142 on Sub-metering accuracy standard
Submitted to ERCOT in to be prescribed timeframes

3 Uniformity

>QSE completes Resource Asset Registration Form (RARF)

>nominates the ALR group as static or not

Static group will have prescribed performance methodology

>Non-static group to be analyzed for load shape uniformity

Loads in Non-Static groups must be of similar size and shape i.e. Residential, Small Commercial, Small Industrial

4 Management of Changes to ALR Populations

- Expected to be dynamic and scalable
- Managed by Resource Entity, QSE, TDSP or Meter Reading Entity
- ALR parameters established in the Network Model in RARF by Resource Entity
- New interface to be built by ERCOT accessible to managing entities
 - •Competitive Choice areas QSE manage at the ESIID level
 - •NOIE territories QSE to provide unique meter identifier for each member of the ALR group
 - •NOIE QSE and TDSP must affirm membership of the ALR group
- Parameters related to real-time performance and Ancillary Services monitor submitted via telemetry
- >ERCOT periodic review of the statistical sample accuracy

5 Network Modeling: Texas Load Aggregation Points (TLAPs)

Leverage the Load Resource concept of assigning the "resource" to a point in the Network Model

- >ALR group would be assigned a place (element) in the Network Model
 - •ALR group can't exceed load capacity of the element it is assigned
 - •DR capacity can't should not pose operational concerns
 - •Each ALR group assigned a different element
 - •ERCOT manage whether ALRs as a whole to ensure TLAP integrity
 - •Long term allowance to assign loads more diversely in the Model

6 Measurement & Verification

>ERCOT to assign an M&V methodology

•Measurement Before / Measurement After - calculated with 5 minute telemetry before and after an event

•Baseline - calculation of what should have occurred based on ERCOT developed methods applied to Emergency Response Service

•Control Group may be designated by ERCOT for comparison to group actually responding to an event instruction