

# Today's ERCOT In Plain English

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**Gulf Coast Power Association Austin, Texas, Sept. 26, 2005** 

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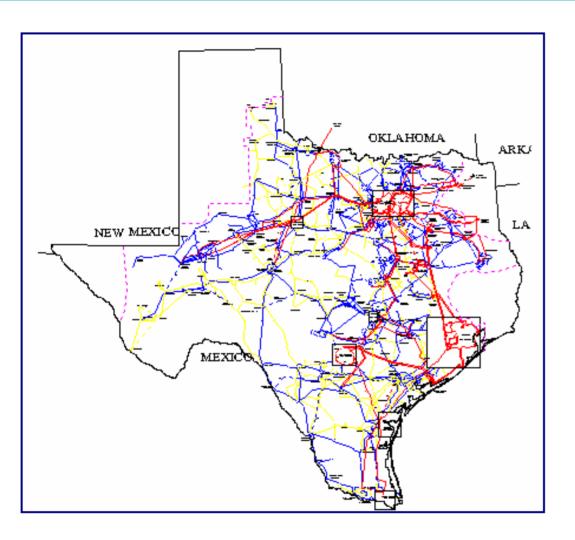
- 1. Overview & review of core tasks
- 2. System planning & operations
- 3. Market operations
- 4. Stakeholder services
- 5. Change on the way

## The ERCOT Grid

- ERCOT grid covers 75% of Texas and serves 85% of Texas load
  - Assets are owned by transmission providers and generators, including municipal utilities and cooperatives
- ERCOT Region is 1 of 3 North American grid interconnections
  - Grid interconnections based on Alternating Current (AC) -electricity flows on path of least resistance
  - ERCOT Connections to other grids limited to Direct Current (DC) ties, which allow control over flow of electricity
- Non-ERCOT parts of Texas:
  - Panhandle
  - El Paso area
  - 2 areas of East Texas



# **ERCOT Region**



## **Facts & Figures**

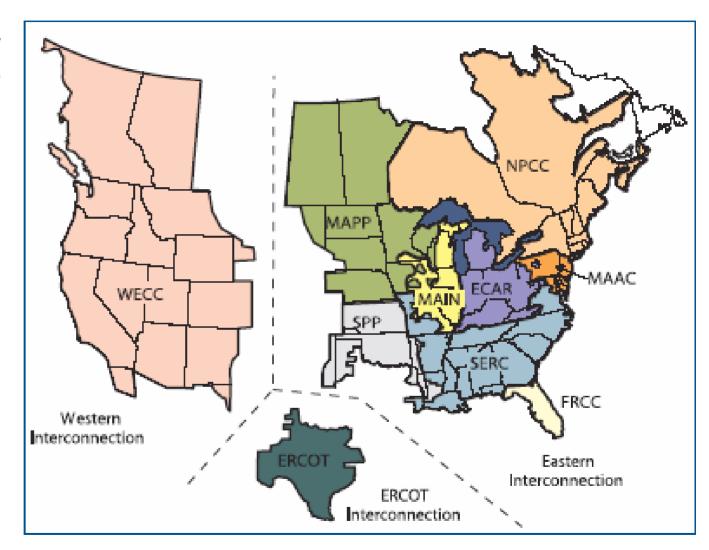
- 200,000 Square Miles
- 38,000 miles of Transmission Lines
  - Nearly 700 miles of 345 kV lines added since 1999
- 69,000 MW of total resources\*
- 26,000 MW of new generation capacity added since 1998
- 60,279 MW Peak Load (2005 est.)
- 16.9% Reserve Margin for 2005
- 3 DC Ties
- Single point of control



<sup>\*</sup> Includes DC Ties, switchable units, and mothballed units

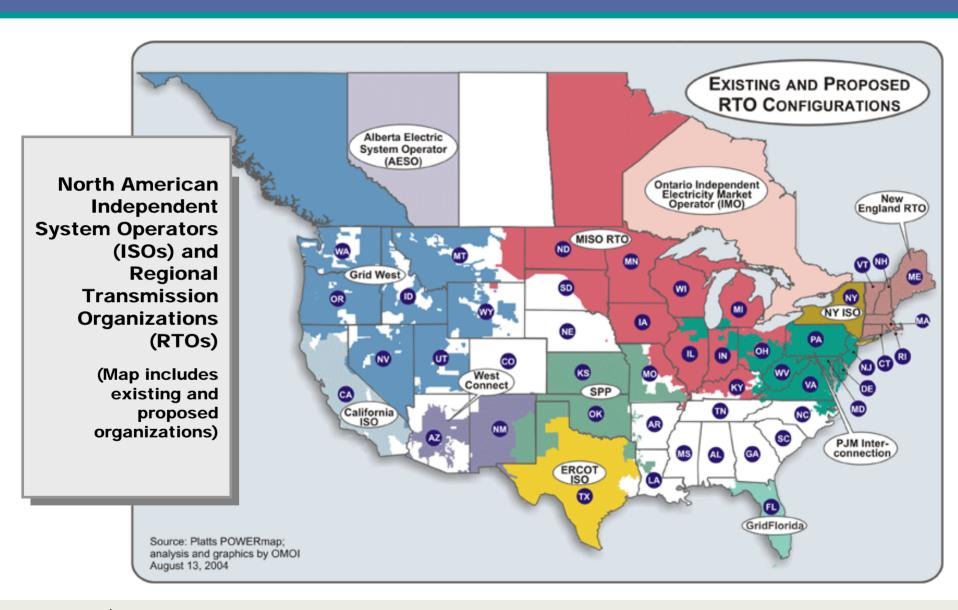
# **North American Interconnected Grids**

## NERC Reliability Council Regions





# **ISOs and RTOs**





# The many definitions of ERCOT

- A geographical area (region) defined by electrical facilities and customers
- Regional Reliability Council within NERC (one of 10)
- Independent System Operator (grid operator) one of 9 in U.S. and Canada – with multiple roles:
  - Responsible for grid operations and reliability
  - Administrator of the wholesale power market (deregulated 1996)
  - Administrator of the retail electric market (restructured 2002)
  - Supervising entity for transmission planning
  - Administrator of the Renewable Energy Credit program for the State of Texas (2002)
- A term frequently used to describe the collaborative stakeholder process for developing protocols & guides

ERCOT is a nonprofit 501(c)(6) corporation



# **Industry Restructuring**

#### **ERCOT under Senate Bill 7**

(76th Legislature, 1999)

As the designated independent organization, ERCOT was assigned these SB7 responsibilities:

- Ensure <u>open access</u> to transmission and distribution systems
- Ensure <u>reliability</u> -- "Keep the lights on"
- Ensure timely <u>conveyance of information</u> needed to support customer choice retail switching
- Ensure accurate <u>accounting</u> for electricity production and delivery



## **Senate Bill 7**

- SB7 became law in 1999
- Required creation of a competitive retail electricity market
- Municipal utilities and Cooperatives could decide when (and if) to "opt in"
- Open access to transmission was mandated
- •ERCOT named as "central registration agent" for retail choice

# **Signs of Success**

- Infrastructure investment process that works
- Excellent NERC compliance record
- Congestion costs falling
- Successful retail choice market
- Inclusive and transparent governance model

## ERCOT's Rules of the Road

#### **ERCOT** must perform its responsibilities consistent with:

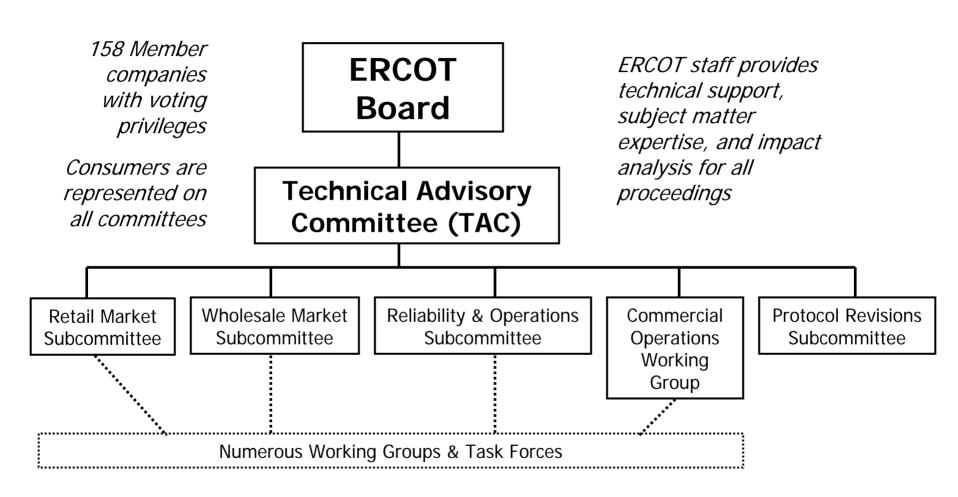
- Texas Legislation (i.e., SB 7)
- NERC Guidelines
- PUCT Rules
- ERCOT Protocols and Guides as approved by ERCOT Board of Directors
- Rules-based -- even the process for changing the rules is highly rule-driven

"Seek institutional integrity, consistency and sound judgment in our operations -- per the rules that govern our operation"

# Policymaking: ERCOT as a Resource

- ERCOT is a neutral and independent source of facts on electricity issues for policymakers
- Facilitates discussion and provides subject matter expertise
- Does not advocate positions on policy
  - EXCEPTION: Issues involving grid reliability
- Provides system impact analysis for proposed Protocol or Rule changes
- Ensures proposals will not negatively affect system reliability
- Identifies possible conflicts with other provisions

## **ERCOT Stakeholder Process**



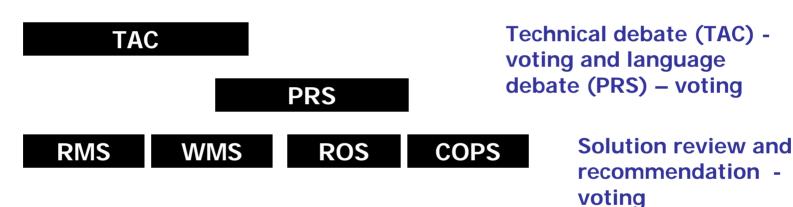
## Change in the Market: Market Participant Driven

#### **PUC of Texas**

**ERCOT Board of Directors** 

**Ultimate Decision Making, Fiduciary Responsibility - voting** 

E R C O T



WG/TF

WG/TF

WG/TF

Analysis, communication, training, implementation, operations of MP and PUCT decisions

Detailed solution development (non-voting, consensus seeking



a

## Stakeholder Process -- A Significant Commitment

#### In 2004, over 600 ERCOT MP meetings:

- Well more than 100 highly skilled ERCOT Staff called on to contribute to governance process. 30+ FTEs demanded by meeting volume and ERCOT service responsibilities.
- ERCOT costs to support GM estimated at \$4-5mm/year
  - Staff (loaded), plus facilities (depr., util., taxes, insur.)
- MP & PUCT costs to support GM (if 3x) = \$12 15mm
  - Staff (loaded), T&E, consultants/counsel...

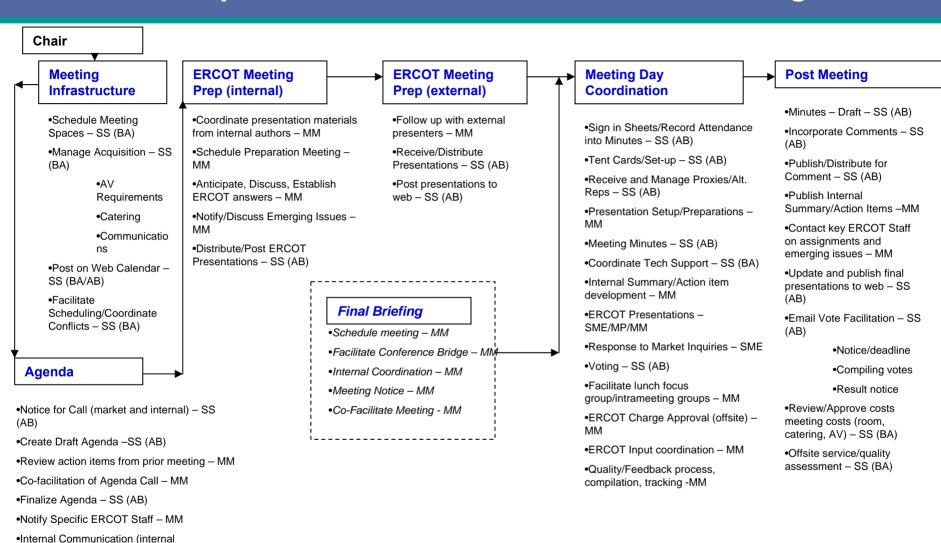
# But, the return is great

- Fair and open forum democratic decision making
- Stakeholder driven agenda and accountability
- Deliberative, advance notice, no surprises
- Transparent via published agendas, minutes and votes
- Opportunity to ensure no issues are avoided
- Expected business outcomes:
  - Continuous improvement to the Texas electric market
  - Value of market benefits in excess of cost to change

ERCOT rated the #1 competitive electric market in N. America!



#### Resource Requirements: TAC/Subcommittee Meeting Process





clients/requested participants) - MM

•Distribute Agenda and post to web – SS (AB)

## Staff Focused on Continuous Improvement/ Change

- Governance model assures <u>constant change</u>
- <u>Complex systems</u> and business process challenge change
- <u>Effective change management</u> is critical to maintaining high performance standards
- Experience and dedication of highly talented Staff has been a key to our success
- Selection and <u>retention of key staff</u> vitally important

## **ERCOT Board**

# 14-member 'Hybrid Board'

- 6 stakeholder members selected by market participant segment:
  - IOUs
  - Municipal utilities
  - Electric cooperatives
  - Independent REPs
  - Independent Generators
  - Independent Power Marketers

- 3 consumer members
  - Industrial
  - Commercial
  - Residential (OPUC)
- 3 unaffiliated (independent) members
- ERCOT CEO
- PUCT Chair (ex-officio, non-voting)

Two-thirds majority vote required for Board action

Stakeholder Board model required by original SB7 due to complexity of market startup



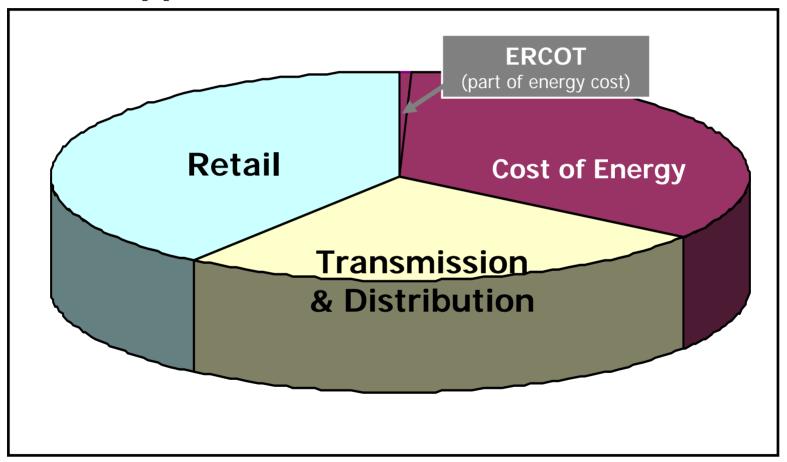
## How ERCOT is Funded

#### **ERCOT Administration Fee**

- ERCOT is funded primarily by a PUC-approved Administration Fee
  - Paid by QSEs representing load in the wholesale market
  - Applied to each MWh of electricity consumed
  - Not charged directly to retail customers
- ERCOT is not funded by tax dollars
- Fee currently set at \$.42 per MWh
  - Other ISOs' costs range from \$.54 to \$.98 per MWh
- Each \$.01 of the Fee generates ~\$3 million in revenue
- ERCOT's 2005 budget is ~\$127 million
- Approximate cost to average residential customer = about \$.42 per month (assumes pass-through: QSEs→LSEs →Customer)

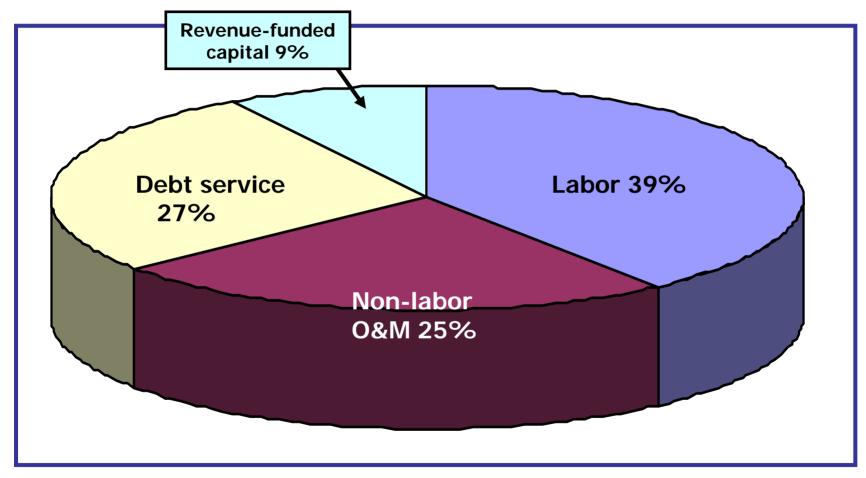
# Residential Electric Bill

# Approximate breakdown





# **ERCOT Budget**



\$127 million in 2005



# 2. System planning & operations



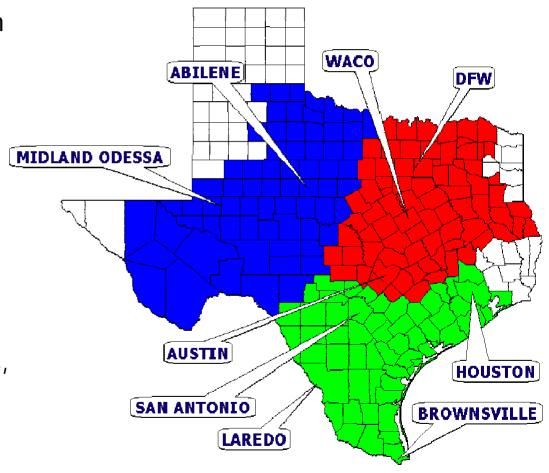
# **ERCOT Planning Process**

- ERCOT supervises an open, non-discriminatory planning process that considers and balances the impact of transmission system additions on stakeholders
- Projects or studies can be proposed by any Market Participant,
   Transmission Owner or ERCOT Staff
- Stakeholders have opportunity to comment on proposals and offer alternative solutions
- ERCOT Staff performs independent review
- ERCOT Staff makes independent recommendation to the Board of Directors for major projects
- ERCOT Board endorsements are considered by the PUC for approval of Certificate of Convenience & Necessity



# Regional Planning Groups

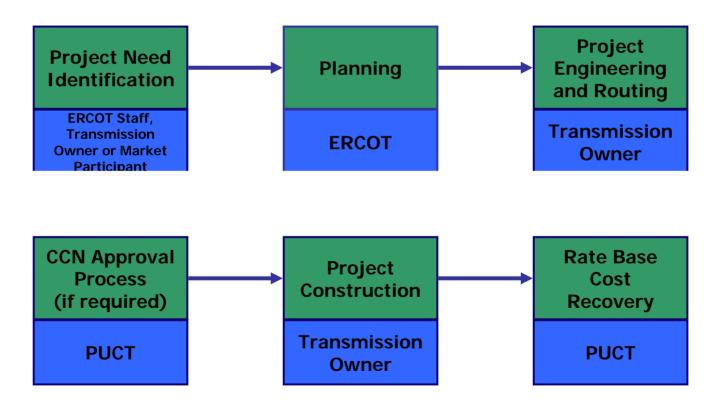
- ERCOT leads and facilitates three Regional Transmission Planning Groups (North, South and West)
- Information about planned transmission projects is distributed to and among members of these groups
- These groups provide the means for stakeholders to participate, express concerns, share alternatives, and provide input to the ERCOT staff independent recommendation





# Implementation of New Transmission Projects

The ERCOT Planning Process is only one part of a broader process through which new transmission is implemented

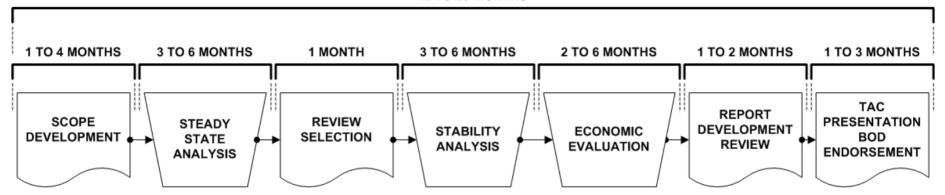




## **Detailed Timeline**

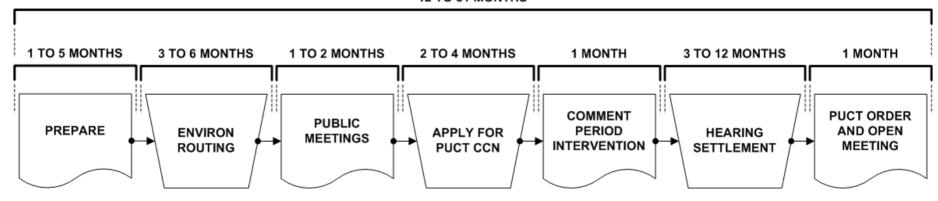
#### Project development and review

**12 TO 28 MONTHS** 



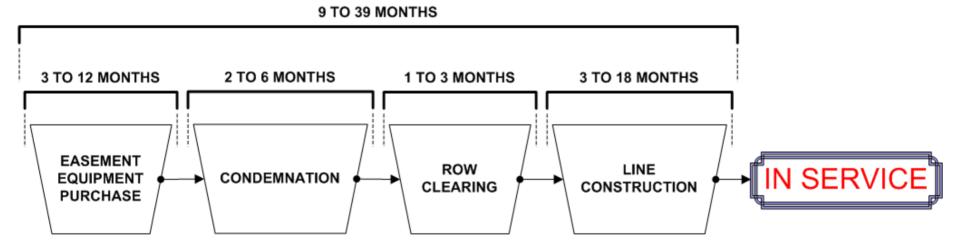
#### Regulatory review

**12 TO 31 MONTHS** 



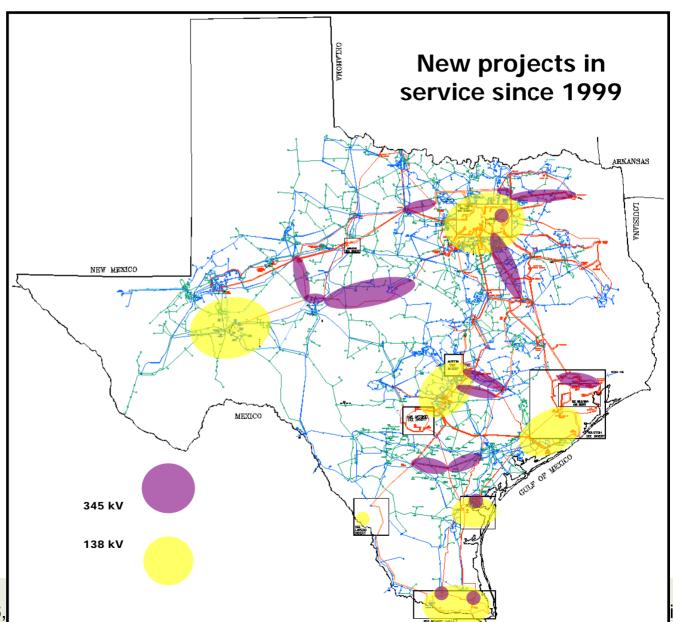
# **Detailed Timeline (cont.)**

#### Construction





# **Major Transmission Completed**

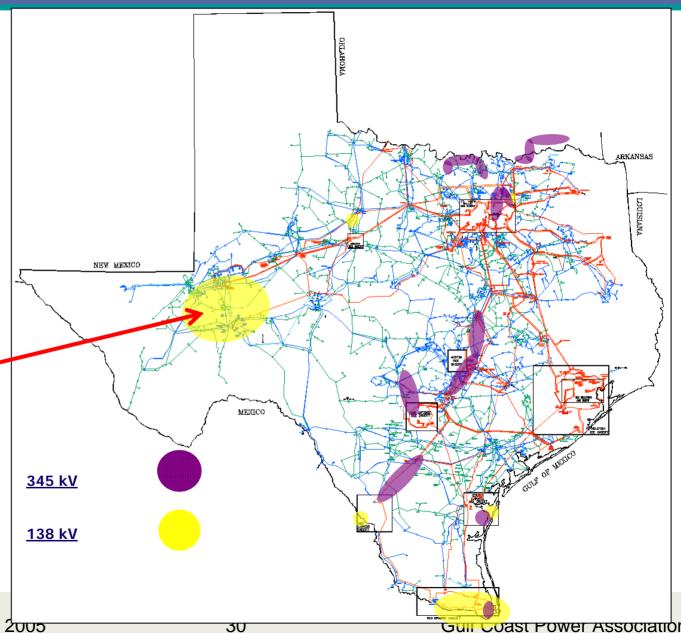




September 26,

# **Transmission Projects Endorsed**

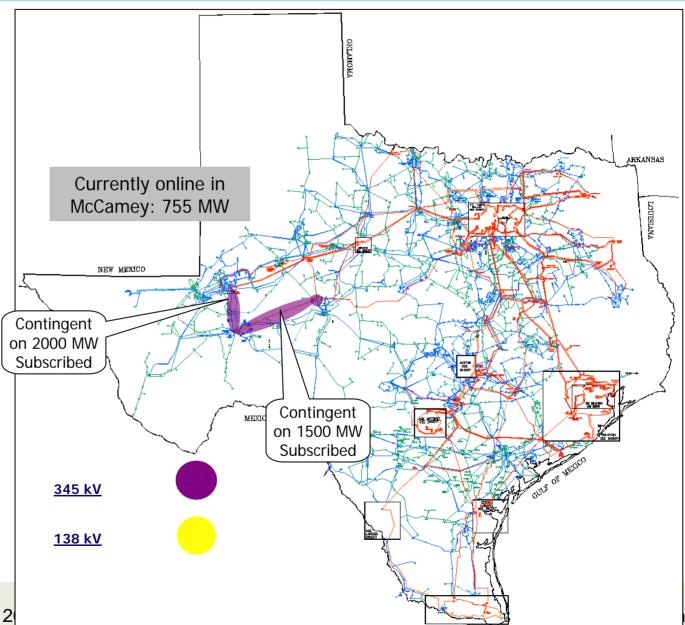
Remaining 138kV upgrades in the McCamey area will be completed by 1Q 2006





# **Contingent Projects**

ERCOT Board in 2003 endorsed two major 345 kV projects from McCamey area contingent upon interconnection agreements

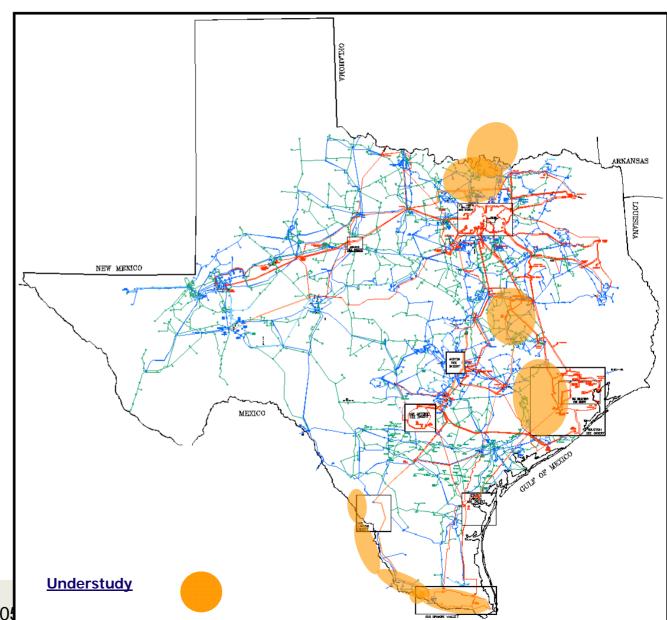




# **Other Projects Under Study**

Areas where major transmission projects are under evaluation to reduce recurring local congestion:

- DFW
- College Station
- West Houston
- Rio Grande Valley





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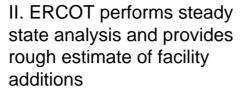
# **Transmission Expansion Issues**

- Time to build: due to permitting and right-of-way requirements, transmission projects can take years to complete
- Building ahead of need: Transmission Owners may not be willing to take the business risk for future generation interconnection projects
- Finite resources: ERCOT is experiencing record transmission expansion and new construction may be limited by available capital and resources

#### **Generation Interconnection Process Overview**

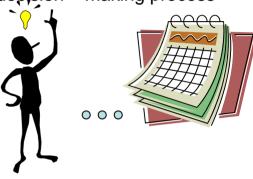
I. Interconnection Feasibility Request submitted to **ERCOT** 







III. Generation owner reviews information and incorporates it into its decision - making process



VII. Transmission

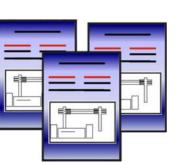
Projects are

approved

IV. Generation owner requests a full interconnection study

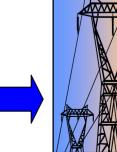


V. TOs and ERCOT performs detail analysis and determine final estimate.



VI. Generation owner signs interconnection







# **Planning Process Results**

#### Facilities added and currently in service (since 1996)

- 26,500 MW of generation capacity interconnected (45% increase)
- Nearly \$2 billion invested in transmission facilities
- 700 miles of new 345 kV transmission lines
- Several hundred miles of new or rebuilt 138 kV transmission lines
- Many 345/138 kV transformers
- Dynamic and static voltage control devices

#### **Underway**

- 619 miles of 345 kV transmission lines
- Numerous 138 kV lines and upgrades
- Additional \$1.8 billion will be invested in the transmission system over next few years, based on current projections

ERCOT Region has seen much greater expansion of transmission infrastructure in recent years than any other North American region



## **Concern Over Generation Reserves**

- New generation in Texas since wholesale competition resulted in 20-30% reserve margins
  - 31,000 MW statewide
  - 27,000 MW in ERCOT
- Recently retirement and mothball have raised concerns about generation capacity
  - Over 7,000 MW of Mothballed capacity
  - Margins below 12.5% by 2010



### **Fuel Diversity**

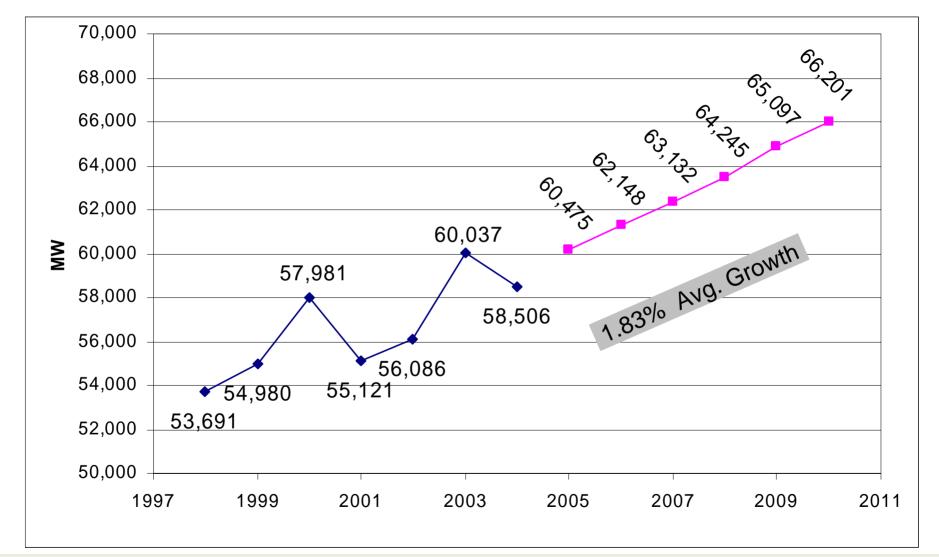
#### **Electric generation fuel sources in ERCOT**

Fuel Source	% Capacity (Summer '05)	% Energy (JanJuly '05)
Natural Gas (includes Dual Fuel)*	72%	45%
Coal	20%	39%
Nuclear	6.5%	13%
Renewables	1.5%	2%



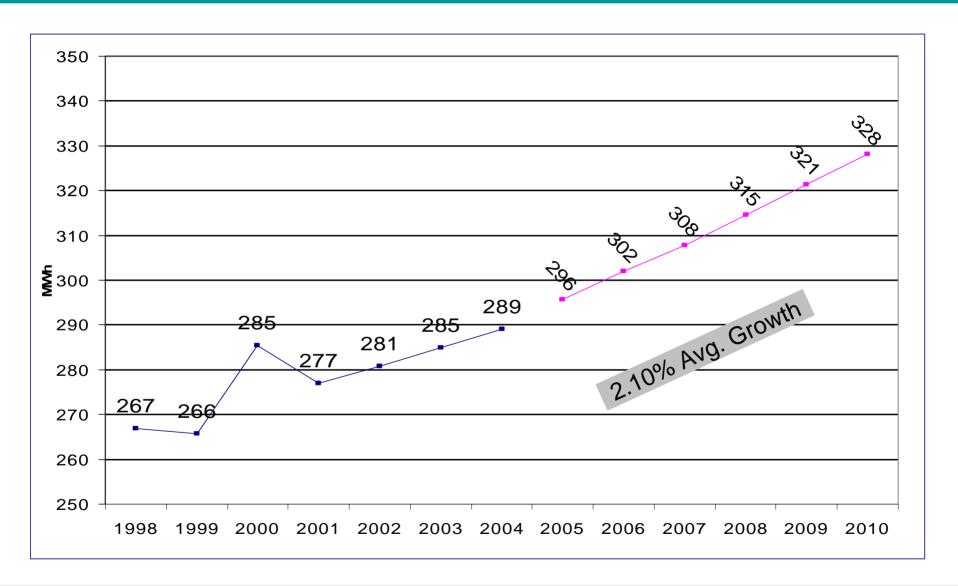
#### **ERCOT Peak Demand Forecast**

#### **ERCOT Econometric Peak Forecast**





### **ERCOT Energy Forecast**





### **Reserve Margin Calculations**

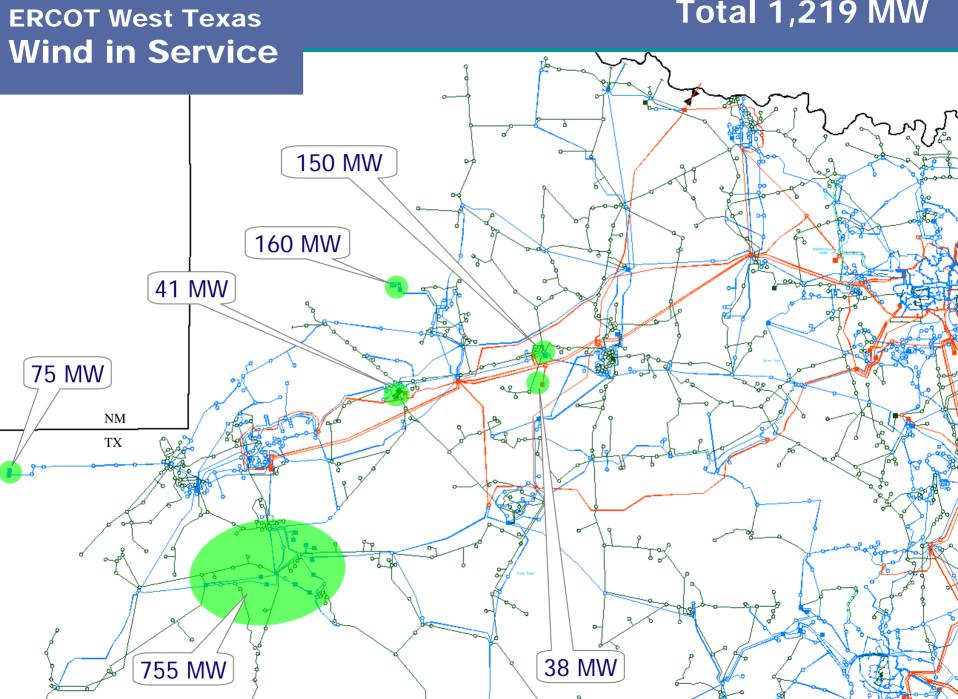
Resources:	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>
Installed Operational Units	61,932	61,597	61,597	61,597	61,532	61,139
Capacity from Private Networks	2,851	2,851	2,851	2,851	2,851	2,851
Operational Wind Generation (at 2.9%)	41	41	41	41	41	41
RMR Units under Contract	1,405	170	170	170	170	-
DC Ties	428	428	553	553	553	553
Switchable Operational Units	2,723	2,888	2,888	2,888	2,888	2,888
Returning Mothballed Unit Capacity	-	585	1,436	1,870	1,956	1,745
Planned Units with Signed Interconnects	-	727	738	2,493	2,493	3,243
Total Resources	69,380	69,287	70,274	72,463	72,484	72,460
Load Forecast:						
Total Summer Peak Demand Forecast	60,475	62,148	63,132	64,245	65,097	66,201
less Load Acting as Resources	(1,150)	(1,150)	(1,150)	(1,150)	(1,150)	(1,150)
Firm Load Forecast	59,325	60,998	61,982	63,095	63,947	65,051
Reserve Margin						
Projected (based on mothballed unit capacity	16.9%	13.6%	13.4%	14.8%	13.4%	11.4%
availabilities provided by unit owners)						
Mothballed Capacity for "High" Calculation	-	6,533	7,215	7,215	7,215	7,385
High (all mothballed units return)	16.9%	23.3%	22.7%	23.3%	21.6%	20.1%
Low (no mothballed units return)	16.9%	12.6%	11.1%	11.9%	10.3%	8.7%

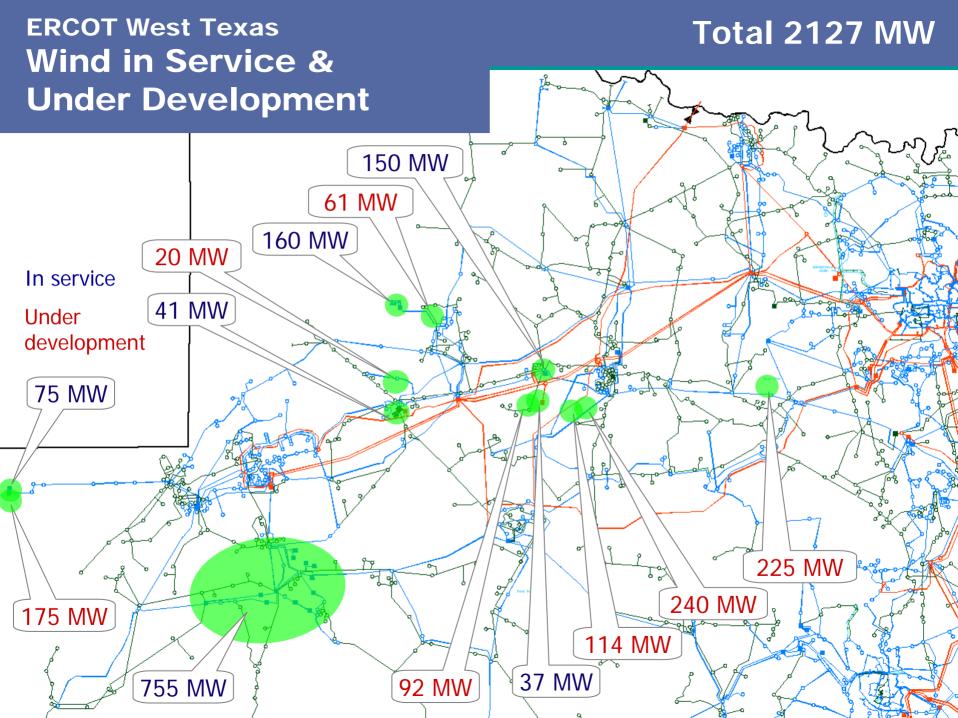


#### **Wind Power**



- Texas will meet its SB7 renewable mandate of 2,880 MW by 2009 three years early
- Legislation to increase the requirement to 5,880 MW by 2015 was approved in the 2nd special session
  - Upgrades to transmission system will be needed to accommodate the new mandate
- Benefits: Clean energy, stable fuel price
- Challenges:
  - Wind energy not as controllable or predictable as traditional sources
  - Thermal and voltage constraints require stabilization
     + line capacity
  - West Texas wind farms most productive off peak
  - Power must be delivered hundreds of miles to population centers in the east





#### Estimated Cost to Support 5,000 MW of Wind Power from West Texas

	McCamey	Morgan	Abilene	Total	Cost
Existing Gen	750 MW	250	200	1,200 MW	\$320M
New Gen	1,150 MW	1,250 MW	1,400 MW	3,800 MW	\$1B
Total	1,900 MW	1,500 MW	1,600 MW	5,000 MW	\$1.3B

#### Total estimated cost of new transmission upgrades is ~\$1 Billion

- Based on 345kV development option
- 765kV is also an option to be considered
- Transmission plan optimization could reduce this estimate
- Does not include any cost for additional regulation or reserve services which may be required

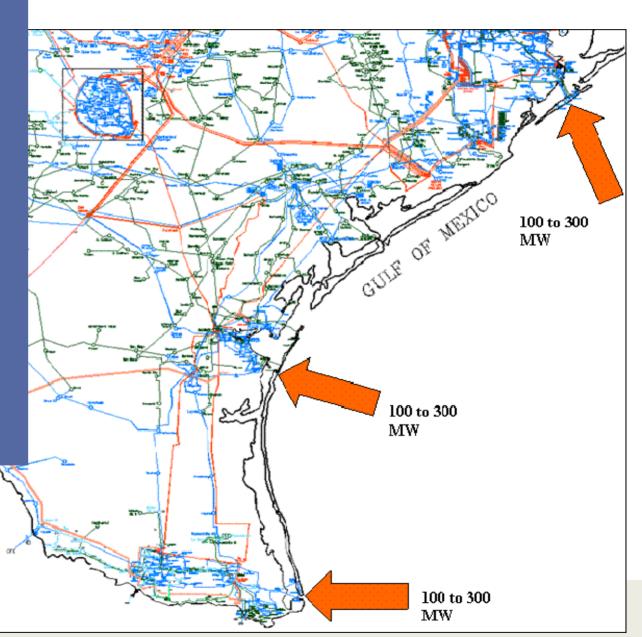
Sources: LCRA, ERCOT staff, American Wind Energy Assn.



# Between 300 MW and 900 MW could be easily integrated

# The Gulf Coast Alternative

- 100 to 300 MW of wind generation could be integrated near each:
  - Galveston
  - South Corpus
  - South Padre Island
- Based upon direct connects without significant additional upgrades
- Generation levels would offset local load in the area
- Additional generation levels could be added if local high voltage transmission systems are upgraded





### The 765kV Option

- Highest-capacity transmission circuits currently in ERCOT are 345,000 volts
- 765,000 volt (765kV) lines are in use in other regions and nations
- 765kV option appears to accommodate voltage and output fluctuations (typical of wind) better than lower voltage options
  - "Shortens the distance between generation and load"
- However, more substations (injection points) = less efficiency & higher cost
- The larger the renewable target, the more attractive the 765kV option becomes
  - Cost per MW of generation is inversely proportional to the capacity needed
  - The higher the capacity required, the lower per MW cost



### **System operations**



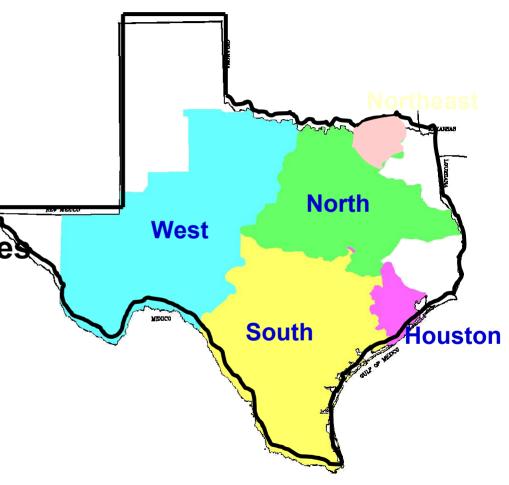
### **ERCOT System at a Glance**

●~69,000 MW Generation

~60,279 MW Peak Load (August 23, 2005)

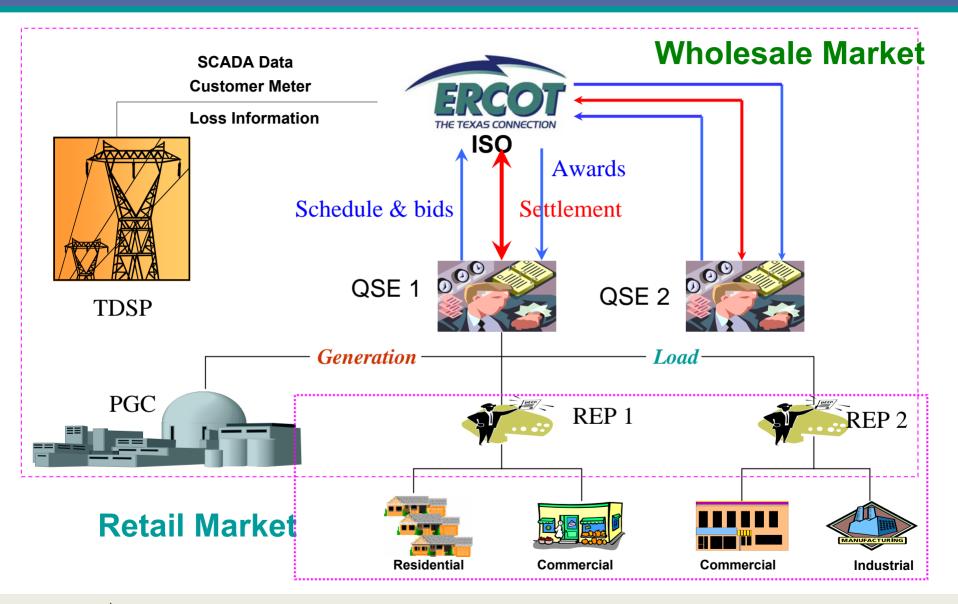
8,000 Miles of 345kV Lines

16,000 Miles of 138 kV Lines





#### **ERCOT Operations & the Wholesale Market**





#### **ERCOT Market**

- Single Control Area
- Bilateral + Ancillary Services
- No Spot Market
- No Day-ahead Energy Market
- Zonal Portfolio Schedules
- Zonal Locational Pricing Model
- Inter-zonal Congestion Management
  - + Intra-zonal Congestion Management
  - = Balancing Energy Market
- Ancillary Services + Balancing Energy Services
  - = ~\$1 billion per year
  - Of ~\$27 billion retail market
- Transmission Congestion Rights



### **ERCOT Scheduling Process**

QSE ERCOT Activity

**Update System Conditions** 

Submit Balanced Schedules

Revise Balanced Schedules

**Submit Resource Plans** 

**Publish AS Plan** 

Submit Capacity A/S Schedules

**Submit AS Bids** 

Purchase AS

**Submit RPRS Bids** 

**Purchase RPRS** 

Issue BE Down %age Request

**Publish Losses** 

Notify QSE of Awarded bids Update Capacity A/S Schedules

Day ahead

....0600 ....1100 ....1300 .....1330 ......1430 .....1800



### **ERCOT Scheduling Process**

**ERCOT QSE Activity Activity Purchase Update Resource Hourly Ahead Deploy BES** Additional **Provide BES Plans** Study Capacity A/S **Update Balanced Deploy Non-Spin Publish Price Deploy Regulation** Purchase If needed **Schedules** Additional **RPRS Deploy RRS Submit BE Bids** If needed **Provide** Regulation **Provide** Responsive Pre-Real-rime ...T - 60 min ...T - 60 min...T - 10 min **Operating** Interval ... Operating Hour



### **ERCOT Ancillary Services**

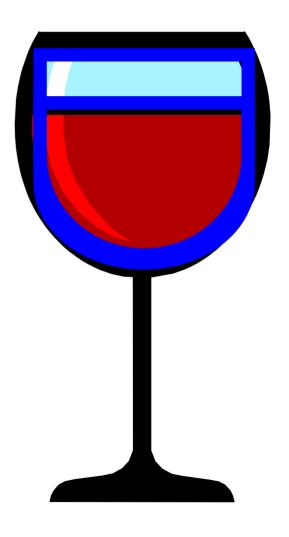
## Service Types

#### Capacity

- Regulation Reserves
- Responsive Reserves
- Non-Spinning Reserves
- Replacement Reserve
- Out of Merit Capacity (OOMC)
- Black Start
- Reliability Must Run (RMR)

#### Energy

- Balancing Energy
- RMR Energy
- OOM Energy (OOME)





### **ERCOT Capacity Ancillary Services Market**

- ERCOT uses the Day-Ahead load forecast to develop an Ancillary Services Plan
  - Identifies amount of Ancillary Services needed for each hour of the next day.
- ERCOT allocates the amount of Ancillary Service to QSEs in proportion to their historical actual loads.
- QSEs fulfill their obligations
  - Self-arranged Ancillary Capacity
    - QSE's own resource
    - Purchase from other QSEs through bilateral transactions
  - Purchase from ERCOT in Ancillary Service Market

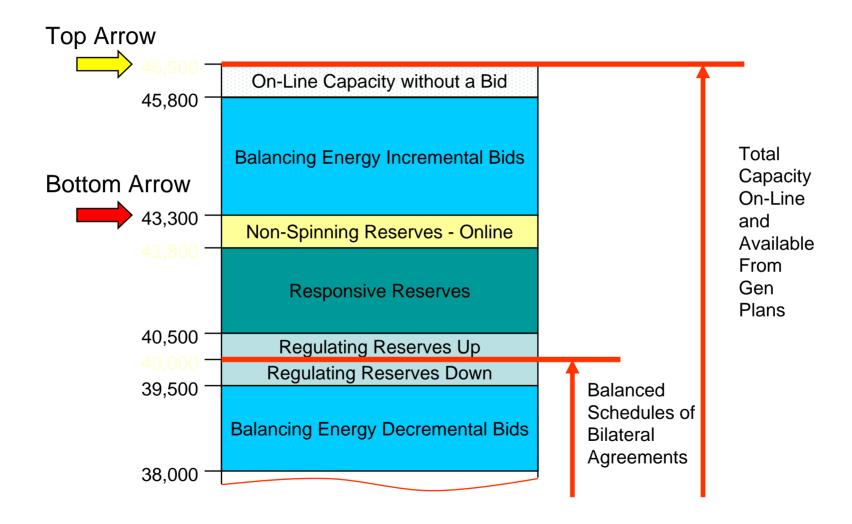


### **ERCOT Capacity Ancillary Services Market**

- Single Round Auction
- Procure Capacity Ancillary Service in a sequential order, i.e., in the order of Regulation Down, Regulation Up, Responsive Reserve, and Non-Spin Reserve.
- Procure the total required amount of each Ancillary Service, less the amount selfarranged
- Price of the last MW procured sets Market
   Clearing Price of Capacity (MCPC) for all



### Capacity Deployed by ERCOT





### **Congestion Management**

 Congestion occurs whenever the loss of any single facility in the system would cause overload on remaining facilities

 Real Time Contingency analysis (RTCA) is run every 5 minutes to determine where congestion is and what must be done



### **Congestion Management**

#### Zonal

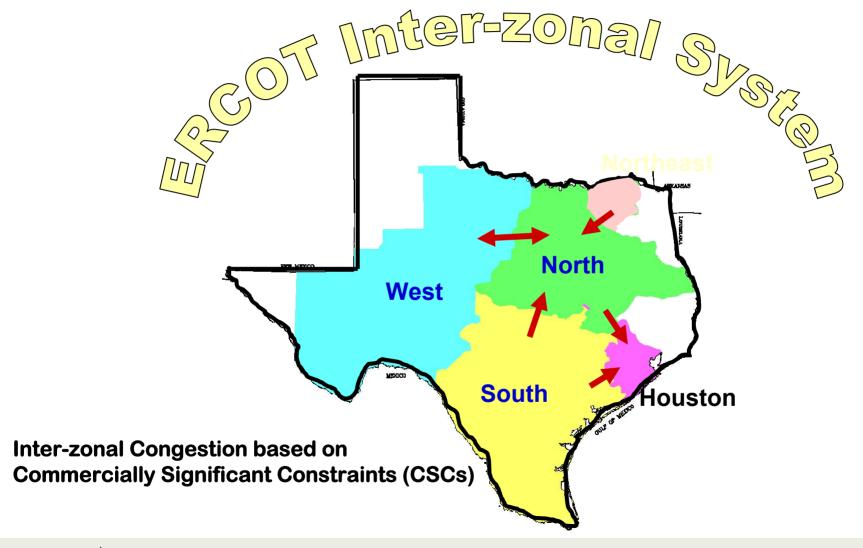
- Five wholesale pricing "nodes" (congestion zones)
- Commercially Significant Constraints (CSCs) for inter-zonal congestion management
- Average shift factors within congestion zones
- Zonal balancing energy deployed by ERCOT
- Zonal congestion costs directly assigned based upon cost causation

#### Local

- Unit specific deployments
- Payments based on unit type
- Local congestion costs uplift to all load



### **ERCOT Congestion Zones**





### **Balancing Energy Service: Inter-zonal**

 ERCOT deploys Balancing Energy bids to balance QSE's generation schedules and ERCOT Load Forecast



- ERCOT deploys Balancing Energy bids to resolve any inter-zonal congestions
- Zonal Market Clearing Price of Energy (MCPE) based on price of last MW
- Calculate Shadow Price of Zonal Congestion

#### **A Mini-Power Market**

Schedule: 200 MW

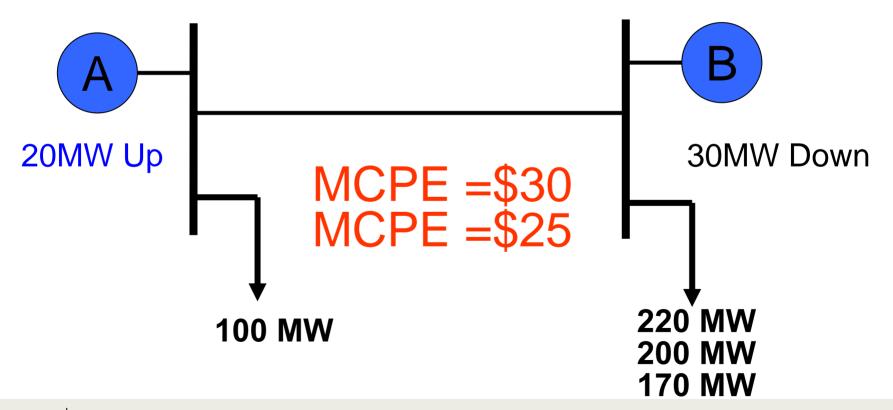
Up bid: 100 MW @ \$30

Dn bid: 150 MW @ \$20

Schedule: 100 MW

Up bid: 100 MW @ \$40

Dn bid: 50 MW @ \$25





#### **A Mini-Power Market**

Schedule: 200 MW

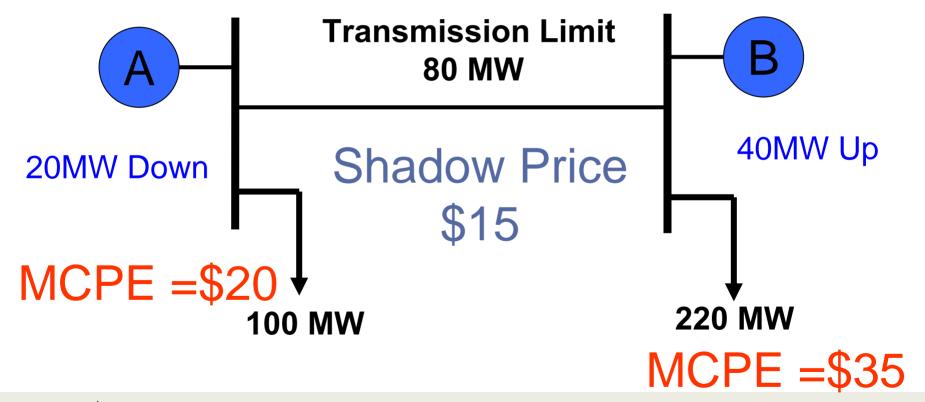
Up bid: 100 MW @ \$30

Dn bid: 150 MW @ \$20

Schedule: 100 MW

Up bid: 100 MW @ \$35

Dn bid: 50 MW @ \$25



#### Inter-zonal BES Market Settlement

#### **Zonal Congestion Charge**

- A QSE whose schedules aggravate Zonal Congestion will be charged at the Shadow Price of the Zonal Congestion
- A QSE whose schedules contribute to resolving Zonal Congestion will be paid at Shadow Price in proportion to its scheduled counter flow
- Transmission Congestion Rights (TCRs) can be bought to hedge or speculate on zonal congestion



### **Intra-zonal Congestion Management**

- ERCOT System estimates a unit's operation level based on current SCADA data and QSE's zonal portfolio schedule
- ERCOT system allocates a QSE's zonal portfolio deployment to its units
- ERCOT deploys Unit Specific Balancing Energy or OOME to resolve any intra-zonal congestion
- Maintain Power Balance by Zonal Balancing

### 3. Market operations



#### **ERCOT's Role in the Retail Market**

- ERCOT maintains the Centralized Registration Database
- We are the Transaction Clearing House for <u>all</u> Retail Transactions
- Active, non-voting participant in the Stakeholder Process
- Flight Administrator for Retail MP Qualification & Testing
- Responsible for compiling information and reporting on Retail Market Metrics



#### **ERCOT's Role in the Retail Market**

- Approximately 6 million customers have the "Power to Choose"
- > ERCOT is central hub of retail transaction system
  - Registration agent for all of these customers and their retail providers
  - Independent, neutral entity to facilitate customer switching
  - Monthly receipt of usage data for 6 million meters and transmittal to proper Retail Electric Provider
- No other ISO in North America has these responsibilities
  - Neutral registration agent has been cited as a major reason for success of this market
- Standardization lowers transaction costs for all
- Customer complaint levels related to choice are low
- Customers continue to take advantage of choice



### Retail Market - Making it Work

- Complex retail transaction system had start-up problems at launch
  - Some reps had customer billing issues
  - Move-ins & move-outs "Texas Set" did not reflect field realities
  - Complex ERCOT retail systems not stable
  - BUT...reliability maintained
- Intense pressure from Legislature, PUC and market to make it work
- Problems were attacked, system is functioning smoothly today
- ➤ ERCOT has now completed nearly 15 million transactions related to choosing a retail provider (switches, move-ins, & move-outs)
  - Switching averaged 38,000 per month during 2004
  - Move-ins averaged 9,000 per day
- Major upgrade of system (Texas SET 2.0) implemented on schedule in 8/04 -- streamlines the move-in/move-out "stacking" challenge



### **Retail Market Today**

- ✓ ERCOT's centralized approach is now an acclaimed model for retail competition
- ✓ Many moving parts must function well (ERCOT, TDSPs, REPs)
- ✓ Billing timeliness & accuracy rates of 98-99% are now equivalent to pre-restructuring levels
- **✓** ERCOT strives to synchronize market data on a daily basis



# **Customers Choosing Competitive Retail Providers**As of 8/31/05

#### Over 2 million total switches completed to date

Category	<u>Customers</u>	<u>Load</u>
Residential	26.1%	32.5%
Small Non-residential	30.3%	78.2%
Large Non-residential*	73.1%	73.9%

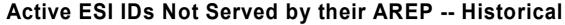
Large customers have been free since market opened to negotiate lower rates with incumbent REPs (no Price to Beat).

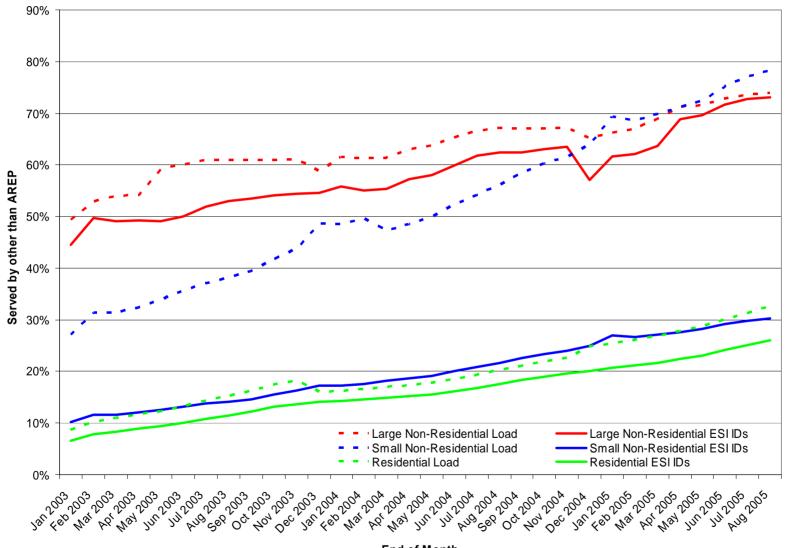
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<sup>\* &</sup>gt; 1MW in peak demand

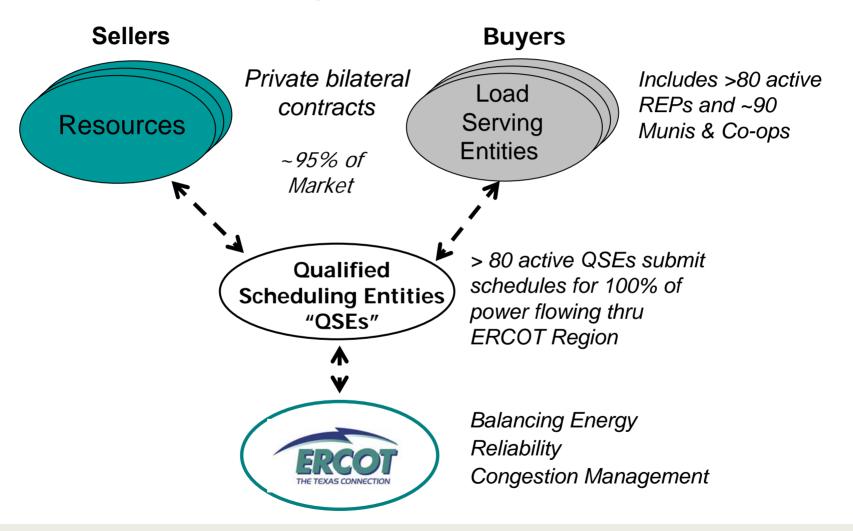
# Trend of Customers Choosing Competitive Retail Providers As of 8/31/05





#### The ERCOT Wholesale Market

#### **Primarily Bilateral**





### **Wholesale Market Settlement**

### **Key Activities:**

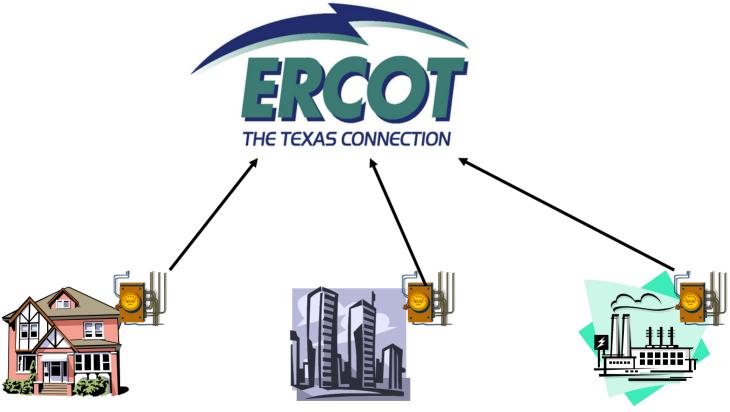
- Data Acquisition
- Load Profiling
- Data Aggregation
- Settlements & Billing



# **Meter Data Acquisition**



How does ERCOT acquire meter data?





# **Meter Data Acquisition**

- ➤ ERCOT acquires generation & consumption meter data from:
  - > TDSPs
  - ERCOT Polled Settlement Meters (EPS)

Result: Data <u>ready</u> to be processed (aggregated) for settlement



#### **TDSP Provided Meter Data**

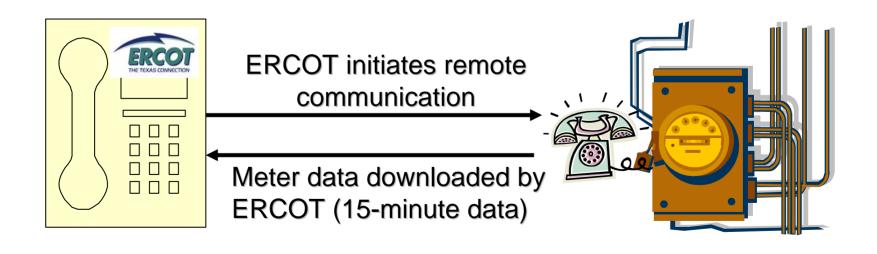
- Non-Metered locations (calculated)
- Non Interval Meters
- Interval Data Recorder (IDR)
  - -Records consumption in 15-minute intervals
- Data is submitted to ERCOT via "EDI 867 Transactions" and loaded into ERCOT's <u>LODESTAR</u> system for settlement.





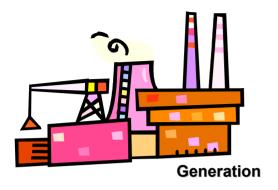
#### **ERCOT Polled Meter Data**

- ERCOT-Polled Settlement Meters (EPS)
  - Records data by 15-minute interval
  - ERCOT queries by remote communications
  - Data is collected <u>daily</u> by MV90 software
- ERCOT converts the raw data to Settlement Quality

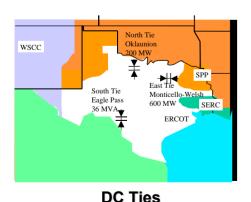




### **ERCOT Polled Meter Data**







#### When is an EPS meter required?

- In general, generation:
  - Directly connected to transmission system
  - >10MW
  - Ancillary Services & Auxiliary Load

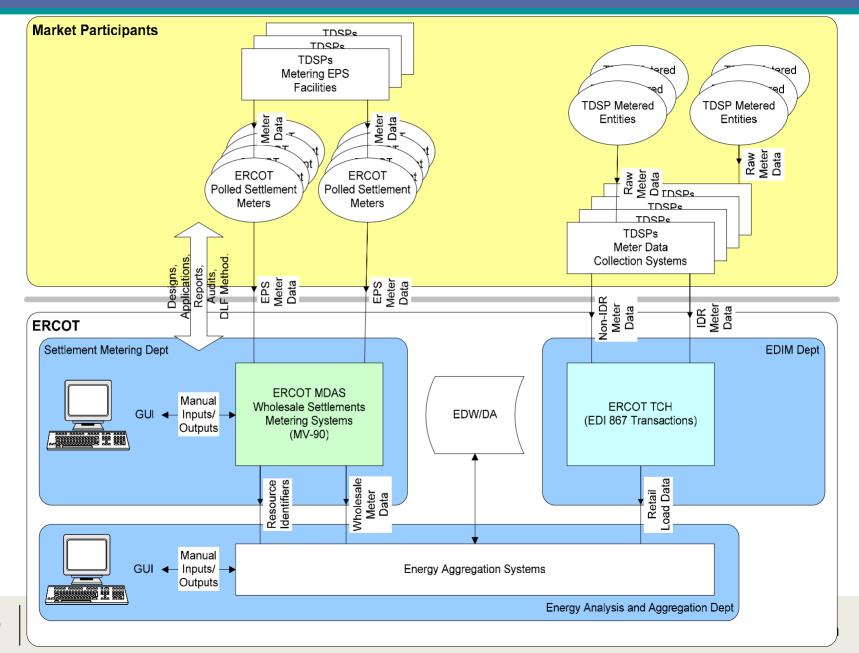
#### • Also:

- Bi-Directional NOIE Points of Delivery
- DC Ties

#### Number of EPS Meters in ERCOT

- ~275 Facilities
- ~1226 EPS Meters (Includes Primary & Backups)
- ~630 Metering Points (ERCOT does not poll both Primary and Backup Meters)

### **Meter Information to ERCOT**





# **Data Aggregation**

- What is Data Aggregation?
  - Calculation process to achieve load & generation totals to be used for settlement. Taking energy inventory!

### Primary Outputs to ERCOT Settlements

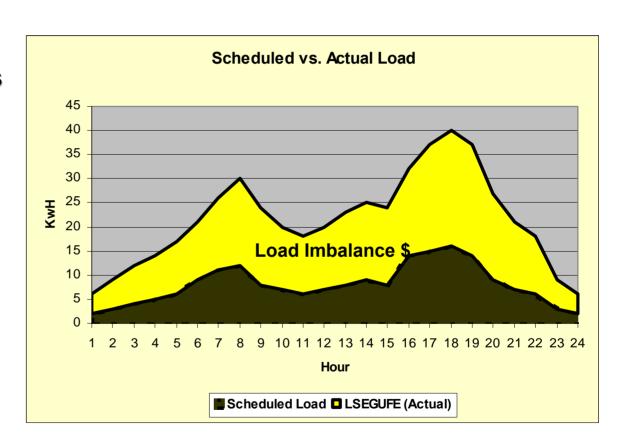
- Generation & Load Totals by entity
- Load Ratio Share





# Data Aggregation Relationship to Settlement

Settlements compares scheduled data vs. actual data to bill QSEs for charges, such as Load & Resource Imbalance.





### Data Aggregation Relationship to Settlement

- > The ACTUAL data used for the comparison has been:
  - Grouped by responsible entity (QSE, REP, LSE)
  - Converted to 15-minute settlement intervals (for non-IDR meters by using Load Profiles)
  - Adjusted for transmission & distribution losses
  - Adjusted to account for Unaccounted-for-Energy (UFE)



Load Ratio Share is also determined





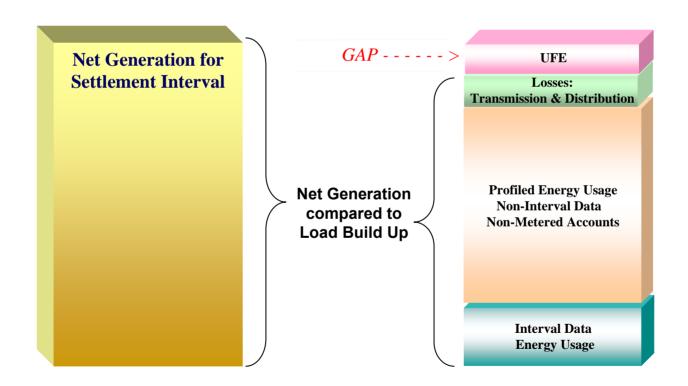




# What are we trying to do with Load Profiling & Data Aggregation?

Determine load obligations for use in settlement calculations.

To determine load obligations, we must ensure that Load and Generation match so that all energy is accounted for.





# **Data Aggregation Process**

### Main Activities:

- Generation Aggregation
- DC Tie Aggregation
- NOIE Aggregation
- Load Aggregation



### **Data Aggregation Process**

#### Generation Aggregation

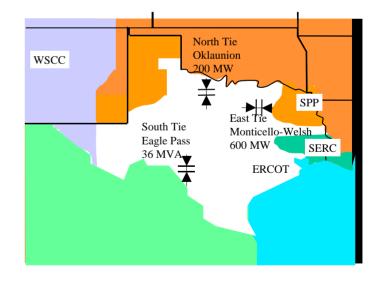
- Collect Data
- Apply Loss Compensation
- Calculate Net Energy at the Site:
  - Net Generation or Load?
- Calculate each Unit's Output
  - Use Real-Time Telemetry/SCADA to determine unit output percentage
    - Apply % to Net Generation



#### DC Tie Aggregation

- Collect QSE bilateral schedules
- Compare against NERC tag

DC Imports = GENERATION (+)
DC Exports = LOAD (-)

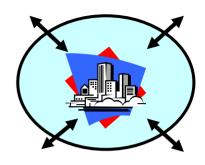




# **Data Aggregation Process**

#### NOIE Aggregation

- Calculate net inflows at NOIE meter points
- Add internal generation
- Adjust for internal transmission losses
- Adjust for NOIE external load



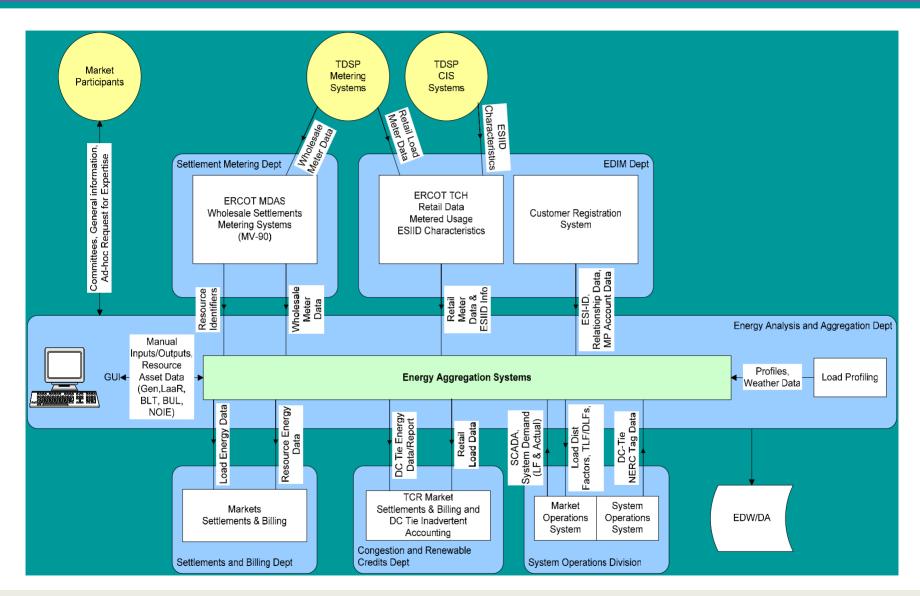
**NOIE Points of Delivery** 

#### Load Aggregation

- TDSP Meter Data (Load Profiles applied)
- NOIE Data (Net Load / Gen)
- EPS Load Data
- Collect Meter Data
- Apply Load Profiles (convert to 15 minute data)
- Apply Transmission & Distribution Losses
- Apply Unaccounted-for-Energy (UFE)
- Calculate Load Ratio Share by QSE, LSE

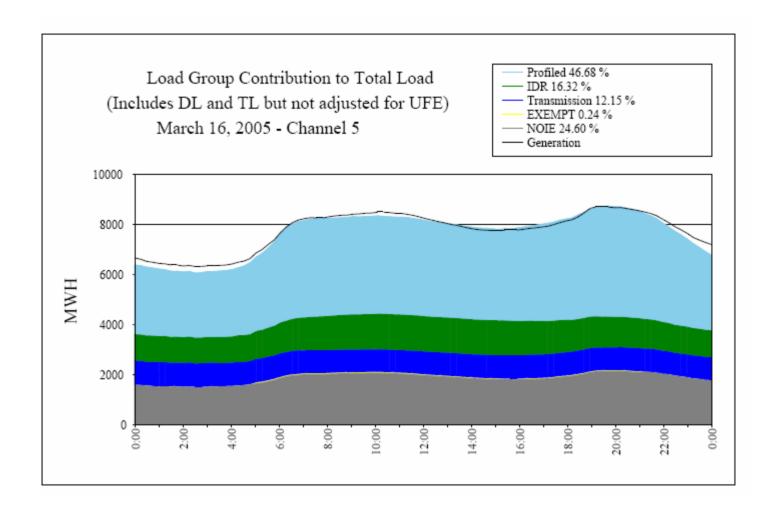


# **Data Flow for Aggregation Process**





# **Example of Aggregation Results**





# **Settlement & Billing Overview**

#### > Settlement

- Process used to resolve financial obligations for Market Services procured through ERCOT for registered Market Participants
- Assess administrative & miscellaneous fees & provides transmission-billing determinants to Transmission and/or Distribution Service Providers (TDSP)

### ➤ Daily Settlement Statements

- Reflect breakdown of market charges for hourly and 15-minute interval Market Services
- Includes administrative & miscellaneous fees and monthly and annual charges

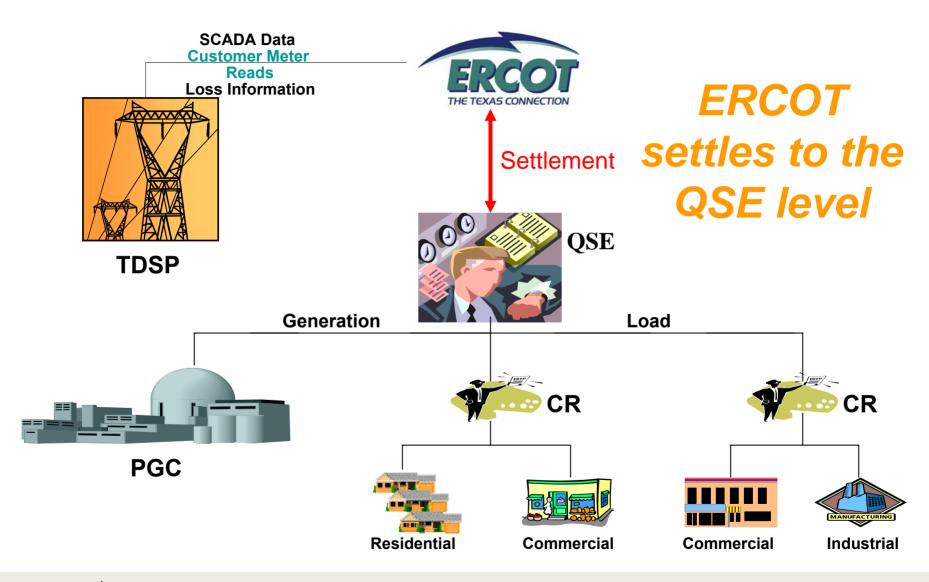


### **ERCOT's Role in Settlements**

- Settle with each QSE
  - Hourly intervals for capacity services
  - 15-minute intervals for balancing energy & congestion
- Publish billing determinants, settlement statements & invoices
- Collect & remit all charges & payments via electronic funds transfer
- Provide dispute research and resolution
- Manage revenue neutrality

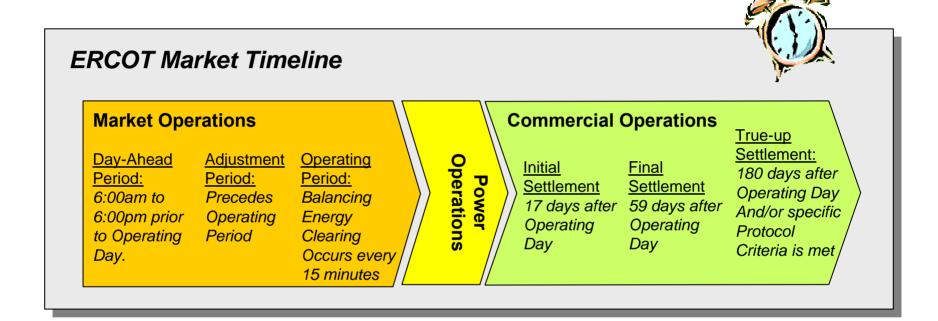


### **Settlement Tree**



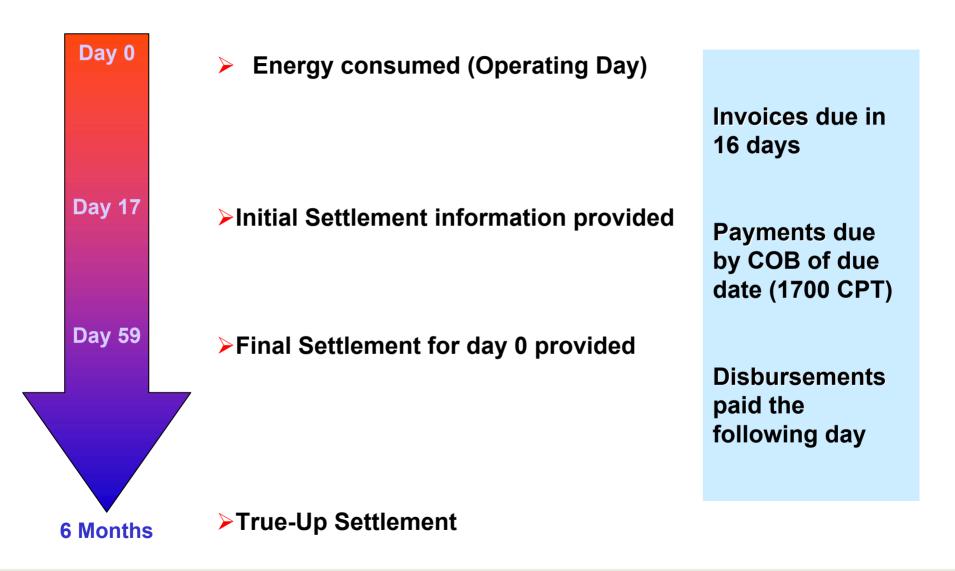


### **Wholesale Market Timeline**





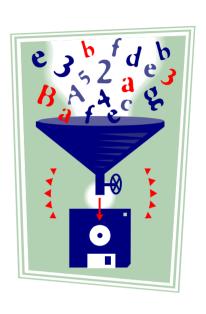
# **Settlement Timeline**





# **Settlement and Billing Statistics**

- Approximately 60 Charge Types
- 24 Capacity Intervals per day
- 96 Energy Intervals per day
- > 80+ QSEs settled each day
- > 3 trade days (minimum) on each statement
- An Estimated 300 Million Annual Line Items



# **Balancing Energy**

- Balancing Energy represents the increase or decrease in energy dispatched by Settlement Interval in real time to ensure the balancing needs of ERCOT
- The energy is supplied by ERCOT through acquisition of resources (generating units and interruptible demands) to meet load variations not covered by Regulation Service
- Settled by comparing scheduled values to actual values



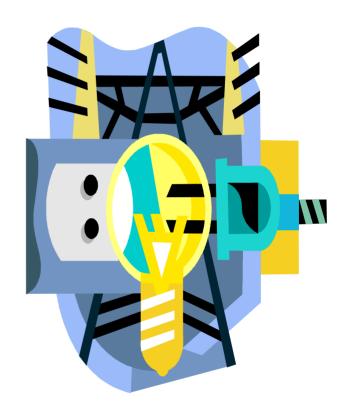
# **Ancillary Services**

#### Capacity (Settled Hourly 24 Intervals)

- Regulation Reserves
- Responsive Reserves
- Non-Spinning Reserves
- Replacement Reserve
- Reliability Must Run (RMR)
- Out of Merit (OOM)
- Black Start

#### Energy (Settled 15-Minute 96 Intervals)

- Balancing Energy
- RMR Energy
- OOM Energy
- Black Start Energy





#### **Contracted Services and Other Fees**

- RMR Service Settlement:
  - Standby Fee, Startup Fee, Energy Payment, Nonperformance Fee
- Black Start Service;

Standby Fee, Capacity Fee, Energy Payment

- Usage Fees- ERCOT Administrative Fee
- Non-ERCOT Administrative Fee



# **Cost of Congestion**

#### How does congestion affect a QSE with load?

#### **Local Congestion**

- Total cost Uplifted at Load Ratio Share ERCOT-wide
- All <u>QSEs with load</u> pay for local congestion if it exists <u>anywhere</u>

#### Zonal Congestion

- Direct Assignment to <u>ALL QSEs</u> with schedules impacting congested CSCs
- Cost = <u>Schedule Impact</u> on each CSC \* Shadow Price



# Cost of Congestion

#### How does congestion affect a QSE that has no load?

#### **Local Congestion**

No effect, no charges.

#### Zonal Congestion

- Direct Assignment to <u>ALL QSEs</u> with schedules impacting congested CSCs
- Cost = <u>Schedule Impact</u> on each CSC \* Shadow Price



# **Transmission Congestion Rights (TCRs)**

### **Transmission Congestion Rights (TCRs)**

- Financial instruments
- Can be a hedge against congestion charges
- Revenues from TCR auctions go to QSEs @ LRS!

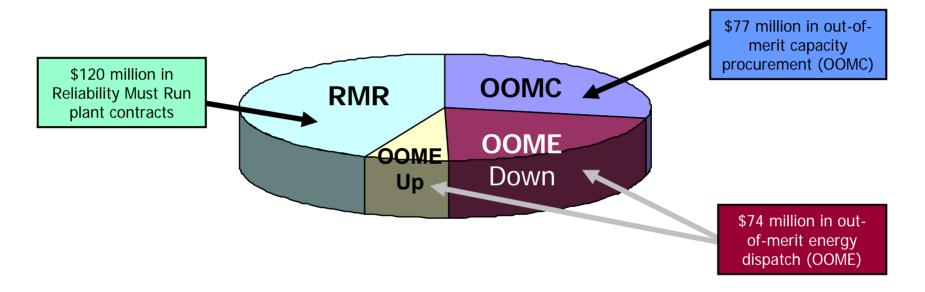
#### **TCR Auctions**

- TCR Auction Distribution:
  - Annual 40%
  - *Monthly* 60%



# **Transmission Congestion**

#### **Local Congestion Cost Breakdown 2004**



- \$271 million in ERCOT local congestion costs in 2004
  - 1% of ~\$27 billion market

# **Falling Congestion Costs**

Local congestion costs down ~35% (YTD '05 vs. '04) despite higher natural gas costs

#### • Drivers:

- Transmission improvements
- Dynamic line ratings
- Commitment to operator training

# Data Transparency

➤ ERCOT provides underlying settlement information to market participants via data extracts and reports to facilitate shadow settlements.





Settlement Disputes and Retail Data Extract Variances (DEVs) are the mechanisms for players to file disputes and seek correction to data for settlements.

# **Dispute Process**

- Disputes will be accepted for all Statements and Invoices
- Disputes on Initial Statements will be resolved on Final Statements
- Resettlement will occur for timely submitted disputes
- True-up Settlement will take place for resolution of issues between Final/Resettlement or True-up Process
- Alternative Dispute Resolution



### **Dispute Timeline**

Day 0 > Energy consumed (Operating Day) **≻Initial Settlement information provided Day 17 Day 27** >Timely Disputes for Initial Settlement due Final Settlement for day 0 provided **Day 59 ➤ Timely Disputes for Final Settlement due Day 69** >All Disputes Due **Day 170** >True-Up Settlement **Day 180 ≻**Dispute on True-Up Due



#### **Data Extract Variance Process**

- Data Extract Variances are filed on ESIID level data
- Variances are filed by LSEs
- Filing timing requirements allow for resolution prior to trueup settlement of an operating day

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# 4. Stakeholder services



# **ERCOT Independent System Operator**

#### Does not own:

Generation, transmission, distribution, or end use customers

### Does not set:

**Market Policy** 

### Does provide:

Operating and implementation services to buyers, sellers, G/T owners and marketers

No vested interest in the wholesale or retail price of power, but a strong interest in a well functioning market

## **ERCOT: Our Services**

### Reliability

- RMR procurement
- load forecasting
- transmission outage coordination
- · scheduling and monitoring
- RMR dispatch (unit commitment)
- procurement responsive reserve non-spinning reserve regulation service balancing energy out of merit service
- load shedding administration
- service interruption investigation
- transparency

### **Congestion Management**

- congestion zone designation
- TCR market administration
- transparency

### **Transmission Planning**

- grid planning
- transmission project tracking
- transparency

### **Settlement and Billing**

- billing
- credit and collections
- payments
- transparency

### **Metering & Data Aggregation**

- SCADA and polling data aggregation
- usage data aggregation
- load profiling
- UFE analysis
- meter inspections
- transparency

### **Central Registration**

- A/S and BES Certification
- REP Certification
- maintenance of relationships

**REP to QSE** 

**Resource to QSE** 

Resource to technology

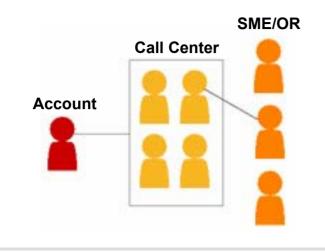
**ESI ID to REP** 

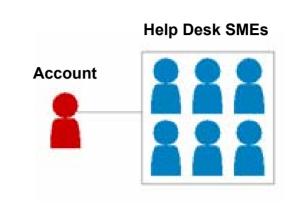
**ESI ID to TDSP** 

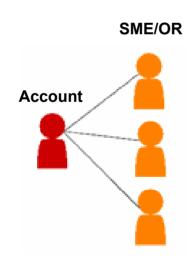
transparency

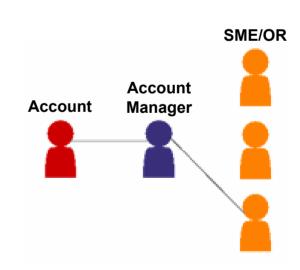


# **Account Management Models**









# **ERCOT's Account Manager Model**

#### **ERCOT** chose this model because it:

- Provides single point of contact for account
- Builds personal relationship between account staff and account manager
- Places the burden and accountability on the account manager – not the account – to find the appropriate resource to resolve the issue
- Serves operations by taking misdirected or excessive requests and navigating within the account – keeps ops team focused on ops
- Links many related MP facing activities: (1) communications, (2) MP operating performance, (3) issue response, (4) training/education, (5) dispute resolution and (6) satisfaction, into a consolidated account view
- MP service continuity maintained via "primary and secondary" AM



SME/OR

Account

Manager

Account

## **How ERCOT Services Accounts**

#### Three distinct areas of focus:



- Account Development activities centered around setting up and orienting a new account
- Transactional Support responding to day-to-day issues or questions about transactions
- Market Management providing change management support as the market evolves

# **Account Development Services**



#### **Account Development Goals:**

To ensure MPs a smooth transition into market, training and education, continuous improvement related to MP needs/performance, maintain personal connection, execute changes to status, resources, certification, contact information.

#### **Activities:**

- Site visits
- Account plans
- Training and education
- Qualification, certification, registration
- Contact management
- Target improvement opportunities for training, communications or processes

# **Transactional Support**



#### **Transactional Support Goals:**

To ensure prompt and accurate responses to ad hoc inquiries, timely and accurate dispute processing, market notification communications, problem resolution and pattern analysis.

#### **Activities:**

- Respond to ad hoc inquiries
- Manage dispute resolution
- Evaluate issue patterns
- Market notifications/communications related to day-to-day operations
- Target improvement opportunities for training, communications or processes

# **Meeting Management**



#### **Meeting Management Goals:**

Process management of governance model, S.P.C. for committee leadership and staff, communications and tracking of market change agenda

#### **Activities:**

- Management of voting/seating of market committees
- Governance model "meeting management" and process improvement
- Agendas and minutes/notes for all market meetings posted to ERCOT.com
- Survey MP "perceptions" regarding wide range of ERCOT services and management practices
- Target improvement opportunities for training, communications or process

## **ERCOT Staff Goals**

### Professional support of the MP market meeting structure

- Consistent execution
- Efficient way to meet the needs of the participants and staff
- Right resources available given the body type and agenda
- Sound preparation of ERCOT presentations and positions
- Timely and precise communication with stakeholders
- Early identification of issues and coordination across ERCOT
  - ID, coordinate, analysis/impact, position development,...
- Optimal utilization of ERCOT facilities

# 5. Change on the way



## **ERCOT** in Transition

### **Start-up to an Operating Organization**

Launch	Transition	Operating
Start-up		On-going
Technology enabled	Core systems work	Customer focused
Hard driving	Assessment	Operating excellence
Make it work	Org. development	Business processes
Make it work	Change	Continuous improvement



# **ERCOT Management Action**

- 7 major audits or reviews conducted in 2004-05
  - No compromises to grid reliability or market data found in any of the audits
- ERCOT commits to major effort to improve internal controls, as identified by audits
- Management Action Plan under way
  - Contracting and HR procedures strengthened and tightened immediately
  - Internal Control Management Program
- Legislature and PUC offer tough scrutiny of ERCOT
  - Internal controls and business processes
  - Spending and fiscal discipline
  - Communications and responsiveness
- ERCOT agrees to Fee reduction after settlement discussions led by PUC Staff
  - Effective \$6 million budget cut for 2005
  - Additional \$2 million set aside for audit compliance



## **Senate Bill 408**

- Passed at final deadline, regular session
- Consistent with Sunset Commission recommendations
- Reauthorizes PUC through 2011
- Adds 2 independent ERCOT Board members
- Rotates Board chairmanship among independents
- Requires Board members to recuse themselves from votes related to their company's interests
- Requires ERCOT Board meetings to be open to the public, with advance notice similar to Open Meetings Act



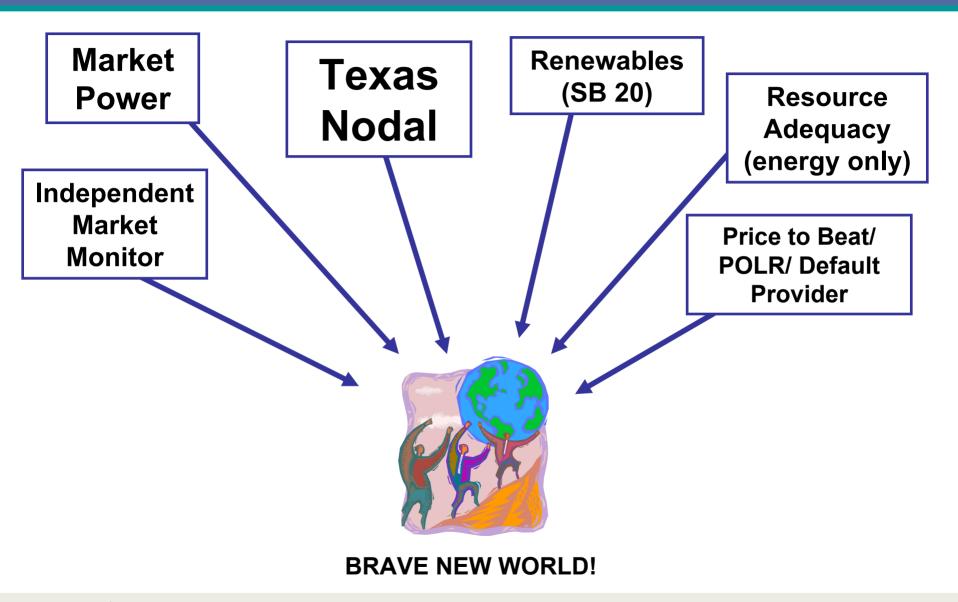
# SB 408 (continued)

## Grants explicit authority to PUC:

- ✓ to require detailed financial information from ERCOT related to approval of the Administration Fee
- ✓ for oversight over ERCOT budget and finances
- ✓ to require or conduct audits
- Strengthens market monitoring role with an increased responsibility for ERCOT
  - ERCOT to fund and support the Independent Market Monitor selected by the PUC
  - ✓ Monitor reports to PUC
  - ✓ Enforcement responsibility remains with PUC
  - ✓ Rulemaking underway

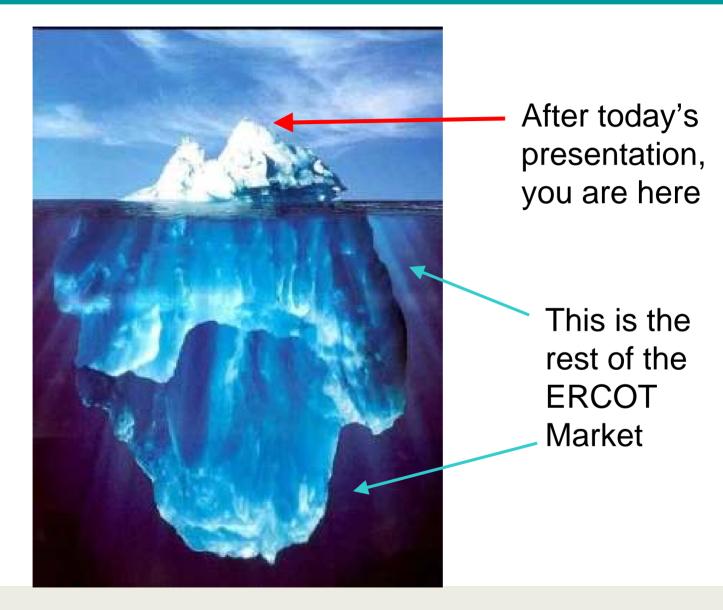


## Change on the way: PUC policy issues on the table





# **ERCOT 101 Graduation**



# Thank you!

## **Questions?**

