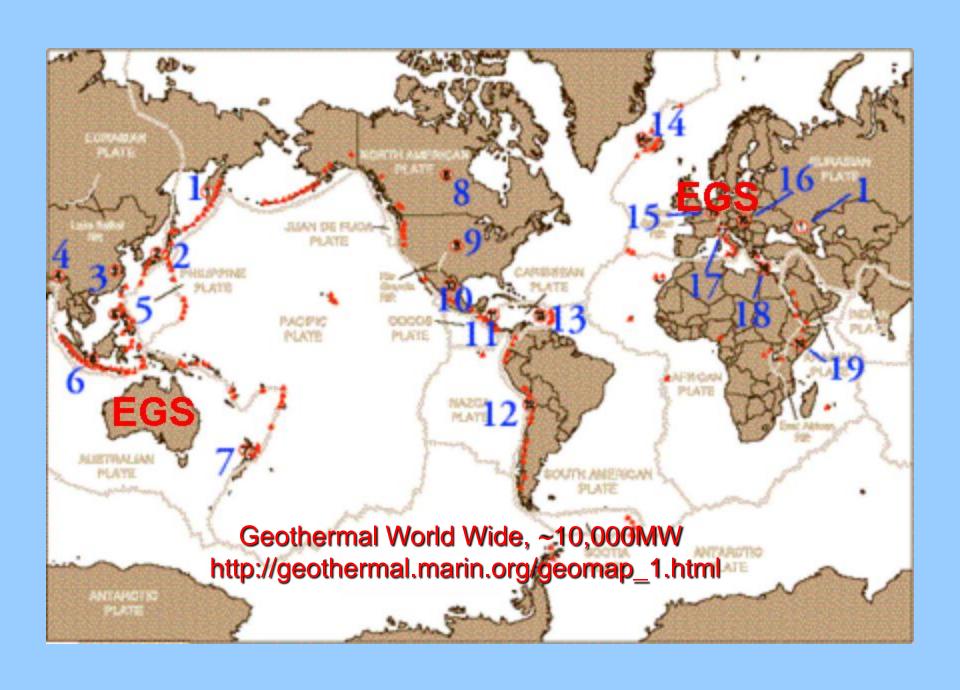
Geothermal Energy-Power for Texas in the 21st Century

ERCOT Presentation

September 24, 2010

David Blackwell

SMU Geothermal Laboratory

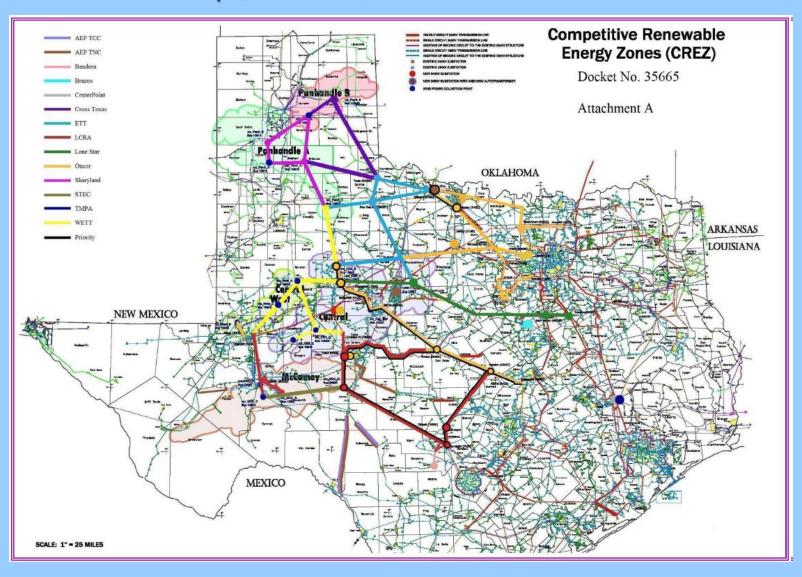


Historical Perspective

Geopressure Geothermal: DOE Spends \$200MM 1975-1990

Approximately 10,000 MW installed world wide, mostly high temperature hydrothermal (>150 °C, 300°F) in the ring of fire EGS from US to Japan to Europe/Australia Lower temperature technology developed Geothermal is Scalable Geothermal is "baseload"

\$5,000,000,000 will build 1,500 to 2,500 MW Geothermal installed (1,350 to 2,250 MW at 90 % load factor



Conventional Hydrothermal

- Cost \$2-4,000,000/MW
- Pay for "fuel" up front, difficult to finance
- 2 wells drilled for every producer, i.e. reservoir uncertainty
- Wells 30% of cost
- Land access problems (Federal)
- Market limited to some extent
- Localized in west









SMU Web site: http://smu.edu/geothermal





Site Map

(Click on plus signs for subcategories or words to link)

- SMU Geothermal Databases
- Geothermal Heat Pumps
- Geothermal Resources
- Informative Links
- Oil & Gas
- Publications
- SMU Geothermal Degree
- Teacher Educational Materials
- Temperature Logs
- Texas Geothermal Outreach and Networking Program

Conference News

Geothermal Energy Utilization Associated with Oil & Gas Development June 17-18, 2008



Texas Renewables '07

Conference Presentations

Abilene; November 13-14 2007

Geothermal talks:

Geothermal Energy (GSHP), Shawn Beard -Energy America Geothermal;

A Ground Source Heat Pump Initiative in the Blue Skyways Collaborative, James Yarbrough - U.S, EPA

Hot Topics



Geothermal Map of North America

Recent Press

Google to Invest in Geothermal New York Times 8/19/08

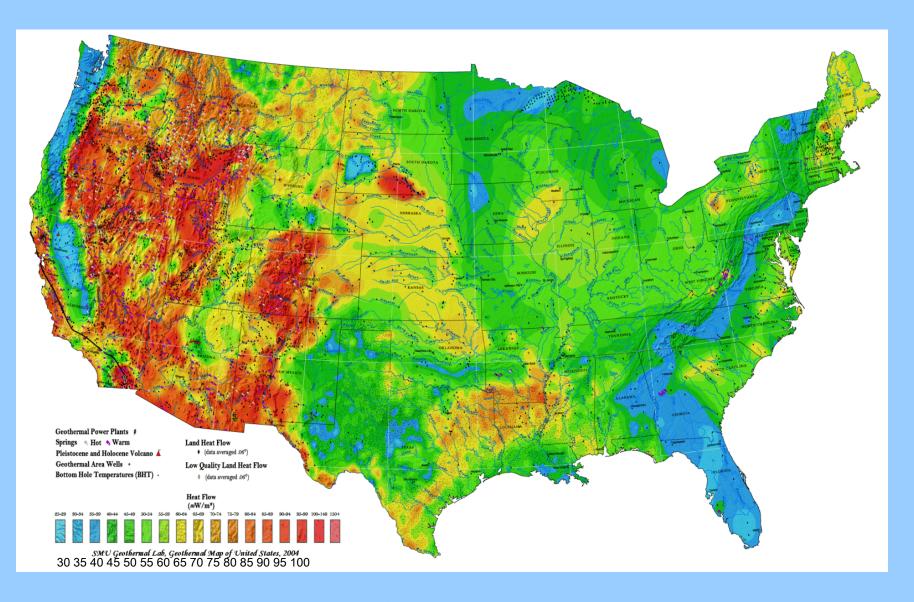
Google.org announcement 8/19/08

Free to be Green

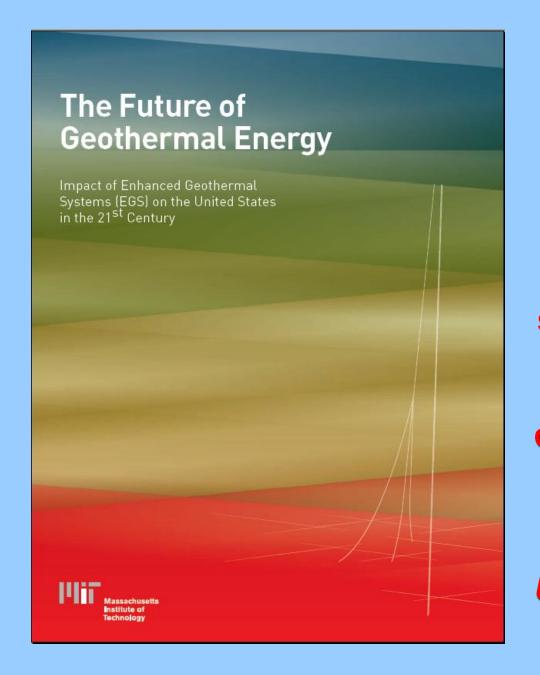
DFW Chanel 33 News 7/25/08

In the Push for Alternative Energy, What Happened to Geothermal? US News and World Report 7/21/08

Oil, Gas and Geothermal Energy SMU Press Release 6/19/08

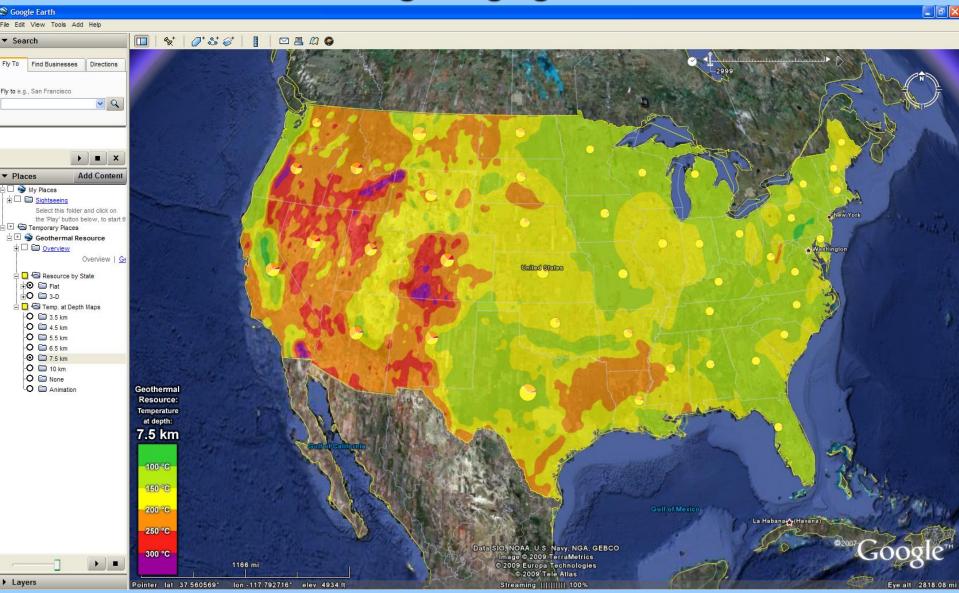


2004 Geothermal Map of North America (Blackwell & Richards)

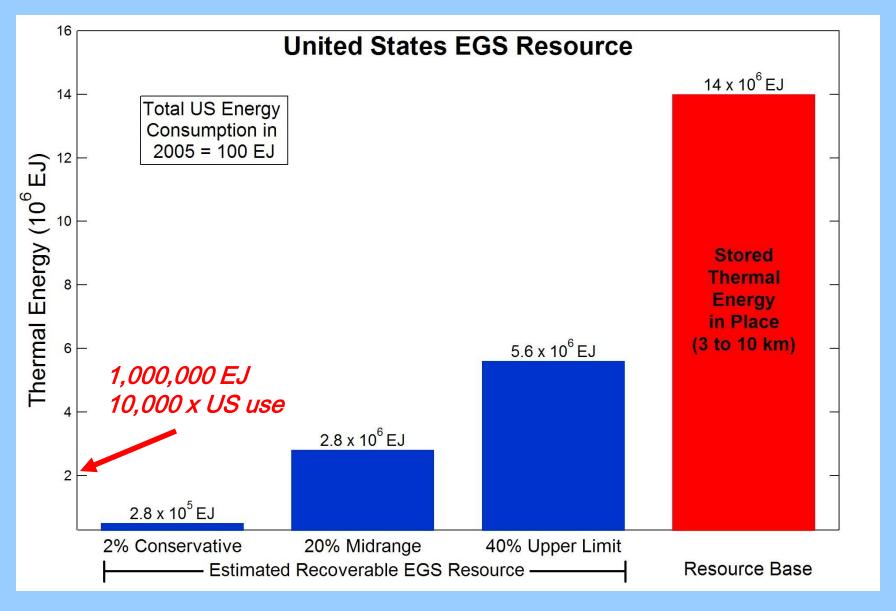


THE EGS SYSTEM **Introduction of water into** rock of limited permeability (either tight sediment or basement) in a controlled fracture setting so that this water can be withdrawn in other wells for heat extraction, i.e. heat mining also Unconventional approaches

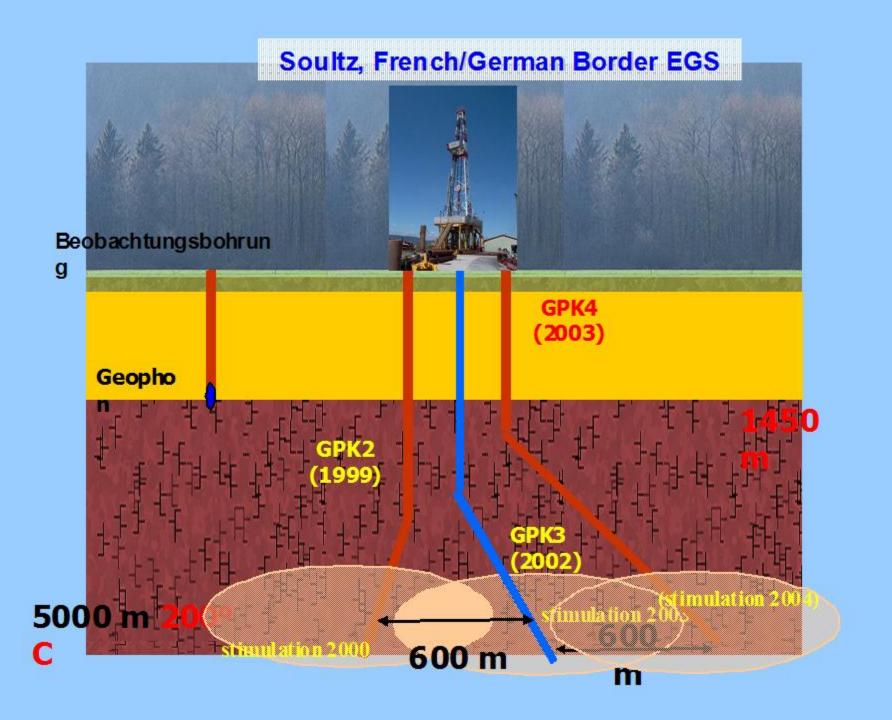
Google.org/egs

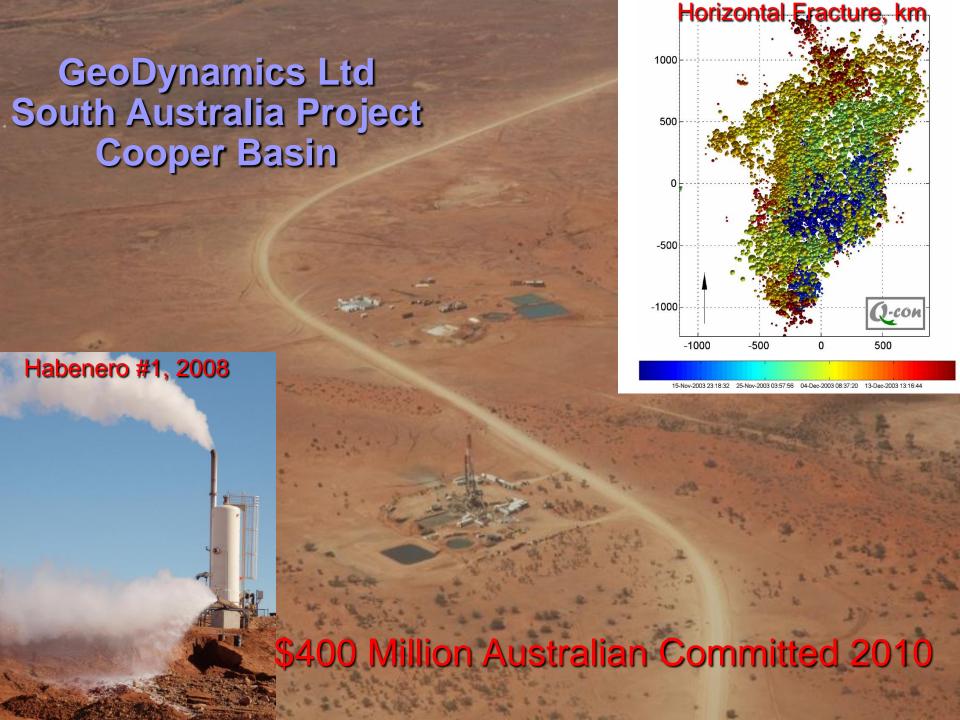


Invested \$15,500,000 in AltaRock, Potter Drilling, SMU Geothermal Lab



Estimated total geothermal resource base and recoverable resource given in EJ or 10⁺¹⁸ Joules.





From Hot Water to Hydrogen Bringing Geothermal Power to Alaska











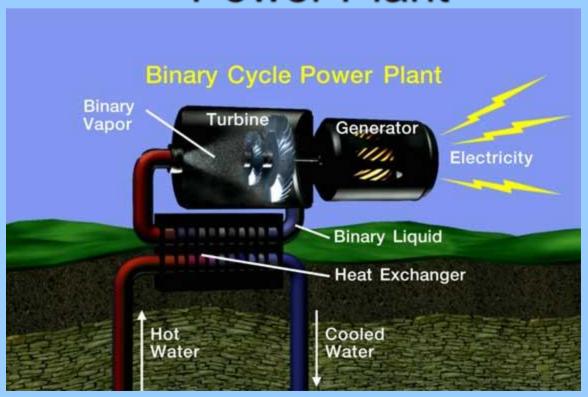




Presented by: Bernie Karl

SMU Geothermal Conference June 12th, 2007

Binary Cycle Moderate Temperature Power Plant



- Basically and A/C Unit Run Backwards:
- Closed Loop System
- Can operate as low as 160°F



Raser Thermo, Utah 12.5 MW Geothermal Development-Cascaded UTC 250kW Units

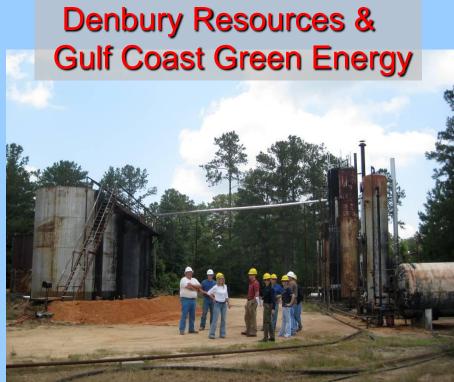




A panorama from the day of the ribbion cutting ceremony.









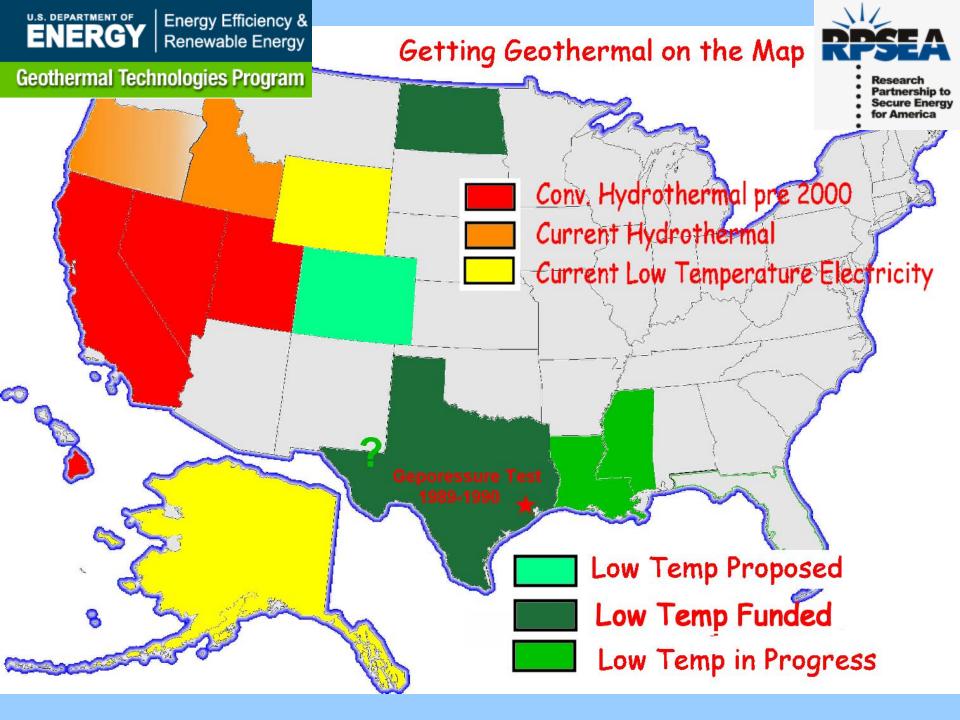
RPSEA.org Demonstration Project

Mississippi Summerland Field

190°F current surface temperature

Chena Mobile Power System







Final Report

Texas Geothermal Assessment for the I35 Corridor East

FOR

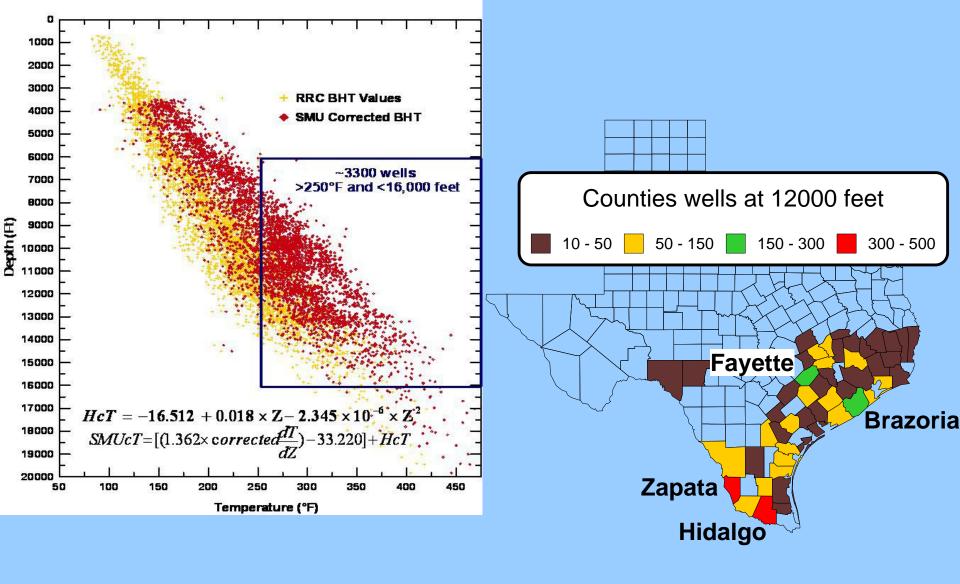
Texas State Energy Conservation Office Contract CM709

Dr. David Blackwell, Maria Richards, and Patrick Stepp

Southern Methodist University
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SMU Geothermal Laboratory
PO Box 750395
Dallas, Texas 75275-0395

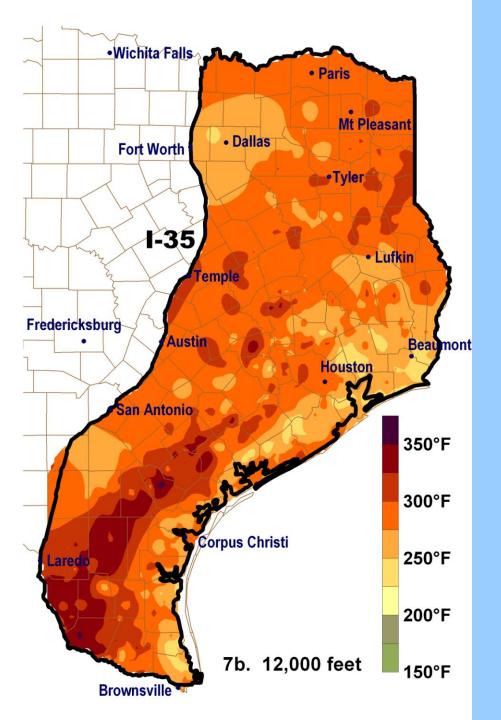
March 29, 2010



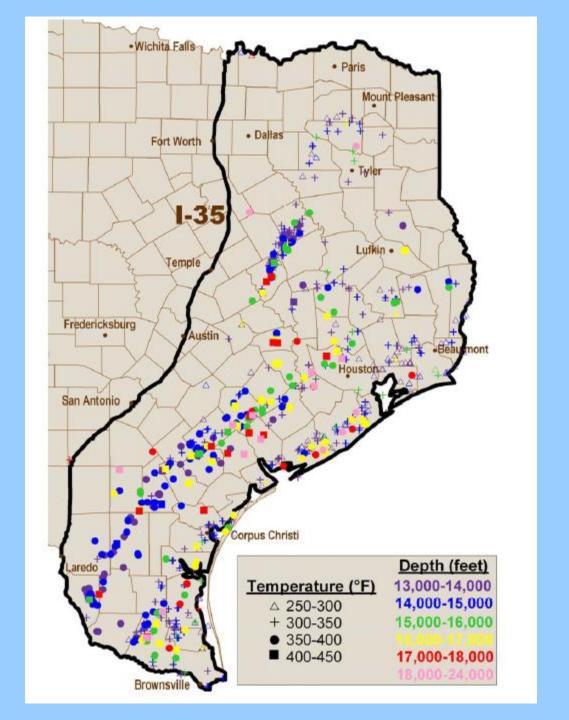


3648 wells

Gulf Coast Wells active in 2000 - 2005 Total Wells 18,224



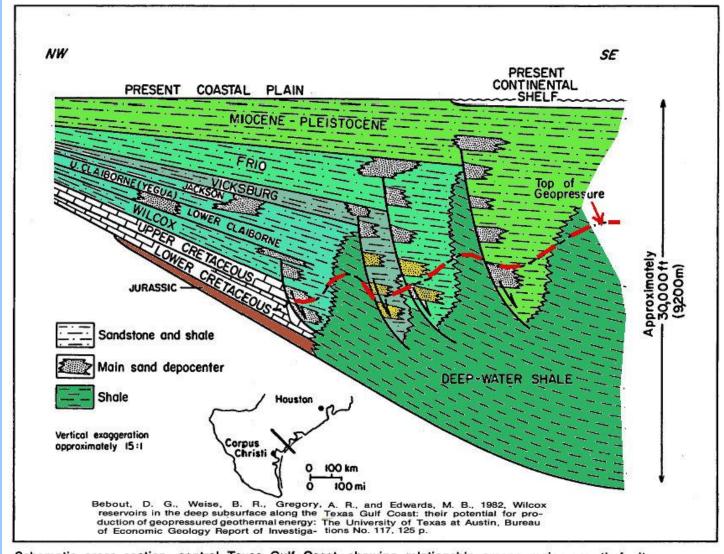
Detailed corrected temperature map at 12,000 feet



GeoPressure

- Pleasant Bayou, Brazoria, Texas
 - **1989-1990**
 - DOE Project with Ben Holt Company
 - Geopressure-Geothermal Hybrid Cycle plant
 - A mixture of methane and geothermal used
 - This 1 MW facility was not optimized for electricity generation. Despite this, from November 1989 until May 1990, the facility generated 3,445 MWh, and cycled 1.4 MMstb of brine and 39.2 MMscf of natural gas through the facility [40].
 - Net Power 980kW (1/2 gas, 1/2 temperature)

[40] Chacko, J.J., Maciasz, G, Harder, B.J.: "Gulf Coast Geopressured – Geothermal Program Summary Report Compilation", Work performed under U.S. Department of Energy Contract No. DE-FG07-95ID13366. June 1998.



Schematic cross section, central Texas Gulf Coast, showing relationship among major growth faults, expansion of section, sand depocenters, and top of geopressure (after Bebout and others, 1982).

Gulf Coast Geology and Geopressure Geothermal Resource Setting: USGS (1979) estimates 70 to 170 MW resource potential (gas & heat)

Table 1. Estimates of Total Geopressured Resource, onshore/offshore the Texas-Louisiana Gulf Coast, in Quads *One quad equals 1015 Btu or one trillion cu gas.

Source	Thermal	Mechanical	Gas	Total
Brown—Hudson	_	-	60,000 100,000	60,000 100,000
Dorfman—Texas	-	-	5,735	5,735
Hawkins— LSU (Louisiana only,*	19.5	1.2	13.6	34.3
Jones — LSU (sands & shales) (sands only)	_	=	100,000 49,000	100,000 49,000
Papadopulos — U.S.G.S. Circ. 726 (sands & shales assessed onshore only) (unassessed only)		198.0 and one-half to be the assessed o		67,456 alf
Wallace — U.S.G.S. Circ. 790 (assessed onshore sandstone only)	5,800	- 1	3,220	9,100
(assessed offshore sandstone only)	5,200	-	2,800	8,000

U.S. Department of Energy Division of Geothermal Energy Washington, D.C. 20585 Geopressured Geothermal Resources

"The Future of Geothermal"

Table 1.1 Estimated U.S. geothermal resource base to 10 km depth by category

Category of Resource	Thermal Energy, in Exajoules (1EJ = 10 ¹⁸ J)	Reference
Conduction-dominated EGS		
Sedimentary rock formations	>100,000	This study
Crystalline basement rock formations	13,900,000	This study
Supercritical Volcanic EGS*	74,100	USGS Circular 790
Hydrothermal	2,400 – 9,600	USGS Circulars 726 and 790
Coproduced fluids	0.0944 – 0.4510	McKenna, et al. (2005)
Geopressured systems	71,000 – 170,000**	USGS Circulars 726 and 790

^{*} Excludes Yellowstone National Park and Hawaii

Note: 100 EJ =US 1 year use

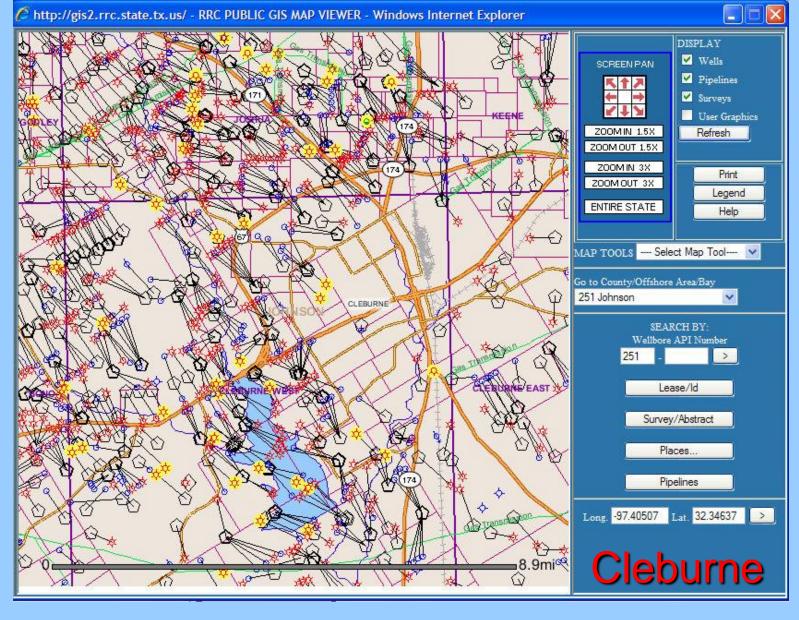
^{**} Includes methane content



Pleasant Bayou, Brazoria County Texas Power Plant USDOE Geothermal Project, ½ gas ½ Geothermal 1 MW produced between mid 1989 and mid 1990,

Tight Gas Sands

- Hard, abrasive rock
- Mild geopressure
- Low natural permeability
- Temperatures of 150 to 225 °C
- Fracture treatments & horizontal wells
- Limited reservoir uncertainty



Horizontal Wells as EGS Heat Exchangers
Giddings Austin Chalk Play, Haynesville Shale Play, etc

Geothermal Energy from Oil and Gas Fields

- ❖Base Load
- Green, no emissions
- Located in industrialized areas
- Financing by long term loans
- Lowers cost of production
- Multibillion dollar market in Texas alone
- Large scale gas resources developed with geopressure

Green Oil/Gas Fields

Existing Gulf Coast Field Conditions

- Many wells with BHT's at over 250 °F at 15,000 ft or less
- Water produced from wells, stripped of hydrocarbons, and reinjected (paid for by disposer!)
- In-place infrastructure of power lines, roads, pipelines
- Possible continued stripping of gas and oil in otherwise non-economic wells (3,200 TCF natural gas, USGS, 1979)
- Existing o/g infrastructure and business expertise

Direct Costs to Develop a Texas Water-Flood Field-payout ~ 3 yrs

- Build power station
- Minor surface infrastructure upgrades (i.e., insulating collection pipes)
- Redevelop wells for water production (dissolved gas)

DOE Stimulus Funding Announced October 28, 2009

2) Coproduced, Geopressured, and Low Temperature Projects

Universal GeoPower LLC	\$1,499,288	Liberty County	TX	Universal GeoPower LLC will utilize a modular low temperature binary unit to produce power from oil and gas wells in Liberty County, Texas.
Louisiana Tank, Inc.	\$5,000,000	Cameron Parish	LA	Louisiana Tank, Inc. will demonstrate the feasibility of a geopressured power plant in Cameron Parish, Louisiana.

5) Geothermal Data Development, Collection and Maintenance

Southern				Southern Methodist University will help populate the
Methodist	\$5,250,000	Dallas	TX	NGDS with geothermal related data from various
University				sources.

TEBG, Texas Tech, Texatherm, Siemans, Cornell, etc

Wind Power Grants: Texas

•Bull Creek: \$91,390,497

•Pyron Farm: \$121,903,906

•Penascal: \$114,071,646

•Barton Chapel: \$ 72,573,627

Geo Texas wins geothermal leases offshore Texas

4/7/2009 10:30:10 PM GMT



AUSTIN, TEXAS: The Texas General Land Office and the School Land Board have awarded three geothermal leases off the Texas coast to Eugene, Oregon-based Geo Texas Co. at its April 7 lease sale. Geo Texas was the only bidder for the geothermal leases.

The company now has the rights to produce geothermal energy on 128,758 acres of state land off the coasts of Galveston, Brazoria and Matagorda counties.

The terms of the bid require Geo Texas to pay US\$2 an acre bonus and US\$3 an acre annual rental for the state submerged land. Once Geo

Texas begins to produce electricity, the state's Permanent School Fund will earn a 2.05 percent royalty for the first 10 years of the lease, and 3.8 percent for years 11 through 30. Even without any energy production, the state's Permanent School Fund will earn more than US\$386,000 a year.

Texas Land Commissioner Jerry Patterson said, "Texas is the nation's new frontier for renewable energy and today's lease sale is more evidence of that. These leases should earn the state's school fund millions and show that renewable energy is profitable in Texas."

Geothermal Incentives and Financing

Texas H.B. 4433 Hydrocarbon Tax Exemption from Geothermal Wells (effective September 1, 2009)

"Exempts from severance taxes oil and gas incidentally produced in association with the production of geothermal energy."

Severance Taxes Exemption if produced with Geothermal Energy

Gas (7.5%) Oil (4.6%)

2.1 % Federal Tax Credit or 30% Investment Tax Credit



Geothermal Development Scenarios:

- •Water flood fields 200-300°F MW's each
- •Redevelop Deep Gas fields 300-400°F 10's MW each
- Direct Development of Deep Massive Sands (Wilcox)
- with mild Geopressure or gas drive
- Development of Hard Geopressure
- Offshore Platforms
- On site use or wheeling
- Cycling scenarios
- Mobile small scale generation stations

Technical aspects:

Bigger Wells

Larger Fracs

More reservoir modeling/monitoring

If Life Gives You Hot Water



Make Ice!